

# The month of Ramadhan



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## INTRODUCTION

The greeting for the month of Ramadhan after "Assalamu 'alaykum" is 'Ramadhan Kareem' - may this be a Ramadhan of Generosity and Honour for you) and the reply is "Allahu Akram" (Allah is More Honourable and Generous than anyone and anything).

Ramadhan is a time of restraint and withholding. But it is also a time of filling up and renewal.

The moon that marks the beginning and end of the month of Ramadhan mirrors the spiritual expansion and contraction we experience in our lives; it reminds us that our spiritual life is never static.

The word "Ramadhan" comes from the Arabic root meaning dryness. We certainly feel the dryness in our throats and mouths, when fasting but also the spiritual dryness which needs nourishment through the Qur'an.

The English word 'fast' comes from the Tentonic 'Fastan' which means firm (in the sense of observing something strictly - to the letter of the law).

It is associated with the abstinence of food.

The ancient Egyptians, Romans and Chinese fasted to cure various illnesses. The Egyptians believed that to maintain physical and mental health, one should fast for three days in a month. They also fasted before battle and the Greeks and Romans followed suit believing it to energise them.

Socrates and Plato were known to have fasted for 10-day durations.

The Jews fast 6 days in a year - one of them being Yom Kippur (The day of atonement).



Studies show that just three days of fasting reboots the immune system and even helps in reducing the harmful effects of chemotherapy.

The word for fasting used in the Qur'an is 'sawm' and is used some twelve times. Four of these refer to the command of fasting in the month of Ramadhan, five deal with fasting as an expiation for a wrong deed or compensation for omission of wajibaat.

On one of the doors of Jahannam, the inscription reads:

**"I (JAHANNAM) AM HARAM FOR THOSE WHO FAST"**

"...Allah does not approve of mere abstention from food... When you fast, you should not speak ill of anybody, nor should you be boisterous or noisy. If anybody speaks ill of you or tries to pick a quarrel with you, do not respond to them in the same manner; rather, simply tell them that you are fasting." Prophet (pbuh)

"Allah has said - All righteous deeds of the son of Adam are multiplied ten to seven hundred-fold, except fasting (sawm) for it is Mine, and I shall reward it."

**So, the invitation is here to the birthday of the Qur'an -**

- **What do I do? Connect with Allah through the Qur'an & Asmaul Husna**
- **What shall we wear? Clothes of Taqwa**



## SERMON GIVEN BY THE PROPHET (PBUH)

### ON THE LAST NIGHT OF SHA'BAN ABOUT THE MONTH OF RAMADHAN

أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ!

O people!

إِنَّهُ قَدْ أَقْبَلَ عَلَيْكُمْ شَهْرُ اللَّهِ بِالْبَرَكَةِ وَالرَّحْمَةِ وَالْمُغْفِرَةِ

Indeed ahead of you is the blessed month of Allah. A month of blessing, mercy and forgiveness.

شَهْرٌ هُوَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ أَفْضَلُ الشُّهُورِ

A month which to Allah is the best of months

وَأَيَّامٌ أَفْضَلُ الْأَيَّامِ وَلَيَالٍ أَفْضَلُ الْلَّيَالِ

its days the best of days, its nights the best of nights and

وَسَاعَاتٌ أَفْضَلُ السَّاعَاتِ

its hours the best of hours.

هُوَ شَهْرٌ دُعِيَتْ فِيهِ إِلَى ضَيْافَةِ اللَّهِ

It is the month which invites you to be the guests of Allah

وَجَعَلَتْ فِيهِ مِنْ أَهْلِ كَرَامَةِ اللَّهِ

and invites you to be one of those near to Him.

أَنْفَاسُكُمْ فِيهِ تَسْبِيحٌ وَنُوْمُكُمْ فِيهِ عِبَادَةٌ

Each breath you take glorifies Him; your sleep is worship,

وَعَمَلْكُمْ فِيهِ مَقْبُولٌ وَدُعَاؤُكُمْ فِيهِ مُسْتَجَابٌ

Your deeds are accepted and your duas are answered.

فَاسْأُلُوا اللَّهَ رَبَّكُمْ بِنِيَّاتٍ صَادِقَةٍ، وَقُلُوبٍ طَاهِرَةٍ

So, ask Allah, your Lord; to give you a sound body and an enlightened heart

أَنْ يُؤْفَقَكُمْ لِصِيَامِهِ، وَتِلَوَةِ كِتَابِهِ

So you may be able to fast and recite his book,

فَإِنَّ الشَّقِيقَ مَنْ حُرِمَ عُفْرَانُ اللَّهِ فِي هَذَا الشَّهْرِ الْعَظِيمِ

For only he is unhappy who is devoid of Allah's forgiveness during this great month.

وَإِذْ كُرِهَ إِجْوَاعُكُمْ وَعَطَلُشُكُمْ فِيهِ، جُوْعٌ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ وَعَطَشٌ

Remember the hunger and thirst of the day of Qiyama with your hunger and thirst;

وَتَصَدَّقُوا عَلَى فُقَرَاءِكُمْ وَمَسَاكِينِكُمْ، وَقَرُوَاءِكِبَارِكُمْ

Give alms to the needy and the poor, honour your old

وَإِذْ حَمُوا أَصْغَارَكُمْ، وَصَلُوَاءَأَرْحَامَكُمْ، وَاحْفَظُوا أَلْسِنَتَكُمْ

Show kindness to the young ones, maintain relations with your blood relations, guard your tongue,

وَغُضُّوا عَمَّا لَا يَحِلُّ النَّظَرُ إِلَيْهِ أَبْصَارَكُمْ

Close your eyes to that which is not permissible for your sight,



وَعَمَّا لَا يَحِلُّ الْإِسْتِمَاعُ إِلَيْهِ أَسْمَاعُكُمْ

Close your ears to that which is forbidden to hear,

وَتَخْشُوا عَلَى أَيْتَامِ النَّاسِ، يُتَحَنَّنُ عَلَى أَيْتَامِكُمْ

Show compassion to the orphans of the people so compassion may be shown to your orphans.

وَتُوْبُوا إِلَى اللَّهِ مِنْ ذُنُوبِكُمْ

Repent to Allah for your sins,

وَارْفَعُوا إِلَيْهِ أَيْدِيَكُمْ بِاللَّذِيْعَاءِ فِي أَوْقَاتِ صَلَوةِ إِنْكَارِكُمْ

And raise your hands in Dua during these times,

فَإِنَّهَا أَفْضَلُ السَّاعَاتِ

for they are the best of times.

يَنْظُرُ اللَّهُ فِيهَا بِالرَّحْمَةِ إِلَى عِبَادِهِ وَيُجِيبُهُمْ إِذَا نَجَوْهُ

and Allah looks towards His creatures with kindness, replying to them during these hours

وَيُلِّيْهِمْ إِذَا نَادُوهُ وَيُعْطِيهِمْ إِذَا سَأَلُوهُ وَيَسْتَجِيبُ لَهُمْ إِذَا دَعَوْهُ

and granting their needs if He is asked....

إِيَّاهَا النَّاسُ!

O people!

إِنَّ أَنْفُسَكُمْ مَرْهُونَةٌ بِأَعْمَالِكُمْ، فَكَوْهَا بِاسْتِغْفَارِكُمْ

Indeed, your souls are dependent on your deeds, free it with Istighfar (repentance);

وَظَهُورُهُ كُمْ ثَقِيلَةٌ مِّنْ أَوزَارِكُمْ

فَخَفِّفُوهُ اعْنَهَا بِطُولِ سُجُودِكُمْ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ أَقْسَمَ بِعِزَّتِهِ

lighten its load by long prostrations; and know that Allah swears by His might:

أَنَّ لَا يُعَذِّبُ الْمُصَلِّيْنَ وَالسَّاجِدِيْنَ

That there is no punishment for the one who prays and prostrates,

وَأَنَّ لَا يَرَوُهُمْ بِالثَّارِيْوَمِ يَقُوْمُ النَّاسُ لِرَبِّ الْعَالَمِيْنَ

and he shall have no fear of the fire on the day when man stands before the Lord of the worlds.

أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ

O people!

مَنْ فَطَرَ مِنْكُمْ صَائِمًا مُؤْمِنًا فِي هَذَا الشَّهْرِ

One who gives Iftar to a fasting person during this month

كَانَ لَهُ بِذَلِكَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ عَنْقُ نَسْمَةٍ وَمَغْفِرَةً مَا مَضِيَ مِنْ ذُنُوبِهِ

will be like one who has freed someone and his past sins will be forgiven.

فَقِيلَ: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ، فَلَيْسَ كُلُّنَا نَقْدِرُ عَلَى ذَلِكَ

Some of the people who were there then asked the Prophet (pbuh): "All of us are not able to invite those who are fasting?"



**فَقَالَ (ص): إِنَّقُوا النَّاسَ، وَلَوْ بِشَرْبَتِهِ مِنْ مَاءٍ**

The Prophet (pbuh) replied: "Allah gives this reward even if the Iftar is a drink of water".

**أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ**

O people!

**مَنْ حَسُنَ فِي هَذَا الشَّهْرِ خُلُقُهُ**

One who has good morals (Akhlaq) during this month

**كَانَ لَهُ جَوَازًا عَلَى لَصِرَاطِ، يَوْمَ تَزَلَّ فِيهِ الْأَقْدَامُ**

will be able to pass the 'Siraat'... on the day that feet will slip....

**وَمَنْ حَفَّ فِي هَذَا الشَّهْرِ عَمَّا مَلَكَتْ يَمِينُهُ حَفَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ حِسَابُهُ**

One who eases the workload of his workers in this month, Allah will make easy his accounting

**وَمَنْ كَفَ فِيهِ شَرَرُهُ، كَفَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ غَضَبُهُ يَوْمَ يَلْقَاهُ**

One who doesn't hurt others, Allah will keep him safe from His anger on the day of Judgement...

**وَمَنْ أَكْرَمَ فِيهِ يَتِيمًا، أَكْرَمَهُ اللَّهُ يَوْمَ يَلْقَاهُ**

As for one who respects an orphan; Allah will honour him on the day of Judgement

**وَمَنْ وَصَلَ فِيهِ رَحْمَةً، وَصَلَّهُ اللَّهُ بِرَحْمَتِهِ يَوْمَ يَلْقَاهُ**

And for the one who spreads his kindness, Allah will spread His mercy over him on the day of Judgement.

وَمَنْ قَطَعَ رَحْمَةً قَطَعَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ رَحْمَتَهُ يَوْمَ يَلْقَاهُ

As for the one who cuts ties of relation; Allah will cut His mercy from him....

وَمَنْ تَطَوَّعَ فِيهِ بِصَلَاةً، كَتَبَ اللَّهُ لَهُ بَرَاءَةً مِنَ النَّارِ

Who so ever performs a mustahab salaa in this month; Allah will keep the fire of hell away from him.

وَمَنْ أَدَّى فِيهِ فَرَضًا

Whoever performs a wajib prayer;

كَانَ لَهُ ثَوَابٌ مِنْ أَدَى سَبْعِينَ فَرِيضَةً فِيمَا سِوَاهُ مِنَ الشُّهُورِ

Allah will reward him with seventy prayers in this month.

وَمَنْ أَكْثَرَ فِيهِ مِنَ الصَّلَاةِ عَلَيَّ

And who so ever prays a lot during this month

ثَقَلَ اللَّهُ مِيزَانَهُ يَوْمَ تَحِقُّ الْمَوَازِينُ

will have his load lighten on the day of accounts.

وَمَنْ تَلَاقَ فِيهِ أَيَّةً مِنَ الْقُرْآنِ

He who recites one aya of the holy Qur'an

كَانَ لَهُ مِثْلَ أَجْرِ مَنْ خَتَمَ الْقُرْآنَ فِي غَيْرِهِ مِنَ الشُّهُورِ

will be given the rewards of reciting the whole Qur'an during other months.



أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ

O people!

إِنَّ أَبْوَابَ الْجَنَانِ فِي هَذَا الْشَّهْرِ مُفْتَحَةٌ

Indeed, in this month the doors of Janna are open

فَاسْأُلُوا رَبَّكُمْ أَن لَا يُغْلِقَهَا عَلَيْكُمْ

therefore, ask Allah not to close them for you;

وَأَبْوَابَ النَّيْرِ إِنْ مُغْلَقَةٌ، فَاسْأُلُوا رَبَّكُمْ أَن لَا يُفْتَحَهَا عَلَيْكُمْ

The doors of Jahannam are closed, so ask Allah to keep them closed for you.

وَالشَّيَاطِينُ مَغُلُولَةٌ، فَاسْأُلُوا رَبَّكُمْ أَن لَا يُسْلِطَهَا عَلَيْكُمْ

During this month Shaytan is imprisoned; so, ask your Lord not to let him have power over you.

قَالَ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (ع) – فَقُمْتُ وَقُلْتُ

Imam Ali (pbuh) says that I stood up and asked:

يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! مَا أَفْضَلُ الْأَعْمَالِ فِي هَذَا الْشَّهْرِ

"O Prophet! What are the best deeds during this month?"

فَقَالَ (ص): يَا أَبَا الْحَسَنِ

The Prophet (pbuh) replied:

أَفْضَلُ الْأَعْمَالِ فِي هَذَا الْشَّهْرِ، أَلْوَرْعُ عَنْ حَمَارِمِ اللَّهِ

"Stopping oneself from doing those deeds which are forbidden by Allah..."

## SEHRI OR SAHOOR (PRE-DAWN MEAL)

"There is a bliss in suhoor." Prophet Muhammad (pbuh). It is mustahab to do suhoor, even if it is with a glass of water. A Masaharati is a public waker for suhoor. Bilal used to walk around the streets and wake people up. This tradition is still practiced in Egypt, Syria, Sudan, Saudi, Palestine. In some countries a drum was used. Before eating sehri it is recommended to recite Sura Al Qadr and Dua Al Noor.

The Prophet recommended this dua to Imam Ali (pbuh) saying that Jibraail came to him and said: "Whoever in the month of Ramadhan before sehri and iftaar recites this dua, Allah answers his dua, accepts his salaa and fasting, grants ten hajaat, forgives his sins, removes his grief, makes his heart at ease, grants his wishes, makes his deeds ascend upward with the deeds of prophets and the righteous and on the Day of Judgment brings him to His presence with his face illuminated like a bright moon."



## IFTAAR AND ITS DUAS

The Prophet broke his fast with dates, or raisins and water.

Dua before breaking a fast

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ لَكَ صُنْمَنَا وَعَلَى رِزْقِكَ أَفْطَرْنَا فَتَقَبَّلْ مِنَّا إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ

السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ

In the name of Allah, O Allah, we fast, and we with the food  
You have provided, we break the fast, so accept from us.  
Surely You are All-Hearing, All-Knowing

Recite when taking the first bite of food.

يَا وَاسِعَ الْمَغْفِرَةِ اغْفِرْ لِي

O He whose forgiveness is vast, forgive me

## DAILY DUAS FOR THE MONTH OF RAMADHAN

### YAA ALIYYU YAA AZHEEM

Dua recommended to be recited after daily salaa, every day in the month of Ramadhan.

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah! Send blessing on Muhammad and his Ahlulbayt

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful

يَا عَلِيُّ يَا عَظِيمُ، يَا غَفُورُ يَا رَحِيمُ، أَنْتَ الرَّبُّ الْعَظِيمُ

O The Most High, O The Awesome, O Forgiver, O Merciful,  
You are the Mighty Rabb,

الَّذِي لَيْسَ كَمِثْلِهِ شَيْءٌ وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْبَصِيرُ

Who has none like Him, and He is the All Hearing, the All Seeing.

وَهَذَا شَهْرٌ عَظِيمٌ وَكَرِيمٌ وَشَرِيفٌ وَفَضِيلٌ عَلَى الشُّهُورِ

This is a month which You have made; exalted, honoured, elevated and excelled over the other months.

وَهُوَ الشَّهْرُ الَّذِي فَرَضْتَ صِيَامَهُ عَلَيَّ، وَهُوَ شَهْرُ رَمَضَانَ

It is the month in which You have made fasting wajib on me, And it is the month of Ramadhan,



الَّذِي أَنْزَلَتْ فِيهِ الْقُرْآنَ

In which You sent down the Qur'an,

هُدًى لِّلنَّاسِ وَبَيِّنَاتٍ مِّنَ الْهُدَىٰ وَالْفُرْقَانَ

A guidance for mankind, having clear signs of guidance and distinction.

وَجَعَلْتَ فِيهِ لَيْلَةَ الْقَدْرِ وَجَعَلْتَهَا خَيْرًا مِّنْ أَلْفٍ شَهْرٍ

You have placed in it Laylatul Qadr, And made it better than a thousand months. (97:2).

فَيَا ذَا الْمُنْ نَّ وَلَا يُمْنَ عَلَيْكَ مِنْ عَلَىٰ يَفْكَارٍ رَّقِبَتِي مِنَ النَّارِ

O One who favours, and none favours You, Favour me by saving me from the fire,

فِيمَنْ تَمُنْ عَلَيْهِ وَأَدْخِلْنِي الْجَنَّةَ بِرَحْمَتِكَ يَا أَرْحَمَ الرَّاحِمِينَ

Amongst the ones You favour, and make me enter Janna, By Your mercy, O the most Merciful.

## ALLAHUMMA ADKHIL

The Holy Prophet (pbuh) has said that one who recites the following dua' after each wajib salaa during the month of Ramadhan will have all his sins forgiven up to the day of Qiyama.

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah! Send blessing on Muhammad and his Ahlulbayt

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful

اللَّهُمَّ أَدْخِلْ عَلَى أَهْلِ الْقُبُوْرِ السُّرُورَ

O Allah, instil happiness to the people of the graves,

اللَّهُمَّ أَغْنِ كُلَّ فَقِيرٍ، اللَّهُمَّ أَشْبِعْ كُلَّ جَائِعٍ

O Allah, make rich every poor person, O Allah, satiate every hungry one,

اللَّهُمَّ اكْسُ كُلَّ عَرِيَانٍ، اللَّهُمَّ اقْضِ دَيْنَ كُلِّ مَدِيْنٍ

O Allah, clothe every unclothed one, O Allah, help every debtor pay his debts,

اللَّهُمَّ فَرِّجْ عَنْ كُلِّ مَكْرُوبٍ، اللَّهُمَّ هَدِّ كُلَّ غَرِيْبٍ

O Allah, relieve every distressed one, O Allah, return every traveller (to his home),

اللَّهُمَّ فُكْ كُلَّ أَسْيَرٍ، اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ كُلَّ فَاسِدٍ مِّنْ أُمُوْرِ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ

O Allah release every prisoner, O Allah, correct every wrong in the affairs of the Muslims,



اللَّهُمَّ اشْفُّ كُلَّ مَرِيضٍ، اللَّهُمَّ سُدَّ فَقْرَنَا بِغَنَّاكَ

O Allah, cure every sick one, O Allah, ease our poverty by Your wealth,

اللَّهُمَّ غِبِّ سُوءَ حَالِنَا بِخُسْنِ حَالِكَ، اللَّهُمَّ اقْضِ عَنَّا الدَّيْنَ

O Allah, change our evil state to a good one through Your excellent state, O Allah, relieve us of our debts,

وَ اغْنِنَا مِنَ الْفَقْرِ، إِنَّكَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

and help us against poverty, Surely You have power over all things.

## ALLAHUMMA RABBA

In the Kitab al-Ikhtiyar of Sayyid ibn Baqi it has been narrated that if one recites the following dua every day in the month of Ramadhan, the sins of forty years are forgiven

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful

اللَّهُمَّ رَبَّ شَهْرِ رَمَضَانَ، الَّذِي أَنْزَلْتَ فِيهِ الْقُرْآنَ

O Allah! Rabb of the month of Ramadhan, In which You sent down the Qur'an,

وَافْتَرَضْتَ عَلَىٰ عِبَادِكَ فِيهِ الصِّيَامَ، صَلَّى عَلَىٰ مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

And made fasting obligatory on Your servants, Bless Muhammad and the family of Muhammad,

وَإِنْزَلْتَ حَجَّ بَيْتِكَ الْحَرَامِ، فِي عَامٍ هَذَا وَفِي كُلِّ عَامٍ

And enable me to go for Hajj to Your sacred House. In this year and in every year,

وَاغْفِرْ لِي تِلْكَ الذُّنُوبَ الْعَظَامَ

And forgive me those great sins (that I carry),

فَإِنَّهُ لَا يَعْفُرُهَا غَيْرُكَ يَا رَحْمَنُ يَا عَلَّامُ

For surely none can forgive the except You, O Beneficent, O All-Knowing.



## DUA IFTITAH

Dua' Iftitah has been taught by Imam Muhammad Al-Mahdi (pbuh) to be recited every night during the month of Ramadhan. The dua' is excellent for shaping man's attitude towards his Creator, as it discusses many aspects of the human being, and the grace of Allah.

The dua' can be divided into two parts: 1) Man's relationship with Allah & 2) Divine leaders.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah! Send blessing on Muhammad and his Ahlulbayt

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَفْتَّحُ الشَّنَاءَ بِحَمْدِكَ

I begin glorifying You with Your praise

وَأَنْتَ مُسَلِّدُ الصَّوَابِ بِمِنْكَ

And You direct towards what is right through Your Grace.

وَأَيْقَنْتُ أَنَّكَ أَنْتَ أَرْحَمُ الرَّاحِمِينَ فِي مَوْضِعِ الْعَفْوِ وَالرَّحْمَةِ

I am convinced that You are the most Merciful in the matters of forgiveness and mercy,

وَأَشَدُّ الْمُعَاقِبِينَ فِي مَوْضِعِ النَّكَالِ وَالنِّقْمَةِ

And most severe in matters of warning and retribution,

وَأَعْظَمُ الْمُتَجَرِّدِينَ فِي مَوْضِعِ الْكَبْرِيَاءِ وَالْعَظَمَةِ

And the most mighty in matters of power and magnificence

اللَّهُمَّ أَذْنُتُ لِي فِي دُعَائِكَ وَ مَسْأَلَتِكَ فَاسْمَعْ يَا سَمِيعَ مَدْحُوقَ

O Allah, You have allowed me to supplicate to You, and ask from You, Then hear my praise, O One who hears all,

وَ أَجِبْ يَا رَحِيمَ دَعْوَتِي، وَ أَقِلْ يَا غَفُورَ عَنْتِي

And answer my call, O Merciful, And decrease my mistakes, Most Forgiving.

فَكُمْ يَا إِلَهِي مِنْ كُرْبَةِ قَدْ فَرَّجْتَهَا، وَ هُمُورٍ قَدْ كَشَفْتَهَا

How many, O my God, troubles You have relieved me of? Grieves You have dispelled?

وَ عَنْتِرَةٍ قَدْ أَقْلَتَهَا، وَ رَحْمَةٍ قَدْ نَشَرَهَا، وَ حَلْقَةٍ بَلَاءٍ قَدْ فَكَكْتَهَا

Mistakes you have prevented? Blessings You have spread? And series of afflictions You have separated?

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي لَمْ يَتَّخِذْ صَاحِبَةً وَ لَا وَلَدًا

All praise is for Allah, Who has not taken a wife nor a son,

وَ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُ شَرِيكٌ فِي الْمُلْكِ

And has no partner in His Kingdom,

وَ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُ وَلَيْهِ مِنَ النُّلُّ وَ كَبِيرٌ تَكْبِيرًا

And has no friend to protect Him from humiliation. So magnify Him with a great Magnificence.

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ بِجَمِيعِ حَامِدَةِ كُلُّهَا، عَلَى جَمِيعِ نَعْمَهِ كُلُّهَا

All praise is for Allah, for all His praiseworthy acts, For all His favours and blessings.



الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي لَا مُضَادَّ لَهُ فِي مُلْكِهِ، وَلَا مُنَازَعٌ لَهُ فِي أَمْرِهِ

All praise is for Allah, Who has no opposition in His Kingdom, Nor any challenge to His command

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ فِي خَلْقِهِ، وَلَا شَبِيهَ لَهُ فِي عَظَمَتِهِ

All praise is for Allah, Who has no partner in creation, Nor anyone like Him in His Greatness.

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْفَالِقُ فِي الْخُلُقِ، أَمْرُهُ وَحْمَدُهُ الظَّاهِرٌ بِالْكَرَمِ بِحَدُّهُ

All praise is for Allah, His commands operate over His creations, His praise is evident through His Generosity,

الْبَاسِطُ بِالْجُودِ يَدُهُ

Whose bestowal stretches out liberally,

الَّذِي لَا تَنْفَصُنْ خَزَانَتُهُ وَلَا تَزِيدُهُ كَثْرَةُ الْعَطَاءِ

His treasures never decrease, (rather) the frequency of His Giving increases

الَّجُودُ وَكَرِمًا، إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْوَهَابُ

His Generosity and Kindness, Surely He is the Mighty, the Bestower

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ قَلِيلًا مِنْ كَثِيرٍ مَعَ حَاجَةٍ إِنَّ إِلَيْهِ عَظِيمَةٌ

O Allah, I ask You a little from much although I am in great need of it,

وَغِنَاكَ عَنْهُ قَدِيمٌ، وَهُوَ عِنْدِي كَثِيرٌ، وَهُوَ عَلَيْكَ سَهْلٌ يَسِيرٌ

While You are eternally needless of it, Though it is a lot for me, While it is easy and simple for You

اللَّهُمَّ إِنَّ عَفْوَكَ عَنْ ذَنْبِي، وَتَجَوُّزَكَ عَنْ خَطَيْفَتِي

O Allah, Indeed Your forgiveness of my sins, Overlooking my faults,

وَصَفْحَكَ عَنْ ظُلْمِي، وَسِنْرَكَ عَلَى قَبِيحِ عَمَالِي

Pardon my oppression, Hiding my ugly deeds,

وَحِلْمَكَ عَنْ كَثِيرٍ جُرْمِي عِنْدَ مَا كَانَ مِنْ خَطَائِي وَعَمَدِي

Forbearing my many wrongs, Done intentionally or unintentionally,

أَطْمَعَنِي فِي أَنْ أَسْأَلَكَ مَا لَا أَسْتَوْجِدُهُ مِنْكَ

Tempted me to ask from You, what I did not deserve from You.

الَّذِي هَرَّقْتَنِي مِنْ رَّحْمَتِكَ، وَأَرَيْتَنِي مِنْ قُدْرَتِكَ

Which You still gave me out of Your Mercy, provided me by Your Power,

وَعَرَّفْتَنِي مِنْ إِجَابَتِكَ، فَصَرِّبْتُ أَدْعُوكَ أَمِنًا

And made known to me from Your answers. So I became habituated to call You trustingly,

وَأَسْأَلُكَ مُسْتَأْنِسًا، لَا خَائِفًا وَلَا وَجِلًا

And ask You familiarly, neither fearing nor scared,

مُدِلًا عَلَيْكَ فِيمَا قَصَدْتُ فِيهِ إِلَيْكَ

And with confidence in You for what I intended.



فَإِنْ أَبْطَأْتَ عَنِّي عَتَبٌ بِمَهْلِي عَلَيْكَ

Then if there was a delay (in Your answer),

وَلَعَلَّ الَّذِي أَبْطَأْتَنِي هُوَ خَيْرٌ لِّعْلَمْتَ بِعَاقِبَةِ الْأُمُورِ

And perhaps the delay was best for me, For You know the outcome of all affairs.

فَلَمْ أَرَمْوْلَى كَرِيمًا أَصْبَرَ عَلَى عَبْدٍ لَّئِيمٍ مِّنْكَ عَلَى

I have not seen a more Generous Master, Patient with a wretched slave then You are with me.

يَا رَبِّ إِنَّكَ تَدْعُونِي فَأُوْلَئِنَّكَ وَتَحْبَبُ إِلَيْكَ فَأَتَتَّبَعُكَ إِلَيْكَ

My Rabb, You call me and I turn away from You, You show me affection and I show hatred towards You,

وَتَوَدَّدُ إِلَيْكَ فَلَا أَقْبُلُ مِنْكَ، كَانَ لِي التَّطَوُّلُ عَلَيْكَ

You display Your love for me and I do not respond, as though I am above You.

فَلَمْ يَمْنَعْكَ ذَلِكَ مِنَ الرَّحْمَةِ لِي وَالْإِحْسَانِ إِلَيَّ

But this does not prevent You from having mercy on me, being good to me

وَالتَّفَضْلُ عَلَى بِحِجْدِكَ وَكَرْمِكَ

and favouring me, through Your Generosity and Nobility.

فَأَرْحَمْ عَبْدَكَ الْجَاهِلَ، وَجُدْ عَلَيْهِ بِفَضْلِ إِحْسَانِكَ

So please (continue to) have mercy on your ignorant slave, and be kind to him through the excellence of Your Grace.

إِنَّكَ جَوَادٌ كَرِيمٌ

Surely You are the Bountiful, the Generous.

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ مَالِكِ الْمُلْكِ، بُحْرَى الْفُلْكِ، مُسَخِّرِ الرِّيَاحِ

All praise is for Allah, the Owner of the Kingdom, Who makes the ships sail, controls the wind,

فِيلِقِ الْإِصْبَاحِ، دَيَّانِ الدِّينِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

Causes the dawn to break, Is the authority on the Day of Judgement, the Rabb of the worlds.

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ عَلَى حِلْمِهِ بَعْدَ عِلْمِهِ، وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ عَلَى عَفْوِهِ بَعْدَ قُرْتَبَتِهِ

All praise is for Allah for His patience despite His knowledge, All praise is for Allah for His forgiveness despite His power.

وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ عَلَى طُولِ أَنَّاتِهِ فِي غَصَبِهِ، وَهُوَ قَادِرٌ عَلَى مَا يُرِيدُ

All praise is for Allah for the lengthy respite He gives despite His anger, though He has the power to do as He wills.

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ خَالِقِ الْخَلْقِ، بَاسِطِ الرِّزْقِ، فَالَّقِ الْإِصْبَاحِ

All praise is for Allah, the Creator of all creation, the Provider of plentiful sustenance, the Cleaver of the dawn.

ذِي الْجَلَالِ وَالْإِكْرَامِ، وَالْفَضْلِ وَالْإِنْعَامِ الَّذِي بَعْدَ فَلَأَيْرَى

Possessor of Glory and Honour, and Excellence and blessings, who is far and thus cannot be seen,



وَقَرْبٌ فَشَهَدَ النَّجُومَ تَبَارَكَ وَتَعَالَى

but is close and thus witnesses secret conversations, Blessed and Exalted be His name.

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي لَيْسَ لَهُ مُنَازِعٌ يُعَادِلُهُ

All praise is for Allah Who has no equal who argues with Him,

وَلَا شَيْئٌ يُشَابِهُهُ، وَلَا خَلَقَهُ يُعَادِلُهُ

Nor anyone similar to Him, nor any helper to support Him,

قَهَرٌ بِعِزَّتِهِ الْعَزَّاءُ، وَتَوَاضَعَ لِعَظَمَتِهِ الْعَظَمَاءُ

The great humble themselves before His tremendousness,

فَبَلَغَ بِقُدْرَتِهِ مَا يَشَاءُ

He accomplishes what He wishes through His power.

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي يُجِيبُنِي حِينَ أُنَادِيهُ

All praise is for Allah Who answers me when I call Him,

وَيَسِّرْهُ عَلَيَّ كُلَّ عَوْرَةٍ وَأَنَا أَعْصِيهُ

Covers all my faults yet I disobey Him,

وَيُعَظِّمُ النِّعْمَةَ عَلَيَّ فَلَا أُجَازِيهُ

increases His bounties on me but I do not acknowledge them.

فَكَمْ مِنْ مَوْهِبَةٍ هَنِيَّةٍ قَدْ أَعْطَانِي

How many pleasant gifts He has given me,

وَعَظِيمَةٌ لَحُوقَةٌ قَدْ كَفَانِي، وَبَهْجَةٌ مُؤْنَقَةٌ قَدْ أَرَانِي

great fears He has removed for me, delightful joys He has shown me,

فَأُثْنِي عَلَيْهِ حَمِيدًا، وَأَذْكُرُهُ مُسَبِّحًا

Thus I glorify Him, thanking Him, and I remember Him with praise.

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي لَا يُهْتَكُ حِجَابُهُ

All praise is for Allah, Whose curtains cannot be opened,

وَلَا يُعْنِي بَابُهُ، وَلَا يُرْدِدُ سَائِلَهُ، وَلَا يُخَيِّبُ أَمْلَهُ

Whose doors cannot be locked, Who does not reject the one who asks Him, and who does not disappoint the one who places hope in Him

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي يُؤْمِنُ الْحَايَفِينَ

All praise is for Allah Who provides safety for the frightened,

وَيُنْجِي الصَّالِحِينَ، وَيَرْفَعُ الْمُسْتَضْعَفِينَ، وَيَضْعِفُ الْمُسْتَكْبِرِينَ

rescues the virtuous, Raises the oppressed, humiliates the proud,

وَيُهْلِكُ مُلُوَّكًا وَيَسْتَحْلِفُ أَخْرِيَنَ

destroys kings and replaces them with others.

وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ قَاصِمُ الْجُبَارِيَّنَ، مُمِيِّزُ الظَّالِمِينَ، مُدَرِّكُ الْهَامِرِيَّنَ

All praise is for Allah Who crushes the tyrants, annihilates the oppressors, watches the runaways,



**نَكَالٌ لِّلظَّالِمِينَ، صَرِيخٌ لِّلْمُسْتَصْرِخِينَ**

punishes the oppressors, Assists those who cry for help,

**مَوْضِعٌ لِّحَاجَاتِ الظَّالِمِينَ مُعْتَمِدٌ لِّلْمُؤْمِنِينَ**

grants the requests of the beseechers and is the confidence of the believers.

**الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي مِنْ خَشْيَتِهِ تَرْعَدُ السَّمَاءُ وَسَكَانُهَا**

All praise is for Allah in Whose awe the skies and its inhabitants shake,

**وَتَرْجُفُ الْأَرْضُ وَعَمَّا زِرَهَا**

The earth and its inhabitant tremble,

**وَتَمْوِعُجُ الْبِحَارُ وَمَنْ يَسْبِحُ فِي عَمَرَاتِهَا**

and the sea and all that swims in it billows.

**الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي هَدَانَا لَهُذَا، وَمَا كُنَّا لِنَهْتَدِي لَوْلَا أَنْ هَدَانَا اللَّهُ**

All praise is for Allah Who guided us to this, and we would not have been guided had He not guided us.

**الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي يَخْلُقُ وَلَمْ يُخْلَقْ**

All praise is for Allah Who creates but is not created,

**وَيَرْزُقُ وَلَا يُرْزَقُ، وَيُطْعِمُ وَلَا يُطْعَمُ**

gives sustenance but is not given sustenance, Feeds but is not fed,

**وَيُمِيتُ الْأَحْيَاءَ، وَيُهْيِي الْمَوْتَىٰ**

causes the living to die and gives life to the dead,

وَهُوَ حَيٌّ لَا يَمُوتُ، بِيَدِهِ الْخَيْرُ، وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

He is Ever living and does not die, In his control is all good, and He has power over all things.

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَىٰ مُحَمَّدٍ عَبْدِكَ وَرَسُولِكَ

O Allah bless Muhammad, Your servant, Your messenger,

وَأَمِينِكَ وَصَفِيقِكَ وَحَبِيبِكَ، وَخَيْرِتَكَ مِنْ خَلْقِكَ

Your Trustee, Your chosen one, Your beloved, the best of Your creation.

وَحَافِظْ سِرِّكَ وَمُبَلِّغْ رِسَالَاتِكَ

The preserver of Your secrets, the preacher of Your messages,

أَفْضَلَ وَأَحْسَنَ وَأَجْمَلَ وَأَكْمَلَ

وَأَزْكَى وَأَنْمَى وَأَطْيَبَ وَأَطْهَرَ وَأَسْنَى

(Blessings that are) prosperous, pleasant, holy and sublime

وَأَكْثَرَ مَا صَلَّيْتَ وَبَارَكْتَ وَتَرَحَّمْتَ وَتَحَنَّتَ

More than what You have blessed, given, had mercy, sympathised,

وَسَلَّمْتَ عَلَىٰ أَحَدٍ مِّنْ عِبَادِكَ، وَأَنْبَيْأَكَ وَرُسُلِكَ

and greeted anyone from Your servants, Your Prophets, Your Messengers,



وَصِفْوَتِكَ وَأَهْلِ الْكَرَامَةِ عَلَيْكَ مِنْ خَلْقِكَ

Your chosen ones and the honourable ones from Your creation.

اللَّهُمَّ وَصَلِّ عَلَى عَلِيٍّ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

O Allah, and bless Ali, the commander of the faithful

وَوَصِّيِّ رَسُولِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

and the successor of the Messenger of the Rabb of the worlds.

عَبْدِكَ وَوَلِيِّكَ وَأَخِي رَسُولِكَ، وَحَجَّتِكَ عَلَى خَلْقِكَ

Your servant, Your friend, the brother of Your Messenger, Your proof over creation,

وَأَيْتِكَ الْكُبْرَى وَالنَّبِيُّ الْعَظِيمُ

Your great sign and the mighty awaited news.

وَصَلِّ عَلَى الصَّدِيقَةِ الطَّاهِرَةِ، فَاطِمَةَ الزَّهْرَاءِ

And bless the truthful, pure (lady), Fatima Zahra,

سَيِّدَةِ نِسَاءِ الْعَالَمِينَ

the leader of the women of the worlds.

وَصَلِّ عَلَى سَبِّطِ الرَّحْمَةِ، وَإِمَامِي اهْدِي

And bless the two grandsons of mercy (to the world, i.e. the Prophet) the leaders of guidance,

أَلْحَسَنُ وَ الْحُسَيْنُ، سَيِّدُ شَبَابِ أَهْلِ الْجَنَّةِ

Al Hasan and Al Husayn, the leaders of the youths of Paradise.

وَصَلِّ عَلَى أَئِمَّةِ الْمُسْلِمِينَ، عَلَيْهِ بْنُ الْحُسَيْنِ، وَهُمَّادِ بْنِ عَلَيٍّ

And bless the leaders of Muslims, Ali son of Husayn, Muhammad son of Ali,

وَجَعْفَرِ بْنِ هُمَّادِ، وَمُوسَى بْنِ جَعْفَرٍ، وَعَلَيْهِ بْنِ مُوسَى

Ja'far son of Muhammad, Musa son of Ja'far, Ali son of Musa,

وَهُمَّادِ بْنِ عَلَيٍّ، وَعَلَيْهِ بْنِ هُمَّادِ، وَالْحَسَنِ بْنِ عَلَيٍّ

Muhammad son of Ali, Ali son of Muhammad, Hasan son of Ali,

وَالْخَلِفَ الْهَادِي الْمُهَدِّي

and the successor, the guide and the rightly guided,

حُجَّاجَ عَلَى عِبَادِكَ وَأَمْنَائِكَ فِي بِلَادِكَ، صَلَوةً كَثِيرَةً دَائِمَةً

(These are) Your proofs over Your servants, Your trustees on Your land, (bless them with) numerous and continuous blessings.

اللَّهُمَّ وَصَلِّ عَلَى وَلِيِّ أَمْرِكَ الْقَائِمِ الْمُؤْمِلِ، وَالْعَدْلِ الْمُنْتَظَرِ

O Allah, bless the guardians of Your orders, the one who will rise, the one hoped for, the awaited justice,

وَحَفِظْهُ بِمَلَائِكَتِكَ الْمُقْرَبِينَ

Surround him with Your favourite angels,



وَ آتِهِ كُبُرَةِ الْقُدُسِ، يَا رَبَّ الْعَالَمِينَ

and assist him with the holy spirit, O Rabb of the worlds.

اللَّهُمَّ اجْعِلْهُ الدَّاعِ إِلَى كِتَابِكَ، وَ الْقَائِمَ بِدِينِكَ

O Allah, appoint him to invite towards Your Book, to establish Your religion,

إِسْتَخْلِفْهُ فِي الْأَرْضِ كَمَا اسْتَخْلَفْتَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ

Make him a successor on the earth as You caused others to succeed before him,

مَكِّنْ لَهُ دِينَهُ الَّذِي ارْتَضَيْتَ لَهُ

Establish for him his religion, which You have approved for him,

أَبْدِلْهُ مِنْ بَعْدِ خَوْفِهِ، أَمْنًا يَعْبُدُكَ لَا يُشْرِكُ بِكَ شَيْئًا

give him security after fear, (so) he worships You, and does not associate any with You

اللَّهُمَّ أَعْزَزْهُ وَ أَعْزِزْهُ، وَ انْصُرْهُ وَ انْتَصِرْهُ

O Allah, give him power, and through him strengthen (others), Help him and help (others) through him,

وَ انْصُرْهُ نَصْرًا عَزِيزًا، وَ افْتَحْ لَهُ فَتْحًا يَسِيرًا

Help him with a mighty help, give him an easy victory,

وَ اجْعَلْ لَهُ مِنْ لَدُنْكَ سُلْطَانًا نَّصِيرًا

and grant him an assisting authority with You

اللَّهُمَّ أَظْهِرْ بِهِ دِينَكَ وَسُنْنَةَ نَبِيِّكَ

O Allah, make manifest through him Your religion, and the way of Your Prophet,

حَتَّىٰ لَا يَسْتَخْفِي بِشَيْءٍ مِّنَ الْحَقِّ حَفَافَةً أَحَدٌ مِّنَ الْخُلْقِ

until nothing from the truth remains hidden from any human being.

اللَّهُمَّ إِنَّا نَرْغُبُ إِلَيْكَ فِي دُولَةٍ كَرِيمَةٍ

O Allah, we earnestly desire from You, an honoured state,

تُعَزِّزُ بَهَا الْإِسْلَامُ وَأَهْلُهُ، وَتُذَلِّلُ بَهَا النَّفَاقَ وَأَهْلُهُ

through which You strengthen Islam and its people, and degrade hypocrisy and its followers.

وَتَجْعَلْنَا فِيهَا مِنَ الدُّعَاءِ إِلَى طَاعَتِكَ

And make us in it, amongst the inviters towards Your obedience,

وَالْقَادِةِ إِلَى سَبِيلِكَ، وَتَرْزُقْنَا بِهَا كَرَامَةَ الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ

and the leaders to Your path. Give us through it honour of the world and the hereafter.

اللَّهُمَّ مَا عَرَّفْنَا مِنَ الْحَقِّ فَحَمِّلْنَاهُ، وَمَا قَصَرْنَا عَنْهُ فَلْيَعْلُمْنَاهُ

O Allah, what You have made known to us of the truth, help us bear it. And what we fall short of, make us reach it.



اللَّهُمَّ اكْمِلْ بِهِ شَعْنَنَا، وَ اشْعَبْ بِهِ صَدْعَنَا، وَ ارْتَقْ بِهِ فَتَقَنَا

O Allah, through him, put order in our affairs, gather and unite our flocks, Join together our separations,

وَ كَثُرْ بِهِ قِلْتَنَا، وَ أَغْزِرْ بِهِ ذَلَّتَنَا، وَ أَغْنِ بِهِ عَائِلَنَا

increase our minority, lift us from degradation, relieve our miseries,

وَ افْضِ بِهِ عَنْ مُغْرِيَنَا، وَ اجْبِرْ بِهِ فَقْرَنَا، وَ سُدْ بِهِ خَلَّتَنَا

pull us out of our debts, remove our poverty, fill the gaps in our confusion,

وَ يَسِرْ بِهِ عُسْرَنَا، وَ يَضْنِ بِهِ وُجْهَنَا، وَ فُكَّ بِهِ أَسْرَنَا

ease our difficulty, Brighten our faces, free our prisoners,

وَ أَنْجِحْ بِهِ طَلَبَتَنَا، وَ أَنْجِزْ بِهِ مَوَاعِيَدَنَا، وَ اسْتَجِبْ بِهِ دَعَوْتَنَا

grant our requests Fulfil our promises, answer our calls,

وَ أَعْطِنَا بِهِ سُؤْلَنَا، وَ بَلِّغْنَا بِهِ مِنَ الدُّنْيَا وَ الْآخِرَةِ أَمَالَنَا

grant us our requests, Cause us to obtain what we hope for from this world and the hereafter,

وَ أَعْطِنَا بِهِ فَوْقَ رَغْبَتَنَا

and give us more than our expectations.

يَا خَيْرَ الْمَسْؤُلِينَ، وَ أَوْسَعْ الْمَعْطِيَنَ

O the best of all who asked, and the most generous of bestowers.

إِشْفِ بِهِ صُدُورَنَا، وَ اذْهَبْ بِهِ غَيْظَ قُلُوبِنَا

Through him, cleanse our chests, remove the stains of anger and hatred from our hearts,

وَ اهْدِنَا بِهِ لِمَا احْتَلَفَ فِيهِ مِنَ الْحُقْقِ بِإِذْنِكَ

And guide us to the truth on disputed matters, by Your permission

إِنَّكَ تَهْدِي مَنْ تَشَاءُ إِلَى صِرَاطِ مُسْتَقِيمٍ

Indeed You guide whom You wish to the right path.

وَ انْصُرْنَا بِهِ عَلَى عَدُوِّكَ وَ عَدُوِّنَا إِلَهَ الْحُقْقِ أَمِينٌ

Through him, help us overcome Your enemy, and enemy, O God of truth, Ameen.

اللَّهُمَّ إِنَّا نَشْكُو إِلَيْكَ فَقْدَنِينَا، صَلُّوا إِلَيْكَ عَلَيْهِ وَ عَلَيْهِ

O Allah, we complain to You of the absence of our Prophet, Your blessings be on him and his family,

وَ غَيْبَةَ وَلِيِّنَا، وَ كَثْرَةَ عَدُوِّنَا، وَ قَلَّةَ عَدَدِنَا

And the concealment of our leader, the abundance of our enemies, the scarcity of our numbers,

وَ شِدَّةَ الْفِتْنَنِ بِنَا، وَ تَظَاهَرَ الزَّمَانُ عَلَيْنَا

The severity of our trials, and the victory of the era against us.

فَاصْلِ عَلَى حُمَّادِهِ، وَ أَعِنَا عَلَى ذَلِكَ بِقَتْحِ مِنْكَ تُعْجِلُهُ

Then bless Muhammad and his family, and help us overcome that by granting us an immediate victory,



وَبِصُرِّ تَكْشِفُهُ، وَنَصْرٍ تُعَزِّزُهُ، وَسُلْطَانٍ حَقٍّ تُظْهِرُهُ

Dispersing miseries, giving us a help that strengthens,  
providing an authority of truth which You manifest,

وَرَحْمَةً مِنْكَ تُجَلِّنَا هَا، وَعَافِيَةً مِنْكَ تُلِبِّسَنَا هَا

A mercy from You which is clear to us, and a wellbeing from  
You which clothes us,

بِرَحْمَتِكَ يَا أَرْحَمَ الرَّحْمَنِينَ

By Your mercy O the most Merciful.

## ALLAHUMMA BIRAHMATIKA

Recite the following dua every night of the month of Ramadhan

اللَّهُمَّ بِرَحْمَتِكَ فِي الصَّالِحِينَ فَادْخُلْنَا، وَ فِي عَلَيِّينَ فَارْفَعْنَا

O Allah, by Your mercy, include us with the virtuous, raise us to be with the distinguished people,

وَ بِكَأسِ مِنْ مَعْيِنٍ مِنْ عَيْنٍ سَلْسَبِيلٍ فَاسْقِنَا

Make us drink a cup of water from the spring of salsabeel,

وَ مِنْ الْحُوَرِ الْعَيْنِ بِرَحْمَتِكَ فَزُوْجْنَا

Pair us with houris, by Your mercy,

وَ مِنَ الْوَلَدَانِ الْمُخَلَّدِينَ كَأَنَّهُمْ لَؤْلَؤُ مَكْنُونٌ فَأَخْدِمْنَا

Give us the service of the young heavenly helpers, well groomed like pearls,

وَ مِنْ شَمَائِرِ الْجَنَّةِ وَ لُحُومِ الطَّيْرِ فَأَطْعِمْنَا

Feed us with the fruits of Paradise,

وَ مِنْ ثِيَابِ السُّنْدُسِ وَ الْحَرِيرِ وَ الْإِسْتَبْرِقِ فَالْبِسْنَا

And the flesh of birds and clothe us with robes of thick brocade of silk and gold.

وَ لِيَلَةَ الْقُدْرِ، وَ حَجَّ بَيْتِكَ الْحَرَامَ، وَ قَتْلًا فِي سَبِيلِكَ فَوْقِنَا

Grant us the benefits of the night of power, and the pilgrimage to Your sacred house, And of dying in Your way,



وَصَالِحُ الدُّعَاءِ وَالْمُسْأَلَةِ فَاسْتَجِبْ لَنَا

answer our prayers and requests, which are good.

وَإِذَا جَمَعْتَ الْأَوَّلِيْنَ وَالْآخِرِيْنَ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ فَارْحَمْنَا

And when You gather the people of the earlier and later periods on the Day of Judgement, have mercy on us,

وَبَرِّأْنَا مِنَ النَّارِ فَاكْتُبْ لَنَا، وَفِي جَهَنَّمَ فَلَا تَغْلِنَا

Write for us a protection from the fire, do not confine us to Hell,

وَفِي عَذَابِكَ وَهُوَ أَنْكَفَ فَلَا تَبْتَلِنَا

Try us not with Your punishment and disgrace.

وَمِنَ الرَّقْمَةِ وَالضَّرِيعِ فَلَا تُطْعِنَا

Feed us not from the bitter tree, nor the thorny fruit (of Hell),

وَمَعَ الشَّيَاطِيْنَ فَلَا تَجْعَلْنَا، وَفِي النَّارِ عَلَى وُجُوهِنَا فَلَا تَكْبِيْنَا

Do not place us with the devils, nor throw us face downwards in Hell,

وَمِنْ ثِيَابِ النَّارِ وَسَرَابِيلِ الْقَطْرَانِ فَلَا تُلْبِسْنَا

And do not clothe us with the flames and tar of Hell.

وَمِنْ كُلِّ سُوْءِيَا لِلَّهِ إِلَّا أَنْتَ، يَعْلَمُ لِلَّهِ إِلَّا أَنْتَ فَنَجِّنَا

Save us from all evil, O (One Who), there is no god but You, for the sake of there being no god but You, save us.

## ALLAHUMMA INNI AS-ALUKA

Dua highly recommended to be recited every night during the month of Ramadhan.

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ أَنْ تَجْعَلَ فِيمَا تَقْضِيَ وَتُقْدِرُ

O Allah, I beseech You to place in what You destine and decree,

مِنَ الْأَمْرِ الْمُحْتَوِمِ، فِي الْأَمْرِ الْحَكِيمِ

From the orders which are definite, and orders which are wise,

مِنَ الْقَضَاءِ الَّذِي لَا يُرَدُّ وَلَا يُبَدَّلُ

From the decree which is not reversed nor changed,

أَنْ تَكْتُبْنِي مِنْ حَجَّاجٍ يَبْيَعُكَ الْحَرَامُ

Write my name as one of the pilgrims of Your sacred house,

الْمَبْدُورُ حَجَّهُمْ، الْمَشْكُورُ سَعْيَهُمْ، الْمَغْفُورُ ذُنُوبُهُمْ

Whose Hajj is approved, whose efforts are appreciated, whose sins are forgiven

أَمْكَفَرٍ عَنْ سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ، وَأَنْ تَجْعَلَ فِيمَا تَقْضِيَ وَتُقْدِرُ

and whose evil deeds are pardoned. And place for me in what You destine and decree,

أَنْ تُطِيلَ عُمُرِي فِي حَيْثُ وَعَافِيَةٍ، وَتُوَسِّعَ فِي هَرَزْقِي

A lengthening of my life, in goodness and health and an increase in my sustenance.



وَتَجْعَلْنِي لِمَنْ تَنْتَصِرُ بِهِ لِدِينِكَ، وَلَا تَسْتَبِدُ بِي غَيْرِي

Make me among those through whom You support Your religion, not substituting any in my place.

## AUDHUBI JALAALI WAJHIKAL KAREEM

It is highly recommended to recite the following every night during the month of Ramadhan.

أَعُوذُ بِجَلَالِ وَجْهِكَ الْكَرِيمِ، أَنْ يَنْقَضِي عَنِّي شَهْرُ رَمَضَانَ

I seek refuge with the majesty of Your gracious self, From the passing of the month of Ramadhan,

أَوْ يَطْلُعُ الْفَجْرُ

or the appearance of the dawn of this night,

مِنْ لَيْلَتِي هَذِهِ وَلَكَ قِبْلِي تَبِعَةٌ أَوْ ذَنْبٌ تُعَذِّبُنِي عَلَيْهِ

While I still have a duty I have not carried out or a sin that You may punish me for.

## DUAS FOR EACH DAY OF THE MONTH - 1 TO 30

### DAY 1

اللَّهُمَّ اجْعَلْ صِيَامِي فِيهِ صِيَامَ الصَّائِمِينَ، وَقِيَامِي فِيهِ قِيَامَ الْقَائِمِينَ، وَنَهْنَهِنِي فِيهِ عَنْ نَوْمَةِ الْغَافِلِينَ، وَهَبْ لِي جُزُّ مِي فِيهِ يَا إِلَهَ الْعَالَمِينَ، أَعْفُ عَنِي يَا عَافِيَّا عَنِ الْمُجْرِمِينَ.

O Allah: on this day, decide to make my fasts the fasts of those who fast sincerely, And decide my acts of worships to be as same as the worship of the worshippers. And (please) awaken me from the slumber of the inadvertent ones. And excuse my offense on this day, O the God of the worlds. And (please) pardon me; O He Who pardons the offender.

### DAY 2

اللَّهُمَّ قَرِّبْنِي فِيهِ إِلَى مُرْضَاتِكَ، وَجَنِّبْنِي فِيهِ مِنْ سَخْطِكَ  
وَنَقْمَاتِكَ، وَوَفِّقْنِي فِيهِ لِقِرَاءَةِ آيَاتِكَ، بِرَحْمَتِكَ يَا أَرْحَمَ الرَّاحِمِينَ.

O Allah: on this day, (please) take me near Your pleasure, And (please) keep me away on it from Your wrath and punishments, And (please) make me succeed in reciting Your verses, By Your mercy; O the most Merciful of all those who show mercy.



## DAY 3

اللَّهُمَّ اهْرُقْنِي فِيهِ الْذِّهْنَ وَالْتَّبْيَةَ، وَبَأْعِدْنِي فِيهِ مِنَ السَّفَاهَةِ  
وَالثَّمَوِيهِ، وَاجْعَلْ لِي نَصِيبًا مِّنْ كُلِّ خَيْرٍ تُنْزَلُ فِيهِ، يَجْوِدُكَ يَا أَجَوَدَ  
الْأَجْوَدِينَ.

O Allah: on this day, (please) confer upon me with sound mentality and acumen, And take me away from foolishness and deception, And decide for me a share from each goodness that You descend on this day, By Your magnanimity, O the most Magnanimous of all those who are magnanimous.

## DAY 4

اللَّهُمَّ قَوِّنِي فِيهِ عَلَى إِقَامَةِ أَمْرِكَ، وَأَذْقِنِي فِيهِ حَلَوةَ ذِكْرِكَ،  
وَأَوْزِعْنِي فِيهِ لَدَاءُ شُكْرِكَ بِكَرَمِكَ، وَاحْفَظْنِي فِيهِ بِحُفْظِكَ  
وَسَرِّكَ، يَا أَبْصَرَ النَّاظِرِينَ.

O Allah: on this day, (please) grant me power so that I will carry out Your order And make me taste the nice flavour of the reference to You, And arouse me to be thankful for You, through Your magnanimity, And surround me with Your guarding and covering, O the best Seer of all those who can see.

## DAY 5

اللَّهُمَّ اجْعَلْنِي فِيهِ مِنَ الْمُسْتَغْفِرِينَ، وَاجْعَلْنِي فِيهِ مِنْ عِبَادِكَ  
الصَّالِحِينَ الْقَانِتِينَ، وَاجْعَلْنِي فِيهِ مِنْ أُولَئِكَ الْمَقَرَّبِينَ، بِرَأْفَاتِكَ يَا  
أَرْحَمَ الرَّاحِمِينَ.

O Allah: on this day, (please) include me with the seekers of Your forgiveness, And include me on it with Your righteous, submissive servants, And include me on it with Your favourite, intimate servants. Out of Your kindness, O the most Merciful of all those who show mercy.

## DAY 6

اللَّهُمَّ لَا تَخْذُلْنِي فِيهِ لِتَعْرَضِ مَعْصِيَتِكَ، وَلَا تَضْرِبْنِي بِسَيِّاطِ  
نَقْمَتِكَ، وَزَحِّ حُنْيِ فِيهِ مِنْ مُوْجَبَاتِ سَخَطِكَ، بِمَنِّكَ وَأَيَادِيْكَ يَا  
مُنْتَهَى رَغْبَةِ الرَّاغِبِينَ.

O Allah: on this day, (please) do not disappoint me by allowing me to expose myself to acts of disobedience to You, And do not beat me with the whips of Your punishment, And (please) take me out on this day from the acts that bring about Your ire, Out of Your favouring and bounties; O the ultimate goal of the desires of the desirers.



## DAY 7

اللَّهُمَّ أَعِنِّي فِيهِ عَلَى صِيَامِهِ وَقِيَامِهِ، وَجَنِّبْنِي فِيهِ مِنْ هَفَّاتِهِ وَأَثَامِهِ،  
وَأَرْزُقْنِي فِيهِ ذُكْرَكَ بِدَوَامِهِ، بِتَوْفِيقِكَ يَا هَادِي الْمُضْلِّينَ.

O Allah: on this day, help me with the fasts and the standing in salaa, And keep me away from the mistakes and sins of today, And grant that I remember You continuously through the day, By Your assistance, O the Guide of those who stray.

## DAY 8

اللَّهُمَّ ارْزُقْنِي فِيهِ رَحْمَةَ الْأَيْتَامِ، وَإِطْعَامَ الطَّعَامِ، وَإِفْشَاءَ السَّلَامِ،  
وَصُحْبَةَ الْكَرَامِ، بِطَوْلِكَ يَامِلْجَا الْأَمْلِينَ.

O Allah: on this day, let me have the ability to have mercy on those who are orphaned, And have the ability to feed the hungry And to be able to spread peace, And keep the company of those who are noble; By Your favour; O the Shelter of the hopeful.

## DAY 9

اللَّهُمَّ اجْعَلْ لِي فِيهِ نَصِيبًا مِّنْ رَّحْمَتِكَ الْوَاسِعَةِ، وَاهْدِنِي فِيهِ  
لِبَرَاهِيْنِكَ السَّاطِعَةِ، وَهُدْنِيْنِا صِيَّبِيْ إِلَى مَرْضَاتِكَ الْجَامِعَةِ،  
بِمَحَبَّتِكَ يَا أَمَّلَ الْمُشْتَاقِينَ.

O Allah: on this day, grant me a share from Your vast mercy, And guide me towards Your shining proofs And lead me to Your all-encompassing pleasure. By Your love, O the Hope of those who desire.

## DAY 10

اللَّهُمَّ اجْعَلْنِي فِيهِ مِنَ الْمُتَوَلِّينَ عَلَيْكَ، وَاجْعَلْنِي فِيهِ مِنَ الْفَائِزِينَ  
لَدَيْكَ، وَاجْعَلْنِي فِيهِ مِنَ الْمُقَرَّبِينَ إِلَيْكَ، بِإِحْسَانِكَ يَا غَاِيَةَ  
الْطَّالِبِينَ.

O Allah: on this day, make me amongst those who rely on You, And make me from those whom You consider successful And place me amongst those who are near to You; With Your favours; O the goal of those who seek.



## DAY 11

اللَّهُمَّ حِبِّبْ إِلَيْكَ فِيهِ الْإِحْسَانَ، وَكَرِّهْ إِلَيْكَ فِيهِ الْفُسُوقَ وَالْعُصْبَانَ،  
وَحَرِّمْ عَلَيْكَ فِيهِ السَّخَطَ وَالْتِيَانَ، بِعَوْنَكَ يَا عِيَادَ الْمُسْتَغْيَثِينَ

O Allah: on this day, make me love goodness, And make me dislike corruption and disobedience, And ban me from exposing myself to wrath and the Fire; By Your help; O the Helper of those who seek help.

## DAY 12

اللَّهُمَّ زَيِّ فِيهِ بِالسِّنْرِ وَالْعَفَافِ، وَاسْتُرْنِ فِيهِ بِلِبَاسِ الْقُنُوْعِ  
وَالْكَفَافِ، وَاحْجُمْنِي فِيهِ عَلَى الْعَدْلِ وَالْإِنْصَافِ، وَامْنِي فِيهِ مِنْ كُلِّ مَا  
أَخَافُ، بِعِصْمَتِكَ يَا عِصْمَةَ الْحَائِرِينَ.

O Allah: on this day, beautify me with covering and modesty, And cover me with the clothes of contentment and modesty And let me stick to justice and fairness, And keep me safe from all that I fear; By Your protection; O the Protector of the frightened.

## DAY 13

اللَّهُمَّ طَهِّرْنِي فِيهِ مِنَ الدَّنَسِ وَالْأَقْدَارِ، وَصَبِّرْنِي فِيهِ عَلَى كَائِنَاتِ  
الْأَقْدَارِ، وَفَقِّنِي فِيهِ لِلتُّقْبِي وَصُحْبَةِ الْأَبْرَارِ، بِعَوْنَكَ يَا فَرَّةَ عَيْنِ  
الْمَسَاكِينِ.

O Allah: on this day, purify me from uncleanness and dirt. And make me patient over the events that are decreed, And assist me to company with the righteous; By Your help; O the beloved of the eyes of the destitute.

## DAY 14

اللَّهُمَّ لَا تُؤَاخِذْنِي فِيهِ بِالْعَثَرَاتِ، وَأَقِلْنِي فِيهِ مِنَ الْخَطَايَا وَالْمُفْوَاتِ،  
وَلَا تَجْعَلْنِي فِيهِ غَرَّاً لِلْبَلَائِيَا وَالْأَفَاتِ، بِعَزَّتِكَ يَا عَزَّ الْمُسْلِمِينَ.

O Allah: on this day, do not condemn me for my slips, And make me decrease my mistakes and errors; And do not make me a target for afflictions and troubles; By Your honour; O the Honour of those who submit.



## DAY 15

اللَّهُمَّ اتْرُقْنِي فِيهِ طَاعَةَ الْحَامِشِينَ، وَاشْرُحْ فِيهِ صَدْرِي بِإِنَابَةِ  
الْمُخْبِتِينَ، يَا أَمَانَ الْحَافِفِينَ.

O Allah; on this day, grant me the obedience of the humble; And expand my chest through the repentance of the humble; By Your security; O the Shelter of those who are fearful.

## DAY 16

اللَّهُمَّ وَفِقْنِي فِيهِ مُوافَقَةُ الْأَكْرَامِ، وَجَنِّبْنِي فِيهِ مُرَافَقَةُ الْأَشْرَامِ،  
وَأَوِّنِي فِيهِ بِرَحْمَتِكَ إِلَى دَارِ الْقَرَامِ، يَا الَّهُ الْعَالَمُينَ.

O Allah: on this day, grant me compatibility with the good; And keep me away from associating with evil; And lead me by Your mercy, to the place of permanence; By Your godship; O the God of the worlds.

## DAY 17

اللَّهُمَّ اهْدِنِي فِيهِ لِصَالِحِ الْأَعْمَالِ، وَأَقْضِ لِي فِيهِ الْحُوَاجَ وَالْأَمَالَ،  
يَا مَنْ لَا يَجِدْنَا جُمْلَةً إِلَى التَّفْسِيرِ وَالسَّوْآلِ، يَا عَالِمَ الْمَمَاتِ فِي صُدُورِ الْعَالَمِينَ،  
صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ الطَّاهِرِينَ.

O Allah; on this day, guide me towards righteous actions; And fulfil my needs and hopes; O He Who does not need any explanation or question; O He Who knows what is hidden in the chest of the people of the world. Bless Muhammad and his pure progeny.

## DAY 18

اللَّهُمَّ نَبَهْنِي فِيهِ لِبَرَكَاتِ أَسْحَارِهِ، وَنَوِّرْنِي فِيهِ قَلْبِي بِضَيَاءِ أَنُوَارِهِ،  
وَخُذْ بِكُلِّ أَعْصَائِنِي إِلَى اتِّبَاعِ أَثَارِهِ، بِنُورِكَ يَا مُنْوِرَ قُلُوبِ الْعَالَمِينَ

O Allah; on this day, awaken me with the blessings of its early mornings, And illuminate my heart with the brightness of its rays; And let every part of my body follow its effects; By Your light; O the Illuminator of the hearts of those who understand.



## DAY 19

اللَّهُمَّ وَفُرْفِيهِ حَظِّيْ مِنْ بَرَّكَاتِهِ، وَسَهِّلْ سَبِيلِيْ إِلَى خَيْرِ اتِّهِ،  
وَلَا تُخْرِيْ مُنِيْ قَبُولَ حَسَنَاتِهِ، يَا هَادِيَا إِلَى الْحُقْقَاءِ الْمُبِينِ.

O Allah: on this day, multiply for me its blessings; And ease my path towards its bounties And do not deprive me of the acceptance of its good deeds; O The Guide towards the clear truth.

## DAY 20

اللَّهُمَّ افْتَحْ لِي فِيهِ أَبْوَابَ الْجَنَانِ، وَأَغْلِقْ عَنِّي فِيهِ أَبْوَابَ النَّيْرَانِ،  
وَوَقِّنِي فِيهِ لِتَلَاوَةِ الْقُرْآنِ، يَا مَنْزُلَ السَّكِينَةِ فِي قُلُوبِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ.

O Allah: on this day, open for me the doors of the heavens; And close for me the doors of Jahannam (the fire); And help me to recite the Qur'an as it ought to be recited, O The One Who sends down tranquillity into the hearts of those who believe.

## DAY 21

اللَّهُمَّ اجْعَلْ لِي فِيهِ إِلَى مَرْضَاتِكَ دَلِيلًا، وَلَا تَجْعَلْ لِلشَّيْطَانِ فِيهِ عَلَيَّ سَبِيلًا، وَاجْعَلِ الْجَنَّةَ لِي مَنْزِلًا وَمَقِيلًا، يَا أَنَّا نَسِيَ حَوْائِجَ الظَّالِمِينَ

O Allah; on this day, show me the way to be able to attain Your pleasure; And do not let shaytan have a way over me; And make Janna an abode and a resting place for me; O The One Who fulfils the requests of those who ask.

## DAY 22

اللَّهُمَّ افْتَحْ لِي فِيهِ أَبْوَابَ فَضْلِكَ، وَأَنْزِلْ عَلَيَّ فِيهِ بَرَكَاتِكَ، وَوَفِّقْنِي فِيهِ لِمُوْجَبَاتِ مَرْضَاتِكَ، وَأَسْكِنِي فِيهِ بُجُبُو حَاتِ جَنَّاتِكَ، يَا مُجِيبَ دَعْوَةِ الْمُضْطَرِّينَ

O Allah; on this day, open before me the doors to Your graces, And send down on me Your blessings, And make me reach the place of Your pleasure, And give me a place in the comforts of Janna; O The One Who answers the call of the distressed.



## DAY 23

اللَّهُمَّ اغْسِلْنِي فِيهِ مِنَ الذُّنُوبِ، وَطَهِّرْنِي فِيهِ مِنَ الْعَيُوبِ، وَامْتَحِنْ  
قَلْبِي فِيهِ بِتَقْوَى الْقُلُوبِ، يَا مُقْيِلَ عَنَّرَاتِ الْمُذْنِبِينَ

O Allah; on this day, wash away my sins; And purify me from all my flaws, And examine my heart so that I may achieve the piety of hearts; O He Who overlooks the shortcomings of those who sin.

## DAY 24

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ فِيهِ مَا يُرِضِّيَكَ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَّا يُؤْذِيَكَ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ  
الْتَّوْفِيقَ فِيهِ لَأَنْ أُطِيعَكَ وَلَا أَعْصِيَكَ، يَا جَوَادَ السَّائِلِينَ

O Allah; on this day, I ask You for that which pleases You, And I seek refuge in You from that which displeases You, And I ask You to grant me the opportunity to obey You and not to disobey You, O The One Who is generous with the ones who ask.

## DAY 25

اللَّهُمَّ اجْعَلْنِي فِيهِ حُبَّاً لِأَوْلَيَّ أَهْلَكَ، وَمَعَادِيَاً لِأَعْدَادِهِ، مُسْتَنَّا بِسُنَّةِ  
خَاتَمِ أَنْبِيَائِكَ، يَا أَعَاصِمَ قُلُوبِ التَّبِيَّنِ

O Allah; on this day, make me amongst those who love your friends, And dislike Your enemies, And following the way of the seal of Your Prophets; O the Guardian of the hearts of the Prophets.

## DAY 26

اللَّهُمَّ اجْعُلْ سَعْيِي فِيهِ مَشْكُورًا، وَذَنْبِي فِيهِ مَغْفُورًا،  
وَعَمَلِي فِيهِ مَقْبُولًا، وَعَيْبِي فِيهِ مَسْتُورًا، يَا أَسْمَعَ السَّامِعِينَ

O Allah: on this day, make my efforts worthy of appreciation, And my sins to be forgiven, And my deeds to be accepted, And my flaws to be concealed; O the best of those who hears.



## DAY 27

اللَّهُمَّ اتْرُقْنِي فِيهِ فَضْلَ لَيْلَةِ الْقَدْرِ، وَصَبِّرْ أُمُورِي فِيهِ مِنَ الْعُسْرِ  
إِلَى الْيُسْرِ، وَاقْبِلْ مَعَاذِيرِي، وَحُكِّ عَيْنَ الذَّنْبِ وَالْوِزْرِ، يَا رَوْدُوفًا  
بِعِبَادَةِ الصَّالِحِينَ

O Allah; on this day, bestow upon the blessings of the night of Qadr, And change my affairs from being difficult to being easy, And accept my apologies, And decrease for me my sins and my burdens; O Compassionate with His righteous servants.

## DAY 28

اللَّهُمَّ وَفِرْ حَضْرَتِي فِيهِ مِنَ التَّوَافِلِ، وَأَكْرِمْنِي فِيهِ بِإِحْصَابِ الْمُسَائِلِ،  
وَقَرِبْ فِيهِ وَسِيلَتِي إِلَيْكَ مِنْ بَيْنِ الْوَسَائِلِ، يَا مَنْ لَا يُشْغِلُهُ الْحَاجُ  
الْمُلِحِّينَ

O Allah: on this day, grant me a share in its recommended salaa, And honour me by attending to my problems, And make closer the means to approach You from all the means; O The One Who is not preoccupied by the requests of those who ask.

## DAY 29

اللَّهُمَّ عَشِّنِي فِيهِ بِالرَّحْمَةِ، وَأَرْزُقْنِي فِيهِ التَّوْفِيقَ وَالْعِصْمَةَ، وَطَهِّرْ  
قَلْبِي مِنْ غَيَاهِ التَّهَمَّةِ، يَا رَحِيمًا بِعِبَادِهِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ.

O Allah: on this day, cover me with Your mercy, And grant me its success and its protection (against sinning), And purify my heart from the darkness of false accusations. O The Merciful to His believing servants.

## DAY 30

اللَّهُمَّ اجْعَلْ صِيَامِي فِيهِ بِالشُّكْرِ وَالْقَبُولِ عَلَى مَا تَرَضَاهُ وَيَرْضَاهُ  
الرَّسُولُ، لِحُكْمَةٍ فُرُوعُهُ بِالْأَصْوَلِ، بِحَقِّ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ وَاللَّهِ  
الْطَّاهِرِينَ، وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

O Allah: on this day, make my fasts worthy of appreciation and acceptance, According to what pleases You and please the Messenger, The branches being strengthened by the roots, For the sake of our master, Muhammad, and his pure progeny. And praise and gratitude be to Allah; the Rabb of the worlds.



## AYYAMUL BIYDH – 13<sup>TH</sup>, 14<sup>TH</sup> & 15<sup>TH</sup> NIGHTS

Recommended to recite in the Ayyamul Biydh - the white days (lighted days - energised days) - 13th 14th 15th night and days.

Imam as-Sadiq (pbuh) has said "Whosoever prays during the nights of Ayyamul Biydh stands at the door of the abundant favours and bounties".

The Prophet (pbuh) was praying at Maqami Ibraheem when Jibrail came and after greeting him gave him this dua as a gift from Allah.

It is a means for forgiveness of sins even if they are equal to raindrops, leaves on a tree or sand in a desert.

Benefits of reciting the dua:

1. Cure for sickness
2. Alleviation of debt
3. Increase in sustenance
4. Independence
5. Solution of problems
6. Removal of sorrows

The only dua being asked here is:

أَحْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا مُجِيْدِي

Keep us safe from the fire - O Giver of Refuge, One who shelters, One who protects, one who defends

It appears 88x within the dua.

One does not ask for any other personal desires such as health, education, wealth, or protection from other worldly calamities. It is just seeking protection from the calamities of the fire in the hereafter /by extension any injustice in the world

#### MUJEER FROM JAAR - NEIGHBOUR - REFUGE

قُلْ مَنْ يَبْدِئُ مَلْكُوتَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَهُوَ يُجِيدُ وَلَا يَجِدُ عَلَيْهِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ

تَعْلَمُونَ

Say: Who is it in Whose hand is the kingdom of all things and Who gives REFUGE, but against Him REFUGE is not given, if you do but know? – 23:88



## DUA AL MUJEER

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Kind, the Merciful

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah! Send blessings on Muhammad and the family of Muhammad.

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا اللَّهُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا بُجَيْرَوْ

Glory be to You. O Allah! Exalted are You. O Beneficent!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا رَحِيمُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا بُجَيْرَوْ

Glory be to You. O Merciful! Exalted are You. O Generous!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مَلِكُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا بُجَيْرَوْ

Glory be to You. O Sovereign! Exalted are You. O Master!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا قُدُّوسُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا بُجَيْرَوْ

Glory be to You. O Holy! Exalted are You. O Peace! Keep us  
safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مُؤْمِنُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا بُجَيْرَوْ

Glory be to You. O Source of security! Exalted are You. O  
Loving Protector! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O  
Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا عَزِيزُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا مُجِيْدُ

Glory be to You. O Glorious! Exalted are You. O Omnipotent! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مُتَكَبِّرُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا مُجِيْدُ

Glory be to You. O Proud! Exalted are You. O Dominant Helper! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا خَالِقُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا مُجِيْدُ

Glory be to You. O Creator! Exalted are You. O Maker! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مُصَوِّرُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا مُجِيْدُ

Glory be to You. O Fashioner! Exalted are You. O Pre-ordainer! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا هَادِي تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا مُجِيْدُ

Glory be to You. O Guide! Exalted are You. O Ever-Living! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا وَهَابُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا مُجِيْدُ

Glory be to You. O Liberal! Exalted are You. O to Whom return all repentant! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!



سُبْحَانَكَ يَا فَتَّاحَ تَعَالَىٰ يَا مُرْتَأِعَ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Liberator! Exalted are You. O  
Comforter! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of  
Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا سَيِّدِيٍ تَعَالَىٰ يَا مَوْلَايِ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Chief! Exalted are You. O Mawla Keep  
us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا قَرِيبَ تَعَالَىٰ يَا رَقِيبَ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Near! Exalted are You. O Preserver!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مُبْدِئِ تَعَالَىٰ يَا مُعِينُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Originator! Exalted are You. O  
Resurrector! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver  
of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا حَمِيدُ تَعَالَىٰ يَا نَجِيلُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Praiseworthy! Exalted are You. O  
Glorified! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of  
Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا قَدِيرُ مُ تَعَالَىٰ يَا عَظِيمُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Eternal! Exalted are You. O Mighty!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا غَفُورٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا شَكُورٌ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Very Forgiving! Exalted are You. O Appreciator! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا شَاهِدُ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا شَهِيدُ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Ever-present! Exalted are You. O Witness! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا حَنَانٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا مَنَانٌ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Compassionate! Exalted are You. O Kind! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا بَاعِثُ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا وَارِثُ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Causer! Exalted are You. O Lord-possessor! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا حُبِيْرٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا مُمِيْثٌ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O He who gives life Exalted are You. O He who causes everything to die Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا شَفِيقٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا رَفِيقٌ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Loving! Exalted are You. O Helping Friend! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!



سُبْحَانَكَ يَا أَنِيْسُ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا مُؤْنَسُ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Companion! Exalted are You. O Familiar! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا جَلِيلُ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا جَمِيلُ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Magnificent! Exalted are You. O Elegant! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا حَبِيْرُ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا بَصِيرُ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O All-knowing! Exalted are You. O All-seeing! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا حَفِيْرُ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا مَلِيْلُ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Benevolent! Exalted are You. O Possessor of fortune! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مَعْبُودُ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا مَوْجُودُ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Adored! Exalted are You. O Ever-Existing! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا غَافِرُ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا قَهَّاَرُ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Forgiver! Exalted are You. O Subduer! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مَدْكُورٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا مَشْكُورٌ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Rememberable! Exalted are You. O Thankworthy! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا جَوَادٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا مَعَادٌ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Liberal Bestower! Exalted are You. O Whom everything returns to! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا جَمَالٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا جَلَالٌ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Pure Beauty! Exalted are You. O Majesty! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا سَابِقٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا رَازِقٌ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Ever-foremost! Exalted are You. O Giver of Livelihood! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا صَادِقٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا فَالِقٌ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Truthful! Exalted are You. O Splitter! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا سَمِيعٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا سَرِيعٌ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Hearer! Exalted are You. O Quick! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!



سُبْحَانَكَ يَا رَفِيعُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Sublime! Exalted are You. O Original Inventor! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا فَعَالُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Perpetrator! Exalted are You. O Most High! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا قَاضِي تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Judge! Exalted are You. O Consenting! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا طَاهِرُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Conqueror! Exalted are You. O Pure! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا عَالِمُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O All-Knowing! Exalted are You. O Ruler! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا دَائِمُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Ever-Lasting! Exalted are You. O Ever-enduring! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا عَاصِمٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا قَاسِمٌ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Defended! Exalted are You. O Distributer! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا غَنِيْرٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا مُغْنِيْ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Independent! Exalted are You. O Enricher! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا وَقِيْرٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا قَوِيْرٌ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O True to His word! Exalted are You. O Strong! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا كَافِيْرٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا شَافِيْرٌ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Self-sufficient! Exalted are You. O Effective Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مَقْدِلٌ مُّتَعَالَيْتَ يَا مُؤَخِّرٌ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Leader! Exalted are You. O Conclusion! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا أَوْلٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا أَخْرُجَرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O First! Exalted are You. O Eternal Last! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!



سُبْحَانَكَ يَا ظَاهِرٌ تَعَالَى إِنَّ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Evident! Exalted are You. O Hidden!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا رَجَاءُ تَعَالَى إِنَّ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Hope! Exalted are You. O Who is  
invoked! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of  
Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا ذَا الْمُنْتَهَى تَعَالَى إِنَّ الْطَّوْلَ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Lord of Favours! Exalted are You. O Lord  
of Bounties! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver  
of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا حَيٌّ تَعَالَى إِنَّ أَقْيُومَهُ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Ever-Alive! Exalted are You. O Ever-  
Durable! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of  
Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا وَاحِدٌ تَعَالَى إِنَّ أَحَدًا أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O One! Exalted are You. O Unique! Keep  
us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا سَيِّدُ تَعَالَى إِنَّ أَصْمَدُ أَجْرَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Chief! Exalted are You. O Self-  
Subsisting! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of  
Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا قَدِيرُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Able to do (Everything)! Exalted are You.  
O Great! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of  
Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا وَالِي تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Governor! Exalted are You. O Exalted!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا عَلِيٌّ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Most High! Exalted are You. O  
Supreme! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of  
Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا وَلِي تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Friend! Exalted are You. O Master! Keep  
us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا ذَارِيٌّ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Resolute! Exalted are You. O Foremost  
Creator Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of  
Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا خَافِضٍ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Abaser! Exalted are You. O Deliverer!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!



سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مُقْسِطُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا مَنْ أَنْتَ يَأْمُرُ  
سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مُقْسِطُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا مَنْ أَنْتَ يَأْمُرُ

Glory be to You. O Equitable! Exalted are You. O Gatherer!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مُعَزٌّ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا مَنْ أَنْتَ يَأْمُرُ  
سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مُعَزٌّ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا مَنْ أَنْتَ يَأْمُرُ

Glory be to You. O Who gives Honour! Exalted are You. O  
Subduer! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of  
Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا حَافِظُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا مَنْ أَنْتَ يَأْمُرُ  
سُبْحَانَكَ يَا حَافِظُ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا مَنْ أَنْتَ يَأْمُرُ

Glory be to You. O Guardian! Exalted are You. O  
Defending Administrator! Keep us safe from the everlasting  
fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا قَادِرٌ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا مَنْ أَنْتَ يَأْمُرُ  
سُبْحَانَكَ يَا قَادِرٌ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا مَنْ أَنْتَ يَأْمُرُ

Glory be to You. O Capable Power! Exalted are You. O  
Impenetrable! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver  
of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا عَلِيمٌ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا مَنْ أَنْتَ يَأْمُرُ  
سُبْحَانَكَ يَا عَلِيمٌ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا مَنْ أَنْتَ يَأْمُرُ

Glory be to You. O Knower! Exalted are You. O Forbearing!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا حَكَمٌ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا مَنْ أَنْتَ يَأْمُرُ  
سُبْحَانَكَ يَا حَكَمٌ تَعَالَى إِنَّمَا مَنْ أَنْتَ يَأْمُرُ

Glory be to You. O Authority! Exalted are You. O All-wise!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مُعْطِي تَعَالَى إِنْتَ يَا مَانِعَ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Liberal Giver! Exalted are You. O Protector! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا صَارُّ تَعَالَى إِنْتَ يَا نَافِعَ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Who has the power to punish! Exalted are You. O Who allows gains! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا نَجِيْبُ تَعَالَى إِنْتَ يَا حَسِيبَ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Who comes to help! Exalted are You. O Reckoner Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا عَادِلُ تَعَالَى إِنْتَ يَا فَاصِلُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Just! Exalted are You. O Distinguisher! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا لَطِيفُ تَعَالَى إِنْتَ يَا شَرِيفُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Subtle! Exalted are You. O Noble! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا رَبُّ تَعَالَى إِنْتَ يَا حَقُّ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Rabb! Exalted are You. O Truth! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!



سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مَاجِدُ تَعَالَى إِنْ يَأْمُدُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Noble! Exalted are You. O Resourceful!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا عَفْوُ تَعَالَى إِنْ يَأْمُدْتَنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Granter of amnesty! Exalted are You. O Avenger! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا وَاسِعُ تَعَالَى إِنْ يَأْمُسْعُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Bountiful! Exalted are You. O Plentiful!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا رَءُوفُ تَعَالَى إِنْ يَأْعُوفْ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Clement! Exalted are You. O Affectionate! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا فَرِدُ تَعَالَى إِنْ يَأْوِرُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Alone! Exalted are You. O Single! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مُقِيتُ تَعَالَى إِنْ يَأْحِيطُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Over-Seer! Exalted are You. O Who surrounds everything! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا وَكِيلَ تَعَالَىٰ يَا عَدْلُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Protecting Advocate! Exalted are You. O Justice! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مُبِينُ تَعَالَىٰ يَا مَتِينُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Manifest! Exalted are You. O Persevering! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا بَرُّ تَعَالَىٰ يَا وَدُودُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Source of goodness Exalted are You. O Beloved One! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا رَشِيدُ تَعَالَىٰ يَا مُرْشِدُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Who guides on the right path! Exalted are You. O Who leads on to the true path! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا نُورٌ تَعَالَىٰ يَا مُنَوِّرٌ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Light! Exalted are You. O Illuminator! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا نَصِيرٌ تَعَالَىٰ يَا نَاصِرٌ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Ally! Exalted are You. O Helper! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!



سُبْحَانَكَ يَا صَبُورٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا صَابِرٌ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Patient! Exalted are You. O Enduring!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا حُصِّيْتَ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا مُنْشِئُ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Who takes away! Exalted are You. O  
Who brings about! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O  
Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا سُبْحَانٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا دَيَّانٌ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Glorious! Exalted are You. O Requiter!  
Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا مُعِيْثٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا غَيَاثٌ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Who gives help! Exalted are You. O Who  
is called for help! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O  
Giver of Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا فَاطِرٌ تَعَالَيْتَ يَا حَاضِرٌ أَجْرُنَا مِنَ النَّارِ يَا نَجِيْرُ

Glory be to You. O Splitter! Exalted are You. O Ever-  
Present! Keep us safe from the everlasting fire O Giver of  
Refuge!

سُبْحَانَكَ يَا ذَا الْعِزَّةِ الْجَمَالِ تَبَارَكْتَ يَا ذَا الْجَدْوَتِ وَالْجَلَالِ

Glory be to You. O Lord of Honour and Grace Invoked for  
blessings. O Lord of Might and Majesty,

سُبْحَانَكَ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ سُبْحَانَكَ إِنِّي كُنْتُ مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ

Glory be to You. There is no god but You. Glory be to You.  
Verily, I have been a wrongdoer."

فَأَسْتَجَبْنَا لَهُ وَنَجَّيْنَاهُ مِنَ الْعُغْرَةِ وَكَذَلِكَ نَجِيَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

"So We heard his prayer and saved him from the anguish.  
Thus We save believers."

وَصَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ أَجْمَعِينَ وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

Blessings of Allah be on our chief, Muhammad and his Household, one and all. (All) praise be to Allah the Lord of the worlds.

وَحَسِبْنَا اللَّهُ وَنِعْمَ الْوَكِيلُ وَلَا حَوْلَ وَلَا قُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْعَظِيمِ

Sufficient for us is Allah. He is the Best Protector. There is no power and no might except (with) Allah, the High, the Great.



## GENERAL DUAS FOR THE LAST 10 NIGHTS

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah! Send blessing on Muhammad and his Ahlulbayt

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي قُلْتَ فِي كِتَابِكَ الْمُنْزَلِ

O Allah: You have said in Your revealed Book:

شَهْرُ رَمَضَانَ الَّذِي أُنْزِلَ فِيهِ الْقُرْآنُ

"The month of Ramadhan is that in which the Qur'an was revealed,

هُدًى لِلنَّاسِ وَبَيِّنَاتٍ مِنَ الْهُدَى وَالْقُرْآنُ

a guidance to men and clear proofs of the guidance and the distinction."

فَعَظَّمْتَ حُرْمَةَ شَهْرِ رَمَضَانَ بِمَا أَنْزَلْتَ فِيهِ مِنَ الْقُرْآنِ

You have thus rendered great the sanctity of this month of Ramadhan, Because You revealed the Qur'an in it,

وَخَصَّصْتَهُ بِلَيْلَةِ الْقَدْرِ وَجَعَلْتَهَا خَيْرًا مِنْ أَلْفِ شَهْرٍ

And You decided the Grand Night to be in this month exclusively, And You made it better than one thousand months.

اللَّهُمَّ وَهَذِهِ أَيَّامُ شَهْرِ رَمَضَانَ قَدْ انْقَضَتْ، وَلِيَالِيهِ قَدْ تَصَرَّمْتُ

O Allah: the days of the month of Ramadhan are elapsing,  
And its nights are also elapsing,

وَقَدْ صَرَّتُ يَا إِلَهِي مِنْهُ إِلَى مَا أَنْتَ أَعْلَمُ بِهِ مِنِّي

While I have become in the state that You, O my God, know  
better than I do,

وَأَحْطَى لِعَدَدِهِ مِنَ الْخُلُقِ أَجْمَعِينَ

And You can count it more precisely than all the created  
beings.

فَاسْأَلْكَ بِمَا سَأَلَكَ بِهِ مَلَائِكَةُ الْمُقْرَبِينَ

So, I beseech You in the name of that by which Your  
favourite angels,

وَأَنْبِيَا وَالْمُرْسَلُونَ، وَعِبَادُكَ الصَّالِحُونَ

And Your missioned Prophets, And Your righteous servants  
have besought You,

أَنْ تُصْلِي عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

That You may bless Muhammad and the Household of  
Muhammad,

وَأَنْ تَفْلِقَ رَقْبَتِي مِنَ النَّارِ، وَتُدْخِلَنِي الْجَنَّةَ بِرَحْمَتِكَ

And You may release me from Hellfire, And allow me to  
enter Paradise, by Your mercy,

وَأَنْ تَتَقَضَّلَ عَلَيَّ بِعَفْوِكَ وَكَرَمِكَ

And confer upon me with Your pardon and Your generosity,



وَتَتَقَبَّلْ تَقْرُبِي، وَتَسْتَجِيبْ دُعَائِي

And accept my seeking of nearness to You, And respond to my prayer,

وَتَمْنَ عَلَيِّ بِالْأَمْنِ يَوْمَ الْحُזْنِ مِنْ كُلِّ هَوْلٍ أَعْدَدْتَهُ لِيَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ

And bestow upon me with security on the Day of Dread Against all the horrors that You have prepared for the Resurrection Day.

إِلَهِي وَأَغُوذُ بِوجْهِكَ الْكَرِيمِ، وَبِجَلَالِكَ الْعَظِيمِ

O my God: I seek the protection of Your Noble Face, And Your Great Majesty,

أَنْ يَنْقَضِي أَيَّامُ شَهْرِ رَمَضَانَ وَلِيَالِيهِ

Against that the days and nights of the month of Ramadhan elapse,

وَلَكَ قِيلَيْ تَبِعَةٌ أَوْ ذَنْبٌ تُؤَاخِذُنِي بِهِ

While there is still a sin or an offense for which You may punish me,

أَوْ خَطِيئَةٌ تُرِيدُ أَنْ تَقْتَصَّهَا مِنِّي لَمْ تَغْفِرْهَا لِي

Or a wrongdoing for which You want to chastise me; and You have not yet forgiven them for me,

سَيِّدِي يَسِّيرِي يَسِّيرِي

O my Master; O my Master; O my Master;

أَسْأَلُكَ يَا لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ، إِذْ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ

I beseech You, O He save Whom there is no god, Indeed,  
there is no god save You,

إِنْ كُنْتَ رَاضِيَتَ عَنِّي فِي هَذَا الشَّهْرِ فَأَزْدَدْ عَنِّي رَضْيًّا

If You have been pleased with me in this month, Then  
(please) increase Your satisfaction with me;

وَإِنْ لَمْ تَكُنْ رَاضِيَتَ عَنِّي فَمِنَ الْآنَ فَأَرْضَ عَنِّي

And if You have not been pleased with me, Then (please) be  
satisfied with me from this moment,

يَا أَنْرَحَمَ الرَّاحِمِينَ

O the most Merciful of all those who show mercy.

يَا اللَّهُ يَا أَحَدُ يَا صَمَدُ يَا مَنْ لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يُوْلَدْ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهَ كُفُواً أَحَدٌ

O Allah; O the One and Only; O the Besought of all; O He  
Who begets not, nor is He begotten, And none is like Him



## YAA MULAYYINAL HADEEDI

RECITE REPEATEDLY:

يَا مُلَّيْنَ الْحُكْمِ لِدَاءُ دَعَى عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ

O He Who made the iron pliant for (Prophet) David, peace be upon him;

يَا كَاشفَ الضُّرِّ وَالْكُرَبَاءِ عَنْ أَيُّوبَ عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ

O He Who took off the harm and calamity that afflict (Prophet) Job, peace be upon him;

أَيُّ مُفَرِّجَ هَمٍّ يَعْقُوبَ عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ

O He Who relieved the sorrow of (Prophet) Jacob, peace be upon him;

أَيُّ مُنْقِسَ غَمٌّ يُوسُفَ عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ

O He Who removed the grief of (Prophet) Joseph, peace be upon him:

صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

(Please do) send blessings upon Muhammad and the Household of Muhammad,

كَمَا أَنْتَ أَهْلُهُ أَنْ تُصْلِي عَلَيْهِمْ أَجْمَعِينَ

As exactly as You are worthy of blessing them all,

وَافْعُلْ بِي مَا أَنْتَ أَهْلُهُ، وَلَا تَقْعُلْ بِي مَا أَنَا أَهْلُهُ

And (please) do to me that which befits You, And do not do to me that which I deserve.

## **LAYLATUL QADR**

### **THE NIGHT OF MEASURE/DECREE**

The night is also called:

SAYYIDUL LAYAALIY (The chief of nights)

QALBUSH SHAHR RAMADHAN (Heart of the month of Ramadhan)

AWWALUS SANAA' (Beginning of the spiritual year)

RA'SUS SANAA (Head of the year)

It is the night of the inauguration of the revelation of the Qur'an when a speck of Divinity came down on the earth. The Qur'an was revealed as a whole on Laylatul Qadr to the Prophet (pbuh) and then piecemeal as the occasion demanded and as ordered by Allah to the people.

It is the climax of the month of Ramadhan. As His guests He offers us hunger and thirst in order to reach a state of God-consciousness so we may be more receptive to understand the book which will take us to our full potential. In his hospitality offers us hunger and thirst in order to reach a state of taqwa. The Prophet used to do 'ittikaaf' (stay in the mosque) for the last 10 nights of the month of Ramadhan for in them lies the night of Qadr.

The angelic forces on the night bring limitless opportunities. The heart opens to Divine Light according to its capacity. Each is accorded a measure (decree) which with action leads to one's destiny.

It is reported that in the night an announcement is made: "Who is there amongst humankind to seek tonight the grace and forgiveness of the Rabb and receive it?"

It is a night when 'everyone's timetable' for the year is planned.



Prophet Musa (pbuh) once addressed Allah saying: "Lord! I desire to be near to You."

Allah said: "Whoever desires nearness to Me is one who remains awake during Laylatul Qadr (doing ibada)."

Prophet Musa (pbuh) said: "Lord! I wish to earn Your mercy."

Allah replied: "My mercy is granted to anyone who is merciful to the underprivileged during Laylatul Qadr."

Prophet Musa (pbuh) said: "Lord! I wish to pass on the right path."

Allah replied: "This is granted to anyone who gives sadaqa during Laylatul Qadr."

Prophet Musa (pbuh) said: "Lord! I wish to enjoy the trees and fruits of Janna!"

Allah replied: "This is granted to anyone who praises Me during Laylatul Qadr."

Prophet Musa (pbuh) said: "Lord! I wish to achieve salvation from the fire!"

Allah replied: "This is granted to anyone who seeks forgiveness during Laylatul Qadr."

Prophet Musa (pbuh) said: "Lord! I wish to achieve Your pleasure!"

Allah replied: "I shall be pleased with anyone who prays two (mustahab) rakaat salaa during Laylatul Qadr."

## WHEN IS LAYLATUL QADR?

شَهْرُ رَمَضَانَ الَّذِي أُنْزِلَ فِيهِ الْقُرْآنُ ...

"The month of Ramadhan is that in which the Qur'an was revealed..." 2:185

The night of Qadr is said to be one of the odd nights in the last ten days of the month of Ramadhan out of which the emphasis is on the 23<sup>rd</sup> of Ramadhan (Laylatul Qadr Al Kubra).

### SUPPORTING AHADITH - Hadith Al Juhni

Juhni lived far from Madina and had to bring his family and all his livestock when he came to visit the Prophet (pbuh). He asked the Prophet to tell him which was the most important night of the year so he could come annually. The Prophet whispered into his ear and the companions noticed that after that he would always come on the 23<sup>rd</sup> night of the month of Ramadhan.

Imam Ali (pbuh) narrates that the Prophet (pbuh) saw a dream that it was raining, and it was the night of Qadr. That year it only rained on the night of the 23<sup>rd</sup> of Ramadhan.

Imam Sadiq (pbuh) has also said: "The twenty-third night of the month of Ramadan is the one when every weighty matter is decided, when trials, tribulations, deaths, and means of sustenance and other matters are determined, and so will whatever Allah decrees to take place for the entire next year; so, congratulations to anyone who remains awake during it bowing, prostrating, contemplating upon his sins, weeping



on their account, for if you do all of that, God willing, you Will never be disappointed."

The nights of the 19<sup>th</sup> and the 21<sup>st</sup> of Ramadhan prepare for the 23<sup>rd</sup> night. There are 3 stages in the decision-making process:

1. 19th - Budget set - taqdeer (decided)
2. 21st - Distribute - Qadha
3. 23rd - Approved – Ibraam

## PLANNING FOR LAYLATUL QADR

The first step in preparation for Laylatul Qadr is to work out a direction (a goal to focus on).

“And everyone has a direction to which he turns, so hurry to the best of works; wherever you are, Allah will bring you all together; surely Allah has power over all things.” 2:148

By definition, if you are facing the right direction, all you need to do is to keep walking... or running...

Qadr is about thinking about the directions; Physical, Mental, Emotional & Spiritual.

He gives what is asked for ... (14:34)

A word of caution – Divinity does not read in between the lines, has no sense of humour – is very clear cut and straight and does not take kindly to ditherers... So, make sure YOU know where YOU want to go and what YOU want....

Laylatul Qadr is all about formulating a plan of how to leave a legacy for that in essence is the purpose of life.

“We have created death and life so that we may test which of you does the best of works...” Sura Al Mulk 67:2

1. Start making a list of your aspirations – Physical, mental, emotional and spiritual...
2. Decide on what legacy you want to leave. In essence the only thing you can take with you is what you leave behind. The most basic is memories - which others can revisit again and again...
3. Formulate a mission statement for yourself.

It must be no more than a single sentence, easily understood and be able to be recited from memory even at gunpoint....



## PRACTICAL TO DO'S

1. Please have a light iftar
2. Make sure your dua book & Qur'an is ready – Make short notes about each of the Ma'sumeen so you can connect with them during the A'maal. They are those who lived the Qur'an – use the night to understand them to find your direction. Aspire to meet the Imam of our time.  
For the 23<sup>rd</sup> night mark relevant ayaat in the 3 suwer ('Ankabut, Rum & Dukhan); and the relevant verses in Dua Tawba and Makarimul Akhlaq.
3. Sadaqa before tonight with the niyya of Qadr so it gets there in time. It is a practical manifestation of closeness to Divinity....
4. "One hour's reflection is better than 70 years worship" The Prophet said in normal day. On Laylatul Qadr it is better than  $83 \times 70 = 5810$  years (Laylatul Qadr better than 1000 months). Get your thinking, pondering, reflection caps on and make paradigm shifts in your lives....
5. Salaa – Use the night to understand its greatness
6. Dua – Rather than a ritualistic recitation – make it a conversation with divinity. Indulge in talking to Him asking for guidance... The Prophet (pbuh) when asked what one should ask Allah for during these nights, said: "Ask for your safety (here and in the hereafter)".
7. Do something extra ordinary for the ones you love; especially your parents and the ones who have captured your soul
8. Ask for forgiveness from as many as possible. Forgive those who have hurt you. Release yourself from their prison...

9. Say loads of "I LOVE YOU'S" to those you have taken for granted and cherish them.
10. Make your life plans – Make resolutions. List micro and macro goals and ask HIM to help execute.... List three things to aim for Physically, Mentally, Emotionally & Spiritually...
11. Write your will if you haven't yet done so...this is the time to leave your words of wisdom as a legacy (Take tips from Letter 31 of Nahjul Balaghha).
12. And strive for your full potential so that when the angel of death comes and says "Time Up" – You can say "I DID MY BEST"
13. Strive for Janna – do NOT settle for anything less

#### **A HADITH TO THINK ABOUT**

"You would not be seeking ME unless you had already found ME".



**Imam Ali (pbuh) has said:**

Everything has a fruit, and the fruit of the Qur'an is Sura Al Qadr

Everything has a treasure, and the treasure that removes poverty is Sura Al Qadr.

For everything there is a means whereby it can be attained, and the means of the weak is Sura Al Qadr."

For every hardship there is ease, and the ease of those suffering from hardship is Sura Al Qadr.

There is a shield against every evil, and the shield of the believers is Sura Al Qadr.

For everything there is guidance, and the guidance of the righteous is Sura Al Qadr.

There is excellence for everything, and the excellence of knowledge is Sura Al Qadr.

There is a adornment for everything, and the adornment of the Qur'an is Sura Al Qadr.

There is a shelter for everything, and the shelter of the faithful is Sura Al Qadr.

There is a glad tiding for everything, and the glad tiding of the innocent is Sura Al Qadr.

There is a Proof (Hujja) for everything, and the Hujja after the Prophet (pbuh) is Sura Al Qadr, **therefore, believe in it."**



AWESOMENESS OF THE NIGHT OF THE DESCENT OF THE QUR'AN

097

4

## PEACE

WHEN?

ANY ODD NIGHT IN THE LAST 10 DAYS.  
A GREATER EMPHASIS ON 19, 21 & 23

19 - APPORTIONED

21 - CONSOLIDATION

23 - VALIDATION

MOST SPIRITUAL WORK IS DONE IN THE NIGHT UNTIL FAJR (MEANING TO CRACK, BREAK OPEN) THE PEACE IS THE REALISATION THAT SUCCESS IS PEACE AND BALANCE IN REACHING ONE'S FULL POTENTIAL IN THE WORLD AND HEREAFTER.

Aya 5

3

## LIMITLESS OPPORTUNITIES

THE ANGELIC FORCES ON THIS NIGHT BRING LIMITLESS OPPORTUNITIES.

THE HEART OPENS ACCORDING TO EACH PERSON'S CAPACITY.

Aya 4

2

## BETTER THAN A LIFETIME

1000 MONTHS IS APPROXIMATELY 83 YEARS - ONE NIGHT OF REFLECTION AND CONNECTION TO THE TRUTH IS BETTER THAN A LIFETIME OF DIRECTIONAL EXISTENCE.

Aya 3

1

## NIGHT OF REVELATION

THE NIGHT WHEN THE QUR'AN WAS REVEALED AS A WHOLE TO THE HEART OF THE PROPHET (PBUH) 26:193-194 AND THEN PIECemeal AS THE OCCASION DEMANDED.

Ayaat 1-2

## SURA AL QADR – 97

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah The Beneficent, The Merciful

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ فِي لَيْلَةِ الْقَدْرِ

1. Indeed We sent it (the Qur'an) down on the night of Qadr.

وَمَا أَدْرَكَ مَا لَيْلَةُ الْقَدْرِ

2. And what will make you know what the night of Qadr is?

لَيْلَةُ الْقَدْرِ خَيْرٌ مِّنْ أَلْفِ شَهْرٍ

3. The night of Qadr is better than a thousand months.

تَنَزَّلُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ وَالرُّوحُ فِيهَا بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِمْ مِّنْ كُلِّ أَمْرٍ

4. The angel and the spirit descend in it with the permission of their Rabb; with all the commands.

سَلَامٌ هِيَ حَقٌّ مَطْلَعُ الْفَجْرِ

5. Peace! It is until the break of dawn.

## TIME MANAGEMENT – 19<sup>TH</sup> & 21<sup>ST</sup> NIGHTS

1. ASPIRATIONS	Aspirations, Goals, Planning
2. SADAQA	Sadaqa to reach its rightful place
3. GHUSL	
4. SALATUL MAGHRIB AND EISHA	
5. IFTAAR	Recite Sura Al Qadr Ask for hajaat at the time of iftaar. Doors of the heavens open (veil removed).
6. SALAA OF LAYLATUL QADR	2 rakaat salaa <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Al Faatiha &amp; 7x Al Ikhlaas in each.</li> <li>• 70x Astaghfirullah wa atubu ilayh.</li> </ul>
7. ISTIGHFAAR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Acknowledge sins</li> <li>• Remorse</li> <li>• U-Turn</li> <li>• Need help not to return to sinning</li> <li>• Make this ultimate repentance</li> </ul>
8. LA'N	Withdrawal of mercy from those who manifest evil and injustice.
9. QUR'AN & MA'SUMEEN	Acknowledging awesomeness of Qur'an (placing on head). Verbalising names of the talking Qur'an (Ma'sumeen).
10. MUNAJAT OF IMAM ALI (PBUH)	Refuge on the day of Qiyama and relationship between Divinity & human being through Asmaul Husna.
11. ZIYARA AND DUAS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ziyara of Imam Husayn (pbuh)</li> <li>• Dua Abu Hamza Thumali</li> <li>• Dua Jawshan Kabeer</li> </ul>
12. SEHRI	Sura Al Qadr
13. SALATUL LAYL	
14. SALATUL FAJR	



## A'MAAL FOR THE 19<sup>TH</sup> & 21<sup>ST</sup> NIGHTS

1. Ghusl at the beginning and the end of the night. Allama Majlisi says, "It is better to do ghusl before sunset so that the night prayers may be performed after it"
2. Pray two rakaats of salaa, in every rakaa recite Sura Al Faatiha and Sura Al Ikhlaas 7x, and after finishing the salaa 70 x recite:

أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهَ وَأَتُوبُ إِلَيْهِ

I seek forgiveness of Allah, and I turn (repentant) to Him.

3. Recite 100x

أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهِ رَبِّيْ وَأَتُوبُ إِلَيْهِ

I seek forgiveness of Allah, my Rabb, and I turn (repentant) to Him.

4. Recite 100x

اللَّهُمَّ اعْنُ قَتْلَةَ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

O Allah, condemn those who killed Ameerul Mu'mineen.

5. Open the Qur'an and whilst looking at it recite:

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ بِكِتَابِكَ الْمُنْزَلِ وَمَا فِيهِ وَفِيهِ أَسْمَكَ الْأَكْبَرِ وَ  
أَسْمَأُكَ الْحُسْنَى وَمَا يُحَافَ وَيُرْجَى أَنْ تَجْعَلَنِي مِنْ عَنَّقَائِكَ مِنَ النَّارِ

O Allah, I ask You for the sake of Your revealed book, and what is in it, and in it is Your greatest name, and (all) Your beautiful names, and what is feared and hoped for. Make me amongst those whom You have saved from the fire.

## ASK FOR YOUR HAJAAT

6. Place the Qur'an on your head and say,

اللَّهُمَّ بِحَقِّ هَذَا الْقُرْآنِ وَبِحَقِّ مَنْ أَنْسَلْتَهُ بِهِ وَبِحَقِّ كُلِّ مُؤْمِنٍ مَدْحُوتَهُ  
فِيهِ وَبِحَقِّكَ عَلَيْهِمْ فَلَا أَحَدَ أَعْرَفُ بِحَقِّكَ مِنْكَ

O Allah, for the sake of this Qur'an, for the sake of every believer You have praised in it, and for the sake of Your right over them, for none is more aware of Your right over them than Yourself.

Repeat 10 times each:

بِعَلِيٍّ بْنِ مُوسَى  
بِالْحُسَيْنِ  
بِكَ يَا اللَّهُ

بِمُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ عَلَيٍّ  
بِعَلِيٍّ بْنِ الْحُسَيْنِ  
بِمُحَمَّدٍ

بِعَلِيٍّ بْنِ حَمَدٍ  
بِعَلِيٍّ بْنِ عَلَيٍّ  
بِعَلِيٍّ

بِالْحَسَنِ بْنِ عَلَيٍّ  
بِجَعْفَرِ بْنِ حَمَدٍ  
بِفَاطِمَةَ

بِالْحُجَّةِ عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ  
بِمُوسَى بْنِ جَعْفَرٍ  
بِالْحَسَنِ



## 14 MA'SUMEEN AT A GLANCE

<p><b>PROPHET MUHAMMAD (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Abdullah/Amina</p> <p>B: 17 Rabi ul Awwal – Makka D: 28 Safar - Madina</p> <p><b>TRUSTWORTHY TRUTHFUL MERCY TO THE WORLDS</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM ALI (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Abu Talib/Fatima bint Asad</p> <p>B: 13 Rajab – Makka D: 21 Ramadhan - Najaf</p> <p><b>PERFECT STUDENT OF THE PROPHET SUCCESSOR TO THE PROPHET</b></p>	<p><b>SAYYIDA FATIMA ZAHRA (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: P. Muhammad/Khadija</p> <p>B: 17 Jamad ul Akher- Makka D: 14 Jamad ul Awwal - Madina</p> <p><b>MOTHER OF HER FATHER AWESOME WIFE,MUM, TEACHER UPHOLDER OF RIGHTS</b></p>
<p><b>IMAM HASAN (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Ali/Sayyida Fatima</p> <p>B: 15 Ramadhan – Madina D: 7 Safar - Madina</p> <p><b>LAID DOWN THE FOUNDATION FOR IMAM HUSAYN'S REVOLUTION</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM HUSAYN (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Ali/Sayyida Fatima</p> <p>B: 3 Sha'ban – Madina D: 10 Muharram - Karbala</p> <p><b>EVERY DAY IS 'ASHURA EVERY LAND IS KARBALA</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM ALI ZAYNUL ABIDEEN (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Husayn/Shahrbanu</p> <p>B: 5 Sha'ban – Madina D: 25 Muharram - Madina</p> <p><b>SAHIFATUS SAJJADIYYA MAJAALIS</b></p>
<p><b>IMAM MUHAMMAD BAQIR (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Sajjad/Fatima bint Husayn</p> <p>B: 1 Rajab – Madina D: 7 Dhulhijja - Madina</p> <p><b>MADE LEARNING EASY (SPLIT OPEN KNOWLEDGE)</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM JA'FER SADIQ (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Baqir/Umm Farwa</p> <p>B: 17 Rabi ul Awwal – Madina D: 25 Shawwal - Madina</p> <p><b>MADE MASJIDUN NABI A UNIVERSITY 4000 STUDENTS</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM MUSA KADHIM (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Sadiq/Hamida Barbariyya</p> <p>B: 7 Safar – Abwa D: 25 Rajab - Kadhmayn</p> <p><b>RESEMBLED PROPHET MUSA UNSHAKEABLE PATIENCE</b></p>
<p><b>IMAM ALI RIDHA (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Kadhim/Suttana</p> <p>B: 11 Dhulqa'da – Madina D: 29 Safar – Mash-had (Toos)</p> <p><b>TRANSFORMED IRAN INTO A CENTRE OF KNOWLEDGE</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM MUHAMMAD TAQI (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Ridha/Sabika</p> <p>B: 10 Rajab – Madina D: 29 Dhulqa'da - Kadhmayn</p> <p><b>INITIATED PREPARATION FOR GHAYBA* *OCCULTATION OF IMAM MAHDI</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM ALI NAQI (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Jawad/Sumana</p> <p>B: 15 Dhulhijja – Madina D: 3 Rajab – Samarra</p> <p><b>PREPARATION FOR GHAYBA</b></p>
<p><b>IMAM HASAN ASKERY (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Hadi/Sulail</p> <p>B: 10 Rabi ul Akher – Madina D: 8 Rabi ul Awwal - Samarra</p> <p><b>PREPARATION FOR GHAYBA</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM MUHAMMAD MAHDI (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Hasan Askery/ Nargis</p> <p>B: 15 Sha'ban – Samarra</p> <p><b>THE AWAITED SAVIOUR</b></p>	<p><b>1191 yrs (2025)</b></p> <p><b>IMAM MUHAMMAD MAHDI (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Hasan Askery/ Nargis</p> <p>B: 15 Sha'ban – Samarra</p>



7. Then recite the following duas:

### DUA 1 – ALLAHUMMA INNIY AMSAYTU...

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Kind, the Merciful

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah! Send blessings on Muhammad and the family of Muhammad.

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَمْسَيْتُ لَكَ عَبْدًا دُخْرَ الْأَمْلَكِ لِنَفْسِي نَقْعًا وَلَا خَرَّا

I have passed the evening as a very humble servant of Yours  
I have no control over the gains and losses for my self

وَلَا أَصْرِفُ عَنْهَا سُوءً وَأَعْتَرِفُ لَكَ بِضَعْفِ قُوَّتِي وَقِلَّةِ حِيلَتِي

and I cannot drive back any evil from myself.

To You do I confess of my powerlessness and my  
feebleness.

فَصَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ وَاجْبِرْ لِي مَا وَعَدْتَنِي

So, (please do) send blessings to Muhammad and the  
Household of Muhammad and fulfil what You have promised  
me,

وَجَمِيعَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ مِنْ أُمُّ الْمُغْفَرَةِ فِي هَذِهِ اللَّيْلَةِ

as well as all the believing men and women; that is Your  
forgiveness at this night,



وَأَتَّمْمُ عَلَيَّ مَا آتَيْتَنِي

and accomplish that which You have conferred upon me

فَإِنِّي عَبْدُكَ الْمُسْكِنُ الْمُسْتَكِينُ الْفَقِيرُ الْمُهْبَطُ

, for I am Your slave—the poor, the humble, the weak, the needy, and the humiliated.

اللَّهُمَّ لَا تَجْعَلْنِي نَاسِيًّا لِذِكْرِكَ فِيمَا أَوْلَيْتَنِي

O Allah, (please) do not make me negligent of Your mention as regards that which You have bestowed upon me,

وَلَا غَافِلًا لِحُسَانِكَ فِيمَا أَعْطَيْتَنِي

do not make me inadvertent to Your favors to me as regards that which You have given me,

وَلَا آيْسًا مِنْ إِجَابَتِكَ وَلَنْ أَبْطَأَتْ عَيْنِي

do not make me despair of Your responding to me, even if such response is postponed,

فِي سَرَّ آءَ أَوْ ضَرَّ آءَ أَوْ شِدَّةَ أَوْ رَحَاءَ أَوْ عَافِيَةَ أَوْ بَلَاءَ أَوْ بُؤُسَ أَوْ نَعْمَاءَ

whether I be in prosperity, adversity, hardship, comfort, wellbeing, ordeal, misery, or bliss.

إِنَّكَ سَمِيعُ الْلُّغَاءِ

Verily, You are the Hearer of prayers.

## DUA 2 – YAA DHAL LADHI KAANA QABLA...

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Kind, the Merciful

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah! Send blessings on Muhammad and the family of Muhammad.

يَا ذَوَ الْكَلْمَنَاتِ كَمَا كَانَ قَبْلَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ ثُمَّ خَلَقَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ

O He Who has been always there before all things, And He then created all things,

ثُمَّ يَبْقَى وَيَقْنُتُ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ

And He then stays while all things vanish.

يَا ذَوَ الْكَلْمَنَاتِ لَيْسَ كَمُثْلِهِ شَيْءٌ، وَيَا ذَوَ الْكَلْمَنَاتِ لَيْسَ فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ الْعُلُوِّ

O He Whose like is not found at all O He; neither in the highest heavens,

وَلَا فِي الْأَرْضَيْنِ السَّفْلَى، وَلَا فَوْقَهُنَّ وَلَا تَحْتَهُنَّ

Nor in the lowest layers of the earth Nor above them, nor beneath them,

وَلَا بَيْنَهُنَّ إِلَهٌ يُعْبَدُ غَيْرُهُ

nor there is between them any god that is worshipped save Him.



لَكَ الْحَمْدُ حَمْدًا لَا يَقُولُ عَلَى إِحْصَائِهِ إِلَّا أَنْتَ

To You be the praise that none can count save You,

فَصَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَاتَةً لَا يَقُولُ عَلَى إِحْصَائِهَا إِلَّا أَنْتَ

So, please bless Muhammad and the Household of Muhammad with the blessings that none can count save You.

### DUA 3 – ALLAHUMMAJ 'AL FIY MAA...

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Kind, the Merciful

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah! Send blessings on Muhammad and the family of Muhammad.

اللَّهُمَّ أْجِعْلْ فِي مَا تَقْضِي وَتَقْدِيرُ مِنَ الْأَمْرِ الْمَحْتُومِ

O Allah, among the matters that You decide and make from among the inevitable affairs

وَفِي مَا تَفْرُقُ مِنَ الْأَمْرِ أَحْكِمْ فِي لَيْلَةِ الْقَدْرِ

and from among the wise matters that You make distinct at the Destiny Night

وَفِي الْقَضَاءِ الَّذِي لَا يُرَدُّ وَلَا يُبَدَّلُ

from among the act that is neither rejected nor altered,

أَنْ تَكْتُبْنِي مِنْ حَجَّاجَ بَيْتِكَ الْحَرَامِ

(please) decide me to be with the pilgrims to Your Holy House

الْمَكْبُورِ حَجْهُمُ الْمَشْكُورِ سَعْيُهُمُ

those whose pilgrimage is admitted, whose efforts are praised,

الْمُغْفُورِ ذُنُوبُهُمُ الْمُكَفَّرُ عَنْهُمُ سَيِّئَاتُهُمُ

whose sins are forgiven, and whose offenses and pardoned.

وَاجْعَلْ فِي مَا تَقْضِي وَتُقْدِرُ أَنْ تُطِيلَ عُمُرِي

Among the matters that You decide and make, (please) prolong my lifetime

وَتُوَسِّعْ لِي فِي رِزْقِي وَتَفْعَلْ بِي ...

and expand my sustenance.



8. Recite the Ziyara of Imam Husayn (pbuh).

9. Recite Munajat of Imam Ali (pbuh).

When you recite it ponder over the comparison between Creator & created and reflect.

10. Recite 100 (or 10) rakaats salaa if possible, with Sura Al Ikhlaas after Sura Al Faatiha in each rakaat.

**11. Recite Jawshan Kabeer.**

12. Pray Salatul Layl at the end of the night.

## MUNAJAT IMAM ALI (PBUH)

### ALSO KNOWN AS MUNAJAT MASJID KUFA

Munajat comes from najwa meaning a whispered secret intimate conversation. It is often confused with the Urdu word Munajat which means a recital or Qasida.

Allah in the Qur'an says: *There is no (najwa) secret conversation between three people except that he is the fourth of them nor (between) five but He is the sixth of them, nor less than that nor more but He is with them wheresoever they are: then He will inform them of what they did on the Day of resurrection: surely Allah is aware of all things. 58:7*

The Munajat is divided into two parts:

The **first part** asks for refuge on the Day of Qiyama vividly describing it from the Qur'an. A day when no excuses will be accepted, when wealth and children will not avail, when the human being will sacrifice his nearest and dearest to save himself from the fire and each will be occupied with himself... The only one accepted will be the one with Qalb Saleem (A wholesome healthy heart)

The **second part** alludes to the relationship between Divinity and the human being using Asmaul Husna (the attributes of Allah) 22 names are referred to.

The Prophet (pbuh) has said: "*No one will ever be grieved if he asks Allah by every Name that belongs to Him, that He has called Himself by, or has brought down in His book, or has taught to any of His creation.*"

This means that Allah's Names and Attributes are far greater in power than we know or can relate to. All the Attributes are like facets of one Divine cosmic principle. The all-encompassing Name of this essence is Allah, and every facet reflects its own special colour and relates to other attributes closest to it.



## MUNAJAT IMAM ALI (PBUH)

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the Name of Allah, the All-merciful, the All-compassionate

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسأَلُكَ الْأَمَانَ يَوْمَ لَا يَنْفَعُ مَالٌ وَلَا بُنُونَ

O Allah, I ask You for protection on the day when property will not avail, nor sons

إِلَّا مَنْ أَتَى اللَّهَ بِقَلْبٍ سَلِيمٍ

except he who comes with a heart free (from evil) (26:88)

وَأَسأَلُكَ الْأَمَانَ يَوْمَ يَعْصُ الظَّالِمُونَ عَلَى يَدِيهِ

And I ask You for protection on the day when the unjust one will bite his hands

يَقُولُ يَا لَيْتَنِي أَتَخَذُ مَعَ الرَّسُولِ سَبِيلًا

saying: O would that I had taken a way with the messenger (25:27)

وَأَسأَلُكَ الْأَمَانَ يَوْمَ يُعْرَفُ الْمُجْرِمُونَ بِسِيمَاهُمْ

And I ask You for protection on the day when the guilty shall be recognised by their marks

فَيُؤْخَذُ بِالنَّوَاصِي وَالْأَقْدَامِ

so they shall be seized by the forelocks and the feet (55:41)

وَاسْأَلْكَ الْأَمَانَ يَوْمَ لَا يَجِزِي وَالِدٌ عَنْ وَلَدِهِ

And I ask You for protection on the day when a father shall not give any satisfaction for his son

وَلَا مَوْلُودٌ هُوَ جَازٍ عَنْ وَالِدٍ شَيْئًا إِنَّ وَعْدَ اللَّهِ حَقٌّ

nor shall the child give any satisfaction for his father, Surely the promise of Allah is true (31:33)

وَاسْأَلْكَ الْأَمَانَ يَوْمَ لَا يَنْفَعُ الظَّالِمِينَ مَعْذِرَةُهُمْ

And I ask You for protection on the day when the unjust shall not benefit from their excuse

وَهُمُ اللَّعْنَةُ وَهُمْ سُوءُ الدَّارِ

and for them is curse and for them is the evil abode (40:52)

وَاسْأَلْكَ الْأَمَانَ يَوْمَ لَا تَمْلِكُ نَفْسٌ شَيْئًا وَالْأَمْرُ يَوْمَئِنْ لِلَّهِ

And I ask You for protection on the day when no soul shall control anything for (another) soul and the command on that day shall be entirely Allah's (82:19)

وَاسْأَلْكَ الْأَمَانَ يَوْمَ يَفِرُّ الْمُرْءُ مِنْ أَخِيهِ وَأُمِّهِ وَأَبِيهِ

And I ask You for protection on the day when a man shall flee from his brother, and his mother, his father,

وَصَاحِبِتِهِ وَبَنِيهِ لِكُلِّ أَمْرٍ يِنْهُمْ يَوْمَئِنْ شَانٌ يُعْنِيهِ

his spouse, and his children, each one of them on that day will have a concern which will occupy him (80:34)

وَاسْأَلْكَ الْأَمَانَ يَوْمَ يَوْدُ الْمُجْرِمُ لَوْ يَفْتَدِي مِنْ عَذَابٍ

And I ask You for protection on the day when the guilty will wish to redeem himself from the chastisement



يَوْمَئِنْ يَرْبِنِيهِ وَصَاحِبَتِهِ وَأَخِيهِ وَفَصِيلَتِهِ الَّتِي تُؤْرِيهِ

of that day by (sacrificing) his children, and the near of kin who gave him shelter

وَمَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا لَمْ يُنْجِيهِ كَلَّا إِلَّا لَعْنَى نَزَّاعَةً لِلشَّوَّافِ

and all those that are in the earth (wising) that this might deliver him by no means! Surely it is a flaming fire, dragging by the head (70:11-16)

مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْمُؤْلِي وَأَنَا الْعَبْدُ

and who else can be merciful to the slave except the Master?

وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْعَبْدَ إِلَّا الْمُؤْلِي

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Master and I am the Slave,

مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْمَالِكُ وَأَنَا الْمَمْلُوكُ

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Owner and I am the one owned by You,

وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْمَمْلُوكَ إِلَّا الْمَالِكُ

and who else can be merciful to the owned except the owner?

مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْعَزِيزُ وَأَنَا الدَّلِيلُ

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Mighty and I am the low,

وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الدَّلِيلَ إِلَّا الْعَزِيزُ

and who else can be merciful to the low except the Mighty?

**مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْخَالقُ وَأَنَا الْمُخْلُوقُ**

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Creator and I am the creature,

**وَهُلْ يَرْحَمُ الْمَخْلُوقَ إِلَّا الْخَالقُ**

and who else can be merciful to the creature except the Creator?

**مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْعَظِيمُ وَأَنَا الْحَمِيرُ**

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Glorious and I am the miserable,

**وَهُلْ يَرْحَمُ الْحَمِيرَ إِلَّا الْعَظِيمُ**

and who else can be merciful to the miserable except the Glorious?

**مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْقَوِيُّ وَأَنَا الْضَّعِيفُ**

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Powerful and I am the weak,

**وَهُلْ يَرْحَمُ الْضَّعِيفَ إِلَّا الْقَوِيُّ**

and who else can be merciful to the weak except the Powerful?

**مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْغَنِيُّ وَأَنَا الْفَقِيرُ**

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Wealthy and I am the Poor,

**وَهُلْ يَرْحَمُ الْفَقِيرَ إِلَّا الْغَنِيُّ**

and who else can be merciful to the poor except the Wealthy?



**مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْمُعْطِي وَأَنَا السَّائِلُ**

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Bestower and I am the beggar,

**وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ السَّائِلَ إِلَّا الْمُعْطِي**

and who else can be merciful to the beggar except the Bestower?

**مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْحَيُّ وَأَنَا الْمَيِّتُ**

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Living and I am the dead,

**وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْمَيِّتَ إِلَّا الْحَيُّ**

and who else can be merciful to the dead except the Living?

**مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْبَاقِي وَأَنَا الْفَانِي**

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Eternal and I am the transient,

**وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْفَانِي إِلَّا الْبَاقِي**

and who else can be merciful to the transient except the Eternal?

**مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الدَّائِمُ وَأَنَا الرَّآئِلُ**

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Permanent and I am the short-lived,

**وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الرَّآئِلَ إِلَّا الدَّائِمُ**

and who else can be merciful to the short-lived except the Permanent?

مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الرَّازِقُ وَأَنَا الْمَرْزُوقُ

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Provider and I am the blessed,

وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْمَرْزُوقَ إِلَّا الرَّازِقُ

and who else can be merciful to the blessed except the Provider?

مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْجُوَادُ وَأَنَا الْبَخِيلُ

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Generous and I am the miser,

وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْبَخِيلَ إِلَّا الْجُوَادُ

and who else can be merciful to the miser except the Generous?

مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْمُعَافِي وَأَنَا الْمُبَتَلِّي

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Healer and I am the afflicted,

وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْمُبَتَلِّي إِلَّا الْمُعَافِي

and who else can be merciful to the afflicted except the Healer?

مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْكَبِيرُ وَأَنَا الصَّغِيرُ

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Great and I am the insignificant,

وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الصَّغِيرَ إِلَّا الْكَبِيرُ

and who else can be merciful to the insignificant except the Great?



**مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْهَادِي وَأَنَا الضَّالُّ**

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Leading and I am the straying,

**وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الضَّالَّ إِلَّا الْهَادِي**

and who else can be merciful to the straying except the Leading?

**مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الرَّحْمَنُ وَأَنَا الْمَرْحُومُ**

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Merciful and I am the one shown mercy,

**وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْمَرْحُومَ إِلَّا الرَّحْمَنُ**

and who else can be merciful to the one shown mercy except the Merciful?

**مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ السُّلْطَانُ وَأَنَا الْمُمْتَحَنُ**

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Authority and I am the tried,

**وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْمُمْتَحَنَ إِلَّا السُّلْطَانُ**

and who else can be merciful to the tried except the Authority?

**مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الدَّلِيلُ وَأَنَا الْمُتَحَبِّرُ**

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Guide and I am the confused,

**وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْمُتَحَبِّرَ إِلَّا الدَّلِيلُ**

and who else can be merciful to the confused except the Guide?

مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْغَفُورُ وَأَنَا الْمُذْنِبُ

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Forgiver and I am the sinner,

وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْمُذْنِبَ إِلَّا الْغَفُورُ

and who else can be merciful to the sinner except the Forgiver?

مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْغَالِبُ وَأَنَا الْمُغْلُوبُ

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Victor and I am the defeated,

وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْمُغْلُوبَ إِلَّا الْغَالِبُ

and who else can be merciful to the defeated except the Victor?

مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الرَّبُّ وَأَنَا الْمَرْبُوبُ

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the Nourisher and I am the nourished,

وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْمَرْبُوبَ إِلَّا الرَّبُّ

and who else can be merciful to the nourished except the Nourisher?

مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ أَنْتَ الْمُتَكَبِّرُ وَأَنَا الْحَامِشُ

My Lord, O my Lord, You are the High-handed and I am the humble,

وَهَلْ يَرْحَمُ الْحَامِشَ إِلَّا الْمُتَكَبِّرَ

and who else can be merciful to humble the except the High-handed?



مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ إِنَّ حَمْنِي بِرَحْمَتِكَ

My Lord, O my Lord, have mercy on me by Your mercy,

وَأَنْصَعْنِي بِنِعْدَلَتِكَ وَكَرْمِكَ وَفَضْلِكَ

and be pleased with me by Your Generosity and Your  
Magnanimity and Your Grace,

يَا ذَا الْجُودِ وَالْإِحْسَانِ وَالْطَّوْلِ وَالْإِمْتِنَانِ

O the Generous, and Beneficent, O the Almighty and the  
Benefactor,

بِرَحْمَتِكَ يَا أَنْرَحَمَ الرَّاحِمِينَ

By your Mercy, O the most Merciful of the Merciful.

## TIME MANAGEMENT – 23<sup>RD</sup> NIGHT

1. ASPIRATIONS	Aspirations, Goals, Planning
2. SADAQA	Sadaqa to reach its rightful place
3. GHUSL	
4. SALATUL MAGHRIB AND EISHA	
5. IFTAAR	Recite Sura Al Qadr Ask for hajaat at the time of iftaar. Doors of the heavens open (veil removed).
6. SALAA OF LAYLATUL QADR	2 rakaat salaa <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Al Faatiha &amp; 7x Al Ikhlaas in each.</li> <li>• 70x Astaghfirullah wa atubu ilayh.</li> </ul>
7. ISTIGHFAAR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Acknowledge sins</li> <li>• Remorse</li> <li>• U-Turn</li> <li>• Need help not to return to sinning</li> <li>• Make this ultimate repentance</li> </ul>
8. QUR'AN & MA'SUMEEN	Acknowledging awesomeness of Qur'an (placing on head). Verbalising names of the talking Qur'an (Ma'sumeen).
9. DUAS TAWBA & MAKARIMUL AKHLAQ	Seeking forgiveness and promise to reform
10. 'ANKABUT, RUM & DUKHAN	Recommended Qur'anic suwer for Laylatul Qadr
11. ZIYARA AND DUAS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ziyara of Imam Husayn (pbuh)</li> <li>• Dua Abu Hamza Thumali</li> <li>• Dua Jawshan Kabeer</li> </ul>
12. SEHRI	Sura Al Qadr
13. SALATUL LAYL	
14. SALATUL FAJR	



## A'MAAL FOR THE 23rd NIGHT

1. Ghusl at the beginning and the end of the night. Allama Majlisi says, "It is better to do ghusl before sunset so that the night prayers may be performed after it"
2. Pray two rakaats of salaa, in every rakaa recite Sura Al Faatihah and Sura Al Ikhlaas 7x, and after finishing the salaa 70 x recite:

أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهَ وَأَتُوْبُ إِلَيْهِ

I seek forgiveness of Allah, and I turn (repentant) to Him.

3. Recite 100x

أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهَ رَبِّيْ وَأَتُوْبُ إِلَيْهِ

I seek forgiveness of Allah, my Rabb, and I turn (repentant) to Him.

4. Open the Qur'an and whilst looking at it recite:

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ بِكِتَابِكَ الْمُنْزَلِ وَمَا فِيهِ وَفِيهِ أَسْمَكَ الْأَكْبَرِ وَ  
أَسْمَأُكَ الْأَحْسَنِ وَمَا يُحَافِظُ وَيُرْجِي أَنْ تَجْعَلَنِي مِنْ عَنَّقَائِكَ مِنَ النَّارِ

O Allah, I ask You for the sake of Your revealed book, and what is in it, and in it is Your greatest name, and (all) Your beautiful names, and what is feared and hoped for. Make me amongst those whom You have saved from the fire.

**ASK FOR YOUR HAJAAT**

5. Place the Qur'an on your head and say,

اللَّهُمَّ إِنَّ هَذَا الْقُرْآنَ وَإِنَّمَا مَنْ أَنْزَلَهُ بِهِ وَإِنَّمَا كُلُّ مُؤْمِنٍ مَدْحُوتُهُ  
فِيهِ وَإِنَّكَ عَلَيْهِمْ فَلَا أَحَدَ أَعْرَفُ بِإِحْقَاقِكَ مِنْكَ

O Allah, for the sake of this Qur'an, for the sake of every believer You have praised in it, and for the sake of Your right over them, for none is more aware of Your right over them than Yourself.

Repeat 10 times each:

بِعَلِيٍّ بْنِ مُوسَى      بِالْحُسَيْنِ      بِكَ يَا اللَّهُ

بِمُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ عَلِيٍّ      بِعَلِيٍّ بْنِ الْحُسَيْنِ      بِمُحَمَّدٍ

بِعَلِيٍّ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ      بِمُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ عَلِيٍّ      بِعَلِيٍّ

بِالْحُسَيْنِ بْنِ عَلِيٍّ      بِجَعْفَرٍ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ      بِفَاطِمَةَ

بِالْحُجَّةِ عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ      بِمُوسَى بْنِ جَعْفَرٍ      بِالْحُسَنِ



## 14 MA'SUMEEN AT A GLANCE

<p><b>PROPHET MUHAMMAD (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Abdullah/Amina</p> <p>B: 17 Rabi ul Awwal – Makka D: 28 Safar - Madina</p> <p><b>TRUSTWORTHY TRUTHFUL MERCY TO THE WORLDS</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM ALI (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Abu Talib/Fatima bint Asad</p> <p>B: 13 Rajab – Makka D: 21 Ramadhan - Najaf</p> <p><b>PERFECT STUDENT OF THE PROPHET SUCCESSOR TO THE PROPHET</b></p>	<p><b>SAYYIDA FATIMA ZAHRA (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: P. Muhammad/Khadija</p> <p>B: 17 Jamad ul Akher- Makka D: 14 Jamad ul Awwal - Madina</p> <p><b>MOTHER OF HER FATHER AWESOME WIFE,MUM, TEACHER UPHOLDER OF RIGHTS</b></p>
<p><b>IMAM HASAN (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Ali/Sayyida Fatima</p> <p>B: 15 Ramadhan – Madina D: 7 Safar - Madina</p> <p><b>LAID DOWN THE FOUNDATION FOR IMAM HUSAYN'S REVOLUTION</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM HUSAYN (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Ali/Sayyida Fatima</p> <p>B: 3 Sha'ban – Madina D: 10 Muharram - Karbala</p> <p><b>EVERY DAY IS 'ASHURA EVERY LAND IS KARBALA</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM ALI ZAYNUL ABIDEEN (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Husayn/Shahrbanu</p> <p>B: 5 Sha'ban – Madina D: 25 Muharram - Madina</p> <p><b>SAHIFATUS SAJJADIYYA MAJAALIS</b></p>
<p><b>IMAM MUHAMMAD BAQIR (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Sajjad/Fatima bint Husayn</p> <p>B: 1 Rajab – Madina D: 7 Dhulhijja - Madina</p> <p><b>MADE LEARNING EASY (SPLIT OPEN KNOWLEDGE)</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM JA'FER SADIQ (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Baqir/Umm Farwa</p> <p>B: 17 Rabi ul Awwal – Madina D: 25 Shawwal - Madina</p> <p><b>MADE MASJIDUN NABI A UNIVERSITY 4000 STUDENTS</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM MUSA KADHIM (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Sadiq/Hamida Barbariyya</p> <p>B: 7 Safar – Abwa D: 25 Rajab - Kadhmayn</p> <p><b>RESEMBLED PROPHET MUSA UNSHAKEABLE PATIENCE</b></p>
<p><b>IMAM ALI RIDHA (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Kadhim/Suttana</p> <p>B: 11 Dhulqa'da – Madina D: 29 Safar – Mash-had (Toos)</p> <p><b>TRANSFORMED IRAN INTO A CENTRE OF KNOWLEDGE</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM MUHAMMAD TAQI (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Ridha/Sabika</p> <p>B: 10 Rajab – Madina D: 29 Dhulqa'da - Kadhmayn</p> <p><b>INITIATED PREPARATION FOR GHAYBA* *OCCULTATION OF IMAM MAHDI</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM ALI NAQI (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Jawad/Sumana</p> <p>B: 15 Dhulhijja – Madina D: 3 Rajab – Samarra</p> <p><b>PREPARATION FOR GHAYBA</b></p>
<p><b>IMAM HASAN ASKERY (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Hadi/Sulail</p> <p>B: 10 Rabi ul Akher – Madina D: 8 Rabi ul Awwal - Samarra</p> <p><b>PREPARATION FOR GHAYBA</b></p>	<p><b>IMAM MUHAMMAD MAHDI (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Hasan Askery/ Nargis</p> <p>B: 15 Sha'ban – Samarra</p> <p><b>THE AWAITED SAVIOUR</b></p>	<p><b>1191 yrs (2025)</b></p> <p><b>IMAM MUHAMMAD MAHDI (PBUH)</b></p> <p>PARENTS: Imam Hasan Askery/ Nargis</p> <p>B: 15 Sha'ban – Samarra</p>



6. Then recite the following duas:

### DUA 1 – ALLAHUMMA INNIY AMSAYTU...

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Kind, the Merciful

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah! Send blessings on Muhammad and the family of Muhammad.

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَمْسَيْتُ لَكَ عَبْدًا دُخْرَ الْأَمْلَكِ لِنَفْسِي نَقْعًا وَلَا خَرَّا

I have passed the evening as a very humble servant of Yours  
I have no control over the gains and losses for my self

وَلَا أَصْرِفُ عَنْهَا سُوءً وَأَعْتَرِفُ لَكَ بِضَعْفِ قُوَّتِي وَقِلَّةِ حِيلَتِي

and I cannot drive back any evil from myself.

To You do I confess of my powerlessness and my  
feebleness.

فَصَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ وَاجْبِرْ لِي مَا وَعَدْتَنِي

So, (please do) send blessings to Muhammad and the  
Household of Muhammad and fulfil what You have promised  
me,

وَجَمِيعَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ مِنْ أُمُّ الْمُغْفَرَةِ فِي هَذِهِ اللَّيْلَةِ

as well as all the believing men and women; that is Your  
forgiveness at this night,



وَأَتْمِمْ عَلَيَّ مَا أَتَيْتَنِي

and accomplish that which You have conferred upon me

فَإِنِّي عَبْدُكَ الْمُسْكِنُ الْمُسْتَكِينُ الْفَقِيرُ الْمُهْبَطُ

, for I am Your slave—the poor, the humble, the weak, the needy, and the humiliated.

اللَّهُمَّ لَا تَجْعَلْنِي نَاسِيًّا لِذِكْرِكَ فِيمَا أُولَئِنِي

O Allah, (please) do not make me negligent of Your mention as regards that which You have bestowed upon me,

وَلَا غَافِلًا لِحُسَانِكَ فِيمَا أَعْطَيْتَنِي

do not make me inadvertent to Your favors to me as regards that which You have given me,

وَلَا آيْسًا مِنْ إِجَابَتِكَ وَلَنْ أَبْطَأَتْ عَيْنِي

do not make me despair of Your responding to me, even if such response is postponed,

فِي سَرَّ آءَ أَوْ ضَرَّ آءَ أَوْ شِدَّةَ أَوْ رَحَاءَ أَوْ عَافِيَةَ أَوْ بَلَاءَ أَوْ بُؤُسَ أَوْ نَعْمَاءَ

whether I be in prosperity, adversity, hardship, comfort, wellbeing, ordeal, misery, or bliss.

إِنَّكَ سَمِيعُ الْلُّغَاءِ

Verily, You are the Hearer of prayers.

## DUA 2 – YAA DHAL LADHI KAANA QABLA...

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Kind, the Merciful

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah! Send blessings on Muhammad and the family of Muhammad.

يَا ذَوَ الْكَلْمَنَاتِ كَمَا كَانَ قَبْلَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ ثُمَّ خَلَقَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ

O He Who has been always there before all things, And He then created all things,

ثُمَّ يَبْقَى وَيَقْنُتُ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ

And He then stays while all things vanish.

يَا ذَوَ الْكَلْمَنَاتِ لَيْسَ كَمُثْلِهِ شَيْءٌ، وَيَا ذَوَ الْكَلْمَنَاتِ لَيْسَ فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ الْعُلُوِّ

O He Whose like is not found at all O He; neither in the highest heavens,

وَلَا فِي الْأَرْضَيْنِ السَّفْلَى، وَلَا فَوْقَهُنَّ وَلَا تَحْتَهُنَّ

Nor in the lowest layers of the earth Nor above them, nor beneath them,

وَلَا بَيْنَهُنَّ إِلَهٌ يُعْبَدُ غَيْرُهُ

nor there is between them any god that is worshipped save Him.



لَكَ الْحَمْدُ حَمْدًا لَا يَقُولُ عَلَى إِحْصَائِهِ إِلَّا أَنْتَ

To You be the praise that none can count save You,

فَصَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَاتَةً لَا يَقُولُ عَلَى إِحْصَائِهَا إِلَّا أَنْتَ.

So, please bless Muhammad and the Household of Muhammad with the blessings that none can count save You.

### DUA 3 – ALLAHUMMAJ 'AL FIY MAA...

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Kind, the Merciful

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah! Send blessings on Muhammad and the family of Muhammad.

اللَّهُمَّ أَجْعَلْ فِي مَا تَقْضِي وَتَقْدِيرُ مِنَ الْأَمْرِ الْمُحْتَوِمِ

O Allah, among the matters that You decide and make from among the inevitable affairs

وَفِي مَا تَفْرُقُ مِنَ الْأَمْرِ الْحَكِيمِ فِي لَيْلَةِ الْقَدْرِ

and from among the wise matters that You make distinct at the Destiny Night

وَفِي الْقَضَاءِ الَّذِي لَا يُرَدُّ وَلَا يُبَدَّلُ

from among the act that is neither rejected nor altered,

أَنْ تَكْتُبْنِي مِنْ حَجَّاجَ بَيْتِكَ الْحَرَامِ

(please) decide me to be with the pilgrims to Your Holy House

الْمَكْبُورِ حَجْهُمُ الْمَشْكُورِ سَعْيُهُمُ

those whose pilgrimage is admitted, whose efforts are praised,

الْمُغْفُورِ ذُنُوبُهُمُ الْمُكَفَّرُ عَنْهُمُ سَيِّئَاتُهُمُ

whose sins are forgiven, and whose offenses and pardoned.

وَاجْعَلْ فِي مَا تَقْضِي وَتُقْدِرُ أَنْ تُطِيلَ عُمُرِي

Among the matters that You decide and make, (please) prolong my lifetime

وَتُوَسِّعْ لِي فِي رِزْقِي وَتَفْعَلْ بِي ...

and expand my sustenance.



7. Recite the Ziyara of Imam Husayn (pbuh).
8. Recite **Dua Makarimul Akhlaq & Dua Tawba**
9. Recite **Sura Al Ankabut (29); Sura Al Rum (30); and Sura Al Dukhan (44)** –

Qur'an recited on Qadr changes destiny - focus on reciting Sura Al 'Ankabut & Sura Al Rum "Whoever recites both Sura Al 'Ankabut and Sura Al Rum on the 23<sup>rd</sup> night of Ramadhan will certainly be among the residents of Paradise without any exception, adding, "... and I do not fear that Allah will record a sin against me for giving such a status for these two Chapters."

10. Recite 100 (or 10) rakaats salaa if possible, with Sura Al Ikhlaas after Sura Al Faatiha in each rakaat.
11. **Recite Jawshan Kabeer.**
12. Pray Salatul Layl at the end of the night.

## DUA AL TAWBA

Dua 31 from Sahifatus Sajjadiyya.

The dua is an acknowledgement of the sins one has committed and asserts that forgiveness is only with Divinity through His Mercy.

Imam teaches us how to attain forgiveness by admitting and acknowledging our sins, feeling remorse, and changing for the better. This is done by correcting our behaviour and turning to Allah, seeking a complete U turn.

*"There is no one more beloved to Allah than one who does tawba (turns back to Allah in repentance)"* Prophet (pbuh)



## DUA AL TAWBA

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the Name of Allah, the All-merciful, the All-compassionate

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

اللَّهُمَّ يَا مَنْ لَا يَصْفُهُ نَعْثُوْبُ الْأَصْفَيْنَ

O Allah, O He whom the depiction of the describers fails to describe!

وَيَا مَنْ لَا يُجَاهُ وَرَجَاءُ الرَّاجِينَ

O He beyond whom passes not the hope of the hopers!

وَيَا مَنْ لَا يَضِيقُ لَدَيْهِ أَجْرُ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

O He with whom is not lost the wage of the good-doers!

وَيَا مَنْ هُوَ مُنْتَهَى خَوْفِ الْعَابِدِينَ

O He who is the ultimate object of the fear of the worshipers!

وَيَا مَنْ هُوَ غَائِيَةُ خَشْيَةِ الْمُتَّقِينَ

O He who is the utmost limit of the dread of the god-fearing!

هَذَا مَقَامُهُ مَنْ تَدَأْوِ لَهُ أَيْدِي الَّذِينَ

This is the station of him whom sins have passed from hand to hand.

وَقَادَهُ أَزِمَّةُ الْخَطَايَا، وَاسْتَحْوَذَ عَلَيْهِ الشَّيْطَانُ

Offenses' reins have led him on, And Shaytan has gained mastery over him.

فَقَصَرَ عَمَّا أَمْرَتَ بِهِ تَفْرِيْطًا، وَتَعَاهَى مَا هَنِيَّتْ عَنْهُ تَعْزِيْرًا

He fell short of what You are commanded through neglect  
And he pursued what You are prohibited in delusion,

كَالْجَاهِلِ بِقُدْرَتِكَ عَلَيْهِ، أَوْ كَالْمُنْكِرِ فَضْلِ إِحْسَانِكَ إِلَيْهِ

like one ignorant of Your power over him, or one who  
denies the bounty of Your beneficence toward him,

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا انْفَتَحَ لَهُ بَصَرُ الْهُدَى، وَتَقْشَعَتْ عَنْهُ سَحَابَتُ الْعَمَى

until, when the eye of guidance was opened for him And the  
clouds of blindness were dispelled,

أَحْصَى مَا ظَلَمَ بِهِ نَفْسَهُ، وَفَكَرَ فِيمَا خَالَفَ فِيهِ رَبَّهُ

he reckoned that through which he had wronged himself  
And reflected upon that in which he had opposed his Lord.

فَرَأَىٰ كَبِيرًا عَصِيَانِهِ كَبِيرًا، وَجَلِيلًا نُخَالِفَتِهِ جَلِيلًا

He saw his vast disobedience as vast And his great  
opposition as great.

فَأَقْبَلَ تَحْوِلَكَ مُؤَمِّلًا لَّكَ، مُسْتَحْبِيًا مِنْكَ

So he turned to You, hoping in You And ashamed before  
You,



وَوَجَهَ رَاغِبَتُهُ إِلَيْكَ ثَقَةً بِكَ

and he directed his beseeching toward You, having trust in You.

فَأَمَّكَ بِطَبَاعِهِ يَقِينًا، وَقَصَدَكَ بِخَوفِهِ إِحْلَاصًا

He repaired to You in his longing with certitude And he went straight to You in fear with sincerity.

قَدْ خَلَّ طَمَعُهُ مِنْ كُلِّ مَطْمُوعٍ فِيهِ غَيْرُكَ

His longing was devoid of every object of longing but You,

وَأَفْرَجَ رَوْعَهُ مِنْ كُلِّ تَحْدُودٍ وَرِقْنَهُ سَوْالَهُ

And his fright departed from every object of fear but You.

فَمَثَلَ بَيْنَ يَدِيْكَ مُتَضَرِّعًا

So, he stood before You pleading,

وَغَمَضَ بَصَرُهُ إِلَى الْأَرْضِ مُتَخَشِّعًا

his eyes turned toward the ground in humbleness,

وَطَأَ طَأْطَأَ رَأْسَهُ لِعَزَّتِكَ مُمْذَلًا

his head bowed before Your might in lowness;

وَأَبْثَكَ مِنْ سِرِّهِ مَا أَنْتَ أَعْلَمُ بِهِ مِنْهُ خُصُوصًا

he revealed to You in meekness those secrets of his which You know better than he;

وَعَدَدَ مِنْ ذُنُوبِهِ مَا أَنْتَ أَحْصَى لَهَا حُشُوعًا

he numbered for You in humility those sins of his which You count better than he;

وَاسْتَغْاثَ بِكَ مِنْ عَظِيمٍ مَا وَقَعَ بِهِ فِي عِلْمِكَ

he sought help from You before the dreadful into which he has fallen in Your knowledge,

وَقَبِحَ مَا فَضَحَهُ فِي حُكْمِكَ

and the ugly which has disgraced him in Your judgment: the sins

مِنْ ذُنُوبٍ أَدْبَرْتُ لَذَّا هَافَدَهَبَتُ، وَأَقَامْتُ تَبْعَاهَا فَلَزِمَتُ

whose pleasures have turned their backs and gone and whose evil consequences have stayed and stuck fast.

لَا يُنَكِّرُ يَا إِلَهِي عَدْلَكَ إِنْ عَاقَبْتَهُ

He will not deny Your justice, My God, if You punish him,

وَلَا يَسْتَعْصِمُ عَفْوُكَ عَنْهُ إِنْ عَفَوْتَ عَنْهُ وَرَحْمَتَهُ

nor will he consider Your pardon great if You pardon him and have mercy upon him,

لَا إِنَّكَ الرَّبُّ الْكَرِيمُ الَّذِي لَا يَتَعَظَّمُهُ عُفْرَانُ الدَّنْبِ الْعَظِيمِ

for You are the Generous Lord for whom the forgiveness of great sins is nothing great!

اللَّهُمَّ فَهَا أَنَا قَدْ جَعَلْتُكَ مُطِيعًا لِلْأَمْرِكَ، فِيمَا أَمْرَتَ بِهِ مِنَ الدُّعَاءِ

O Allah, so here I am: I have come to You obeying Your command for You commanded supplication

مُتَنَّجِّزًا وَعَدْلَكَ فِيمَا وَعَدْتَ بِهِ مِنَ الْإِجَابَةِ، إِذْ تَقُولُ

And asking the fulfilment of Your promise, for You are promised to respond. You are said:



أَذْعُونِي أَسْتَجِبْ لِكُمْ

"Supplicate Me and I will respond to you."

اللَّهُمَّ فَصَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, so bless Muhammad and his Household

وَالقَنِي بِمَغْفِرَتِكَ كَمَا قَيْتُكَ يَا قَرَارِي

meet me with Your forgiveness just as I have met You with my confession,

وَارْفَعْنِي عَنْ مَصَارِعِ الدُّنُوبِ كَمَا وَضَعْتُ لَكَ نَفْسِي

lift me up from the fatal infirmities of sins just as I have let myself down before You,

وَاسْتَرِنِي بِسْتُرِكَ كَمَا تَأْتَيْتَنِي عَنِ الْإِنْتِقَامِ مِنِي

And cover me with Your covering just as You are shown no haste to take vengeance on me!

اللَّهُمَّ فَثَبِّتْ فِي طَاعَتِكَ نِيَّتِي وَأَحْكِمْ فِي عِبَادَتِكَ بَصِيرَتِي

O Allah, make firm my intention to obey You, strengthen my insight in worshiping You,

وَكَفِّنِي إِلَى الْأَعْمَالِ مَا تَغْسِلُ بِهِ دَنَسُ الْخَطَايَا عَنِي

give me the success of works which will wash away the defilement of offenses,

وَتَوَفَّنِي عَلَى مِلَّتِكَ وَمِلَّةِ نَبِيِّكَ مُحَمَّدٍ عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ إِذَا تَوَفَّنِي

and take me when You take me in the creed of Your prophet Muhammad (upon him be peace).

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَتُوبُ إِلَيْكَ فِي مَقَامِي هَذَا مِنْ كَبَائِرِ ذُنُوبِي وَصَغَائِرِهَا

O Allah, I repent to You in this my station from my sins, great and small,

وَبَوَاطِنِ سَيِّئَاتِي وَظَوَاهِرِهَا، وَسَوْالِفِ زَلَّاتِي وَحَوَادِثَهَا

my evil deeds, inward and outward, my lapses, past and recent,

تَوْبَةَ مَنْ لَا يَحِلُّ لُّفْسَهُ بِمَعْصِيَةٍ، وَلَا يُضْمِرُ أَنْ يَعُودَ فِي خَطِيئَةٍ

with the repentance of one who does not tell himself that he might disobey or secretly think that he might return to an offense.

وَقَدْ قُلْتَ يَا إِلَهِي فِي حُكْمِ كِتَابِكَ إِنَّكَ تَقْبِلُ التَّوْبَةَ عَنْ عِبَادِكِ

You are said, My God, in the firm text of Your Book, that You accept repentance from Your servants,

وَتَغْفِرُ عَنِ السَّيِّئَاتِ وَتُحِبُّ التَّوَّابِينَ

pardon evil deeds, And love the repenters,

فَاقْبِلْ تَوْبَتِي كَمَا وَعَدْتَ وَاعْفُ عَنِ سَيِّئَاتِي كَمَا أَضْمِنْتَ

so accept my repentance as You are promised, pardon my evil deeds as You are guaranteed,

وَأَوْجِبْ لِي حُبَّكَ كَمَا شَرَطْتَ

And make obligatory toward me Your love as You are stipulated!



وَلَكَ يَارَبِّ شَرْطِي لَا أَعُودَ فِي مَكْرُوهِكَ

To You, my Lord, belongs my stipulation that I will not return to what is disliked by You,

وَضَمَانِي لَا أَرْجِعُ فِي مَذْمُومِكَ

my guarantee that I will not go back to what You blamest,

وَعَهْدِي أَنْ أَهْجُرَ جَمِيعَ مَعَاصِيكَ

And my covenant that I will stay away from acts of disobedience to You.

اللَّهُمَّ إِنَّكَ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا عَمِلْتُ فَاغْفِرْ لِي مَا عَلِمْتَ

O Allah, You know better what I have done, so forgive me what You know

وَاصْرِفْنِي بِقُدْرَتِكَ إِلَى مَا أَحَبَّتَ

And turn me through Your power to what You lovest!

اللَّهُمَّ وَعَلَيَّ تَبِعَاتُ قَدْ حَفِظْتُهُنَّ، وَتَبِعَاتُ قَدْ نَسِيْتُهُنَّ

O Allah, counted against me are claims that stay in my memory and claims that I have forgotten,

وَكُلُّهُنَّ بِعَيْنِكَ الَّتِي لَا تَنْامُ، وَعِلْمُكَ الَّذِي لَا يَنْسَى

while all of them remain in Your eye that does not sleep and Your knowledge that does not forget!

فَعَوْضُ مِنْهَا أَهْلَهَا، وَاحْطُطْ عَيْنِي وِزُرْهَا

So, compensate their owners, lighten their load upon me,

وَخَفِّفْ عَنِّي ثِقْلَهَا وَاعْصِمْنِي مِنْ أَنْ أَقَارِفَ مِثْلَهَا

lift up their weight from me and preserve me from approaching their like!

اللَّهُمَّ وَإِنْتَ لَا وَفَآمِلِي بِالْتَّوْبَةِ إِلَّا بِعُصْمَتِكَ

O Allah, but I cannot be faithful to my repentance without Your preservation,

وَلَا أَسْتِمْسَاكَ بِي عَنِ الْخَطَايَا إِلَّا عَنْ قُوَّتِكَ

nor can I refrain from offenses without Your strength.

فَقَوِّنِي بِقُوَّةِ كَافِيَةٍ وَتَوَلِّنِي بِعُصْمَةِ مَانِعَةٍ

So strengthen me with a sufficient strength And attend to me with a defending preservation!

اللَّهُمَّ أَيْمَّا عَبْدِكَ تَابَ إِلَيْكَ

O Allah, if any servant repents to You,

وَهُوَ فِي عِلْمِ الْغَيْبِ عِنْدَكَ فَاسْخُّ لِتُوَبَّتِهِ وَعَانِدُ فِي ذَنْبِهِ وَخَطِيئَتِهِ

while in Your knowledge of the Unseen he will break his repentance and return to his sin and offense,

فَإِنِّي أَخُوذُ بِكَ أَنَّ أَكُونَ كَذَلِكَ

I seek refuge in You lest I be like that!

فَاجْعُلْ تَوْبَتِي هَذِهِ لَا أَحْتَاجُ بَعْدَهَا إِلَى تَوْبَةٍ

So make this my repentance, a repentance after which I will need no repentance,



تَوْبَةً مُوجَبَةً لِمَحْوِ مَا سَلَفَ وَالسَّلَامَةُ فِيمَا بَقِيَ

and a repentance which will obligate the erasing of what has gone by and safety in what remains!

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعْتَذُنُ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ جَهْلِي وَأَسْتَوْهِبُكَ سُوءَ فَعْلِي

O Allah, I ask pardon from You for my ignorance, And I ask You to disregard my evil acts!

فَاضْصُمْنِي إِلَى كَنْفِ رَحْمَتِكَ تَطْوِلًا وَاسْتَرِنِي بِسِرْتِ عَافِيَّتِكَ تَفَضُّلًا

So join me to the shelter of Your mercy through graciousness And cover me with the covering of Your well-being through bounteousness!

اللَّهُمَّ وَإِنِّي أَتُوبُ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ كُلِّ مَا خَالَفَ إِرَادَتَكَ

O Allah, I repent to You from everything opposed to Your will

أُوْزَالَ عَنْ حَسَبِيَّتِكَ مِنْ خَطَّارَاتِ قَلْبِي

or far from Your love —the thoughts of my heart,

وَلَحَظَاتِ عَيْنِي، وَحَكَايَاتِ لِسَانِي

the glances of my eye, the tales of my tongue with.

تَوْبَةً تَسْلِمُ بِهَا كُلُّ جَارِ حَيَّةٍ عَلَى حَيَاهَا مِنْ تِعَاتِكَ

a repentance through which each bodily part will by itself stay safe from ill consequences with You

وَتَأْمُنُ بِمَا يَخَافُ الْمُعْتَدُونَ مِنْ أَلَيْسِ سَطَوَاتِكَ

and remain secure from Your painful penalties feared by transgressors!

اللَّهُمَّ فَارْحَمْ وَحْلَتِي بَيْنَ يَدِيْكَ

O Allah, so have mercy on my being alone before You

وَحِبِّيْ قَلْبِيْ مِنْ خَشْيَتِكَ وَاضْطَرَابُ أَرْكَانِيْ مِنْ هَيْبَتِكَ

the pounding of my heart in dread of You, the trembling of my limbs in awe of You!

فَقَدْ أَقَامْتُنِيْ يَا رَبِّ دُنْوِيْ مَقَامَ الْحِزْبِيْ بِفِتَائِكَ

My sins, My God, have stood me in the station of degradation in Your courtyard.

فَإِنْ سَكَتْ لَمْ يَطْعُ عَيْ أَحَدُ، وَإِنْ شَفَعْتُ بِأَهْلِ الشَّفَاعَةِ

If I remain silent, none will speak for me; if I seek an intercessor, I am not worthy for intercession.

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَشَفِعْ فِي خَطَايَايِيْ كَرَمَكَ وَعْدُ عَلَى سَيِّدِنَايِيْ بَعْفُوكَ

make Your generosity intercede for my offenses, follow up my evil deeds with Your pardon,

وَلَا تُجْزِنِيْ جَزَ آئِيْ مِنْ عُقُوبَتِكَ

repay me not with the punishment that is my proper repayment,

وَابْسُطْ عَلَيَّ طَوْلَكَ وَجَلْلَنِيْ بِسْتِرَكَ

spread over me Your graciousness, wrap me in Your covering,



وَأَفْعَلْ يِ فَعْلَ عَزِيزٌ تَضَرَّعُ إِلَيْهِ عَنْدُ ذَلِيلٍ فَرَحْمَةٌ

And do with me what is done by a mighty man, when a lowly slave pleads to him and he shows him mercy,

أَوْ غَنِيٌّ تَعْرَضُ لَهُ عَبْدٌ فَقِيرٌ فَنَعَشَهُ

or a rich man when a poor slave submits himself and he raises him to wealth!

اللَّهُمَّ لَا خَفِيرٌ لِي مِنْكَ فَلِيُخْفِرْنِي عَزْكَ

O Allah, I have no protector against You, so let Your might be my protector!

وَلَا شَفِيعٌ لِي إِلَيْكَ فَلِيُشْفَعُ لِي فَضْلُكَ

I have no intercessor with You, so let Your bounty be my intercessor!

وَقَدْ أَوْجَلْتَنِي حَطَّا يَا يَ فَلِيُؤْمِنِي عَفْوَكَ

My offenses have set me quaking, so let Your pardon give me security!

فَمَا كُلُّ مَا نَطَقْتُ بِهِ عَنْ جَهْلٍ مَّبْيِنٍ بِسُوءِ أَثْرِي

Not all that I have said rises up from my ignorance of my evil footsteps

وَلَا نُسْيَانٌ لِمَا سَبَقَ مِنْ ذَمِيرٍ فَعْلِي

or forgetfulness of my blameworthy acts in the past,

لِكِنْ لِتَسْمَعُ سَمَاؤَكَ وَمَنْ فِيهَا

but in order that Your heaven and those within it

وَأَبْرَضْتَكَ وَمَنْ عَلَيْهَا مَا أَظْهَرْتُ لَكَ مِنَ النَّدَمِ

And Your earth and those upon it may hear the remorse  
which I have professed to You

وَلَجَأْتُ إِلَيْكَ فِيهِ مِنَ التَّوْبَةِ

and the repentance through which I have sought asylum  
with You.

فَلَعَلَّ بَعْضَهُمْ يَرْحَمُنِي مِنْ سُوءِ مَوْقِفِي

Then perhaps one of them, through Your mercy, may show  
mercy upon my evil situation

أَوْ تُدْرِكُهُ الرِّقَّةُ عَلَيَّ بِسُوءِ حَالِي

or be seized by tenderness for my evil state.

فَيَنَالُنِي مِنْهُ بِدَعْوَةٍ هِيَ أَسْمَعُ لَدِيْكَ مِنْ دُعَائِي

There may come from him for my sake a supplication to  
which You give ear more than to my supplication

أَوْ شَفَاعَةٌ أَوْ كَدْ عِنْدَكَ مِنْ شَفَاعَتِي

or an intercession surer with You than my intercession

تَكُونُ بِهَا نَجَاتٍ مِنْ غَضِبِكَ، وَفَوْزٌ يِرِضُكَ

through which I may be delivered from Your wrath and  
attain to Your good pleasure!

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي كُنْ أَنَدَمَ تَوْبَةً إِلَيْكَ فَأَنَا أَنَدَمُ النَّادِمِينَ

O Allah, if remorse is a repentance toward You, then I am  
the most remorseful of the remorseful!



وَإِن يَكُن التَّرْكُ لِمُعْصِيَتِكَ إِنَّا بَأَوَّلُ الْمُنْبَيِّنَ

If refraining from disobedience is a turning back to You, then I am the first of those who turn back!

وَإِن يَكُن الْإِسْتِغْفَارُ حَطَّةً لِلَّذِنْ تُوبُ فَإِنِّي لَكَ مِنَ الْمُسْتَغْفِرِينَ

If praying for forgiveness alleviates sins, surely I am one of those who pray for Your forgiveness!

اللَّهُمَّ فَكَمَا أَمْرَتَ بِالْتَّوْبَةِ وَضَمِّنْتَ الْقَبُولَ

O Allah, as You are commanded repentance and guaranteed acceptance,

وَحَثَّتَ عَلَى الدُّعَاءِ وَعَدْتَ الْإِجَابَةَ

as You are urged supplication, and promised to respond,

فَصَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

so also bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَاقْبِلْ تَوْبَتِي وَلَا تَرْجِعْنِي مَرْجِعَ الْحَيْبَةِ مِنْ رَحْمَتِكَ

accept my repentance, and return me not to the returning place of disappointment in Your mercy

إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ التَّوَابُ عَلَى الْمُذْنِيِّنَ

Surely, You are Ever-turning toward the sinners,

وَالرَّحِيمُ لِلْخَاطِئِينَ الْمُنْبَيِّنَ

All-compassionate toward the offenders who turn back!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ كَمَا هَدَيْتَنَا بِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household just as You are guided us by him!

وَصَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ كَمَا اسْتَنَقَدْتَنَا بِهِ

Bless Muhammad and his Household just as You are rescued us through him!

وَصَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

Bless Muhammad and his Household

صَلَّاكَ تَشْفَعُ لَنَا يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ وَيَوْمَ الْفَاقَةِ إِلَيْكَ

with a blessing that will intercede for us on the Day of Resurrection, the day of neediness toward You!

إِنَّكَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ، وَهُوَ عَلَيْكَ يَسِيرٌ

You are powerful over everything, and that is easy for You!



## DUA MAKARIMUL AKHLAQ

Dua 20 from Sahifatus Sajjadiya is a step-by-step guide in unifying the inner and outer –

- Intention
- Certainty
- Set right what is corrupt within the inner
- Let go of distractive concerns.
- Focus on future.
- Purpose of life
- Remove negative traits of unthankfulness, pride, self-admiration and doing something so that others feel obliged.
- Replace hatred with love, envy with affection, suspicion with trust, enmity with friendship, disrespect of family with devotion, abandonment of relatives with help, fear with security...
- Adopt good traits such as restraining anger, covering faults, humbleness, disciplined words, being accountable, patience.....
- Leaning on Him alone
- Asking for acceptance of tawba and erasure of sins - sealing end of life with His pardon ('Afw).
- Finally, ensuring good in this world and good in the aakhira... 2:201

The dua concentrates on changing behaviours by overcoming negative traits and cultivating positive and noble qualities. Imam identifies these qualities.

There is also the habit of turning to Allah for protection and assistance.

The dua is a complete lesson in Qur'anic Ethics.

*"The most complete in faith among the believers is he who has the best manners."* Prophet (pbuh)

## DUA MAKARIMUL AKHLAQ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the Name of Allah, the All-merciful, the All-compassionate

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَبَلِّغْ بِإِيمَانِي أَكْمَلَ الْإِيمَانِ وَاجْعَلْ يَقِينِي أَفْضَلَ الْيَقِينِ

cause my faith to reach the most perfect faith, make my certainty the most excellent certainty,

وَاتْهِبِنِي إِلَى أَحْسَنِ النِّيَّاتِ، وَبِعَمَلِي إِلَى أَحْسَنِ الْأَعْمَالِ

and take my intention to the best of intentions, and my works to the best of works!

اللَّهُمَّ وَقِرْ بِلْطُفْكَ نِيَّتِي وَصَحِّحْ بِمَا عِنْدَكَ يَقِينِي

O Allah, complete my intention through Your gentleness, rectify my certainty through what is with You,

وَاسْتَصْلِحْ بِقُدْرَتِكَ مَا فَسَدَ مِنِّي

And set right what is corrupt in me through Your power!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَأَكْفِنِي مَا يَشْغَلُنِي إِلَّا هُمَّا مِنْهُ

spare me the concerns which distract me,



وَاسْتَعِمْلُنِي بِمَا تَسْأَلُنِي غَدًا عَنْهُ

employ me in that about which You will ask me tomorrow,

وَاسْتَفِرْ رَغْبَةً أَيَّامِي فِيمَا خَلَقْتَنِي لَهُ

And let me pass my days in that for which You hast created me!

وَاغْنِنِي وَأُوْسِعْ عَلَيَّ فِي رِزْقِكَ وَلَا تَقْتَنِي بِالنَّظَرِ

Free me from need, and expand Your provision toward me, And tempt me not with ingratitude!

وَأَعْزِّنِي وَلَا تَبْتَلِنِي بِالْكِبْرِ

Exalt me and afflict me not with pride!

وَعَيْدِنِي لَكَ وَلَا تُفْسِدْ عِبَادَتِي بِالْعُجُبِ

Make me worship You and corrupt not my worship with self-admiration!

وَأَجْرِ لِلنَّاسِ عَلَى يَدِي الْخَيْرِ وَلَا تَمْحَقْهُ بِالْمُنْ

Let good flow out from my hands upon the people and efface it not by my making them feel obliged!

وَهَبْ لِي مَعَالِي الْأَخْلَاقِ وَأَعْصِمْنِي مِنَ الْفَخْرِ

Give me the highest moral traits And protect me from vanity.

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَلَا تَرْفَعْنِي فِي النَّاسِ دَرْجَةً إِلَّا حَطَطْتَنِي عَنْ نَفْسِي مِثْلَهَا

raise me not a single degree before the people without  
lowering me its like in myself

وَلَا تُخْلِثْنِي عَزَّاً أَطَاهِرًا

And bring about no outward exaltation for me

إِلَّا أَحْدَثْتَنِي ذِلْلَةً بِأَطْنَةً عَنْ نَفْسِي بِقَلَرِهَا

without an inward abasement in myself to the same  
measure!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and Muhammad's Household,

وَمَتَّعْنِي بِهُدًى صَالِحٍ لَا سَتَبِيلُ بِهِ

give me to enjoy a sound guidance which I seek not to  
replace,

وَطَرِيقَةً حَقًّا لَا زِيغٌ عَنْهَا ، وَنِيَّةً رَشِيدًا لَا شُكُّ فِيهَا

a path of truth from which I swerve not, And an intention of  
right conduct in which I have no doubts!

وَعَمِّرْنِي مَا كَانَ عُمُرِي بِذُلْلَةً فِي طَاعَتِكَ

Let me live as long as my life is a free gift in being You,

فَإِذَا كَانَ عُمُرِي مَرْتَعًا لِلشَّيْطَانِ فَاقْبِضْنِي إِلَيْكَ

but if my life should become a pasture for Shaytan, seize me  
to Yourself



قَبِيلَ أَن يَسْبِقَ مَقْتُلَكَ إِلَيَّ، أَوْ يَسْتَحْكِمَ عَصْبُكَ عَلَيَّ

before Your hatred overtakes me or Your wrath against be becomes firm!

اللَّهُمَّ لَا تَعِنْ خُصْلَةً تُعَابُ مِنِّي إِلَّا أَصْلَحْتَهَا

O Allah, deposit in me no quality for which I will be faulted, unless You settest it right,

وَلَا عَيْبَةً أَوْ نَبَّ بِهَا إِلَّا حَسَنَتَهَا

no flaw for which I will be blamed, unless You makest it beautiful,

وَلَا كُرُومَةً فِي نَاقِصَةٍ إِلَّا تَمَمَّتَهَا

And no deficient noble trait, unless You completest it!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and Muhammad's Household,

وَأَبْدِلْنِي مِنْ بُغْضَةِ أَهْلِ الشَّنَآنِ الْمُحَبَّةِ

and replace for me the animosity of the people of hatred with love,

وَمِنْ حَسَدِ أَهْلِ الْبَغْيِ الْمُوَدَّةِ، وَمِنْ ظُنْنَةِ أَهْلِ الصَّلَاحِ الشَّقَّةِ

the envy of the people of insolence with affection, the suspicion of the people of righteousness with trust,

وَمِنْ عَدَاوةِ الْأَذْنَيْنِ الْوَلَادَةِ، وَمِنْ عُقُوقِ ذُوِي الْأَرْحَامِ الْمُبَرَّةِ

the enmity of those close with friendship, the disrespect of womb relatives with devotion,

وَمِنْ خُذْلَانِ الْأَقْرَبِينَ النُّصْرَةَ، وَمِنْ حُبِّ الْمُدَارِينَ تَصْحِيحَ الْمُقَةَ

the abandonment of relatives with help, the attachment of flatterers with love set right,

وَمِنْ رَدِّ الْمُلَأَبِسِينَ كَرَمَ الْعِشْرَةَ

the rejection of fellows with generous friendliness,

وَمِنْ مَرَأَةِ حَوْفِ الظَّالِمِينَ حَلَوَةَ الْأَمْنَةَ

And the bitterness of the fear of wrongdoers with the sweetness of security!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَاجْعَلْ لِي يَدًا عَلَى مَنْ ظَلَمَنِي، وَلِسَانًا عَلَى مَنْ خَاصَمَنِي

appoint for me a hand against him who wrongs me, a tongue against him who disputes with me,

وَظَفَرًا بِمَنْ عَانَدَنِي وَهَبْ لِي مَكْرًا عَلَى مَنْ كَاَيَدَنِي

And a victory over him who stubbornly resists me! Give me guile against him who schemes against me,

وَقُدْرَةً عَلَى مَنْ اضْطَهَدَنِي، وَتَكْنِي لِمَنْ قَصَبَنِي

power over him who oppresses me, refutation of him who reviles me,

وَسَلَامَةً لِمَنْ تَوَعَّدَنِي وَفُقْنِي لِطَاعَةَ مَنْ سَدَّدَنِي

And safety from him who threatens me! Grant me success to obey him who points me straight



وَمُتَابِعَةٌ مَنْ أَرْشَدَنِي

And follow him who guides me right!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household

وَسَلِّدِنِي لَأَنْ أُعَارِضَ مَنْ غَشَنِي بِالنَّصْرِ

and point me straight to resist him who is dishonest toward me without counsel,

وَأَجْزِي مَنْ هَجَرَنِي بِالْلِّيْسِ، وَأُثْبِتْ مَنْ حَرَمَنِي بِالْبَذْلِ

repay him who separates from me with gentle devotion, reward him who deprives me with free giving,

وَأَكَافِعَ مَنْ قَطَعَنِي بِالصِّلَةِ

recompense him who cuts me off with joining

وَأَخْالِفَ مَنْ اغْتَابَنِي إِلَى حُسْنِ النِّكْرِ

oppose him who slanders me with excellent mention,

وَأَنْ أَشْكُرَ الْحُسْنَةَ، وَأَغْضِبَيْ عَنِ السَّيِّئَةِ

give thanks for good, And shut my eyes to evil!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَحَلِّنِي بِحُلْيَةِ الصَّالِحِينَ وَأَلْبِسْنِي زِينَةَ الْمُتَّقِينَ فِي

adorn me with the adornment of the righteous, And clothe me in the ornaments of the god-fearing, through:

**بَسْطُ الْعَدْلِ وَكَظْمُ الْغَيْظِ وَإِطْفَاءُ النَّائِرَةِ**

spreading justice, restraining rage, quenching the flame of hate,

**وَضَمِّنْ أَهْلِ الْفُرْقَةِ وَإِصْلَاحُ ذَاتِ الْبَيْنِ**

bringing together the people of separation, correcting discord,

**وَإِفْشَاءُ الْعَارِفَةِ وَسَتْرُ الْعَائِبَةِ وَلِينُ الْعَرِيَّةِ**

spreading about good behaviour, covering faults, mildness of temper,

**وَخَفْضُ الْجَنَاحِ وَحُسْنُ السِّيرَةِ وَسُكُونُ الرِّيحِ**

lowering the wing, beauty of conduct, gravity of bearing,

**وَطِيبُ الْمُخَالَفَةِ وَالسَّبُقُ إِلَى الْفَضْيَلَةِ**

agreeableness in comportment, precedence in reaching excellence,

**وَإِيَّاَنِ التَّفَضُّلِ وَتَرْكِ التَّعْبِيرِ وَالْإِفْضَالِ عَلَى غَيْرِ الْمُسْتَحِقِ**

preferring bounteousness, refraining from condemnation, bestowing bounty on the undeserving,

**وَالْقَوْلُ بِالْحُقْقِ وَإِنْ عَزَّ وَاسْتِقْلَالُ الْحَيْرِ وَإِنْ كَثُرَ مِنْ قَوْلِي وَفَعْلِي**

speaking the truth, though it be painful, making little of the good in my words and deeds, though it be much,

**وَاسْتِكْثَارُ الشَّرِّ وَإِنْ قَلَّ مِنْ قَوْلِي وَفَعْلِي**

And making much of the evil in my words and deeds, though it be little!



وَأَكْمَلْ ذَلِكَ بِدَوْمِ الْطَّاغِيَةِ، وَلُزُومِ الْجَمَاعَةِ،

Perfect this for me through lasting obedience, holding fast to the community,

وَرَفِضِ أَهْلِ الْبَيْعِ، وَمُسْتَعِمِلِي الرَّأْيِ الْمُخْتَرِ

And rejecting the people of innovation and those who act in accordance with original opinions.

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَاجْعُلْ أَوْسَعَ رِزْقَكَ عَلَيَّ إِذَا كَبَرْتُ، وَأَقُوْسِ قُوَّتِكَ فِيْ إِذَا نَصَبْتُ

appoint for me Your widest provision in my old age And Your strongest strength when I am exhausted,

وَلَا تَبْتَلِنِي بِالْكَسْلِ عَنْ عِبَادَتِكَ، وَلَا أَعْمَى عَنْ سَبِيلِكَ

And try me not with laziness in worship of You, blindness toward Your path,

وَلَا بِالْتَّعْرُضِ لِخَلَافِ حَبَّتِكَ

undertaking what opposes love for You,

وَلَا جَمَائِعَةَ مَنْ تَقَرَّقَ عَنْكَ، وَلَا مُفَارِقَةَ مَنْ اجْتَمَعَ إِلَيْكَ

joining with him who has separated himself from You, And separating from him who has joined himself to You!

اللَّهُمَّ اجْعَلْنِي أَصْوُلُ بِكَ عِنْدَ الْضُّرُورَةِ

O Allah, make me leap to You in times of distress,

وَأَسْأَلُكَ عِنْدَ الْحَاجَةِ، وَأَتَصْرَّعُ إِلَيْكَ عِنْدَ الْمُسْكَنَةِ

ask from You in needs, And plead to You in misery!

وَلَا تَفْتَنِي بِالْإِسْتِعَاْنَةِ بِغَيْرِكَ إِذَا اضْطُرْرُتُ

Tempt me not to seek help from other than You when I am distressed,

وَلَا بِالْخُصُوصِ عَلِسْتُ إِلَيْكَ إِذَا افْتَقَرْتُ

to humble myself in asking from someone else when I am poor,

وَلَا بِالْتَّصْرُّعِ إِلَى مَنْ دُونَكَ إِذَا هَبَبْتُ

or to plead with someone less than You when I fear,

فَأَسْتَحِقُّ بِذَلِكَ حِذْلَانَكَ وَمَنْعَكَ وَإِغْرَاصَكَ

for then I would deserve Your abandonment, Your withholding, and Your turning away,

يَا أَنْرَحَمَ الرَّاحِمِينَ

O Most Merciful of the merciful!

اللَّهُمَّ اجْعَلْ مَا يُلْقِي الشَّيْطَانُ فِي رَوْعِي مِنِ التَّمَمِي وَالْتَّظَيِّ

وَالْحَسِدِ ذُكْرَ الْعَظَمَاتِكَ

O Allah, make the wishing, the doubt, and the envy which Shaytan throws into my heart a remembrance of Your mightiness,



وَتَفَكَّرَ فِي قُدْرَتِكَ، وَتَدْبِيرًا عَلَى عَدُوكَ

a reflection upon Your power, and a devising against Your enemy!

وَمَا أَجْرَى عَلَى لِسَانِي مِنْ لَفْظَةٍ فُحْشٍ أَوْ هَجْرٍ

Make everything he causes to pass over my tongue - the indecent or ugly words,

أَوْ شَتْمٍ عَرْضٍ أَوْ شَهَادَةً بَاطِلٍ

the maligning of good repute, the false witness,

أَوْ اغْتِيَابٍ مُؤْمِنٍ غَايَبٍ أَوْ سَبٍّ حَاضِرٍ أَوْ مَا أَشْبَهَ ذَلِكَ

the speaking ill of an absent man of faith, or the reviling of one present, and all things similar—

نُطْقًا بِالْحَمْدِ لَكَ، وَإِغْرَاقًا فِي النَّثَاءِ عَلَيْكَ وَذَهَابًا فِي تَمْجِيدِكَ

a speech in praise of You, a pursual of eulogizing You, an excursion in magnifying You,

وَشُكْرًا لِلنِّعَمَتِكَ وَاعْتِزَارًا بِإِحْسَانِكَ وَإِحْصَاءً لِلْمِنَّكَ

a thanksgiving for Your favour, an acknowledgment of Your beneficence, And an enumeration of Your kindness!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَلَا أُظْلَمَنَّ وَأَنْتَ مُطِيقٌ لِلَّدْغَعَيْ

let me not be wronged, while You can repel from me,

وَلَا أَظْلِمَنَّ وَأَنْتَ الْقَادِرُ عَلَى الْقَبْضِ مِنِّي

let me not do wrong, while You are powerful over holding me back,

وَلَا أُخْلِنَّ وَقَدْ أَمْكَنْتَ هَذَا يَتِي

let me not be misguided, while You are able to guide me,

وَلَا أَفْتَرِنَّ وَمَنْ عِنْدِكَ وَسْعِي

let me not be poor, while with You is my plenty,

وَلَا أَطْغَيَنَّ وَمَنْ عِنْدِكَ وَجْدِي

let me not be insolent, while from You comes my wealth!

اللَّهُمَّ إِلَى مَغْفِرَتِكَ وَفَدَتْ إِلَى عَفْوِكَ قَصْدُتْ

O Allah, I come to Your forgiveness, I go straight to Your pardon,

وَإِلَى تَحْاُزِكَ اشْتَقْتُ وَبِفَضْلِكَ وَثُقْتُ

I yearn for Your forbearance, And I trust in Your bounty,

وَلَيْسَ عِنِّي مَا يُوْجِبُ لِي مَغْفِرَتَكَ

but there is nothing with me to make me warrant but Your forgiveness,

وَلَا في عَمَلِي مَا أَسْتَحْقِبِه عَفْوَكَ

nothing in my works to make me merit but Your pardon,



وَمَا لِي بَعْدَ أَنْ حَكَمْتُ عَلَى نُفُسِي إِلَّا فَضْلُكَ

And nothing on my behalf after I judge my soul but Your bounty,

فَصَلِّ عَلَىٰ مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ وَتَقَبَّلْ عَلَيَّ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household and bestow Your bounty upon me!

اللَّهُمَّ وَأَنْطِقْنِي بِالْهُدَىٰ وَأَهِمِّنِي التَّقْوِىٰ

O Allah, make my speech be guidance, inspire me with reverential fear,

وَفُقِّنِي لِلّٰتِي هِيَ أَرْسَىٰ وَاسْتَعْمِلْنِي بِمَا هُوَ أَرْضَىٰ

give me success in that which is most pure, And employ me in what is most pleasing to You!

اللَّهُمَّ اسْلُكْ بِي الطَّرِيقَةَ الْمُتَنَعِّلِي وَاجْعَلْنِي عَلَىٰ مِلْكِتَكَ أَمْوَاتٍ وَأَحْيَا

O Allah, let me tread the most exemplary path And make me live and die in Your creed!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَىٰ مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَمَتَّعْنِي بِالْإِقْتِصَادِ وَاجْعَلْنِي مِنْ أَهْلِ السَّدَادِ

give me to enjoy moderation, make me into one of the people of right behaviour,

وَمِنْ أَدِلَّةِ الرَّشَادِ، وَمِنْ صَالِحِي الْعِبَادِ

the proofs of right conduct, And the servants of righteousness,

وَإِنْرِزْقُنِي فَوْزَ الْمَعَادِ، وَسَلَامَةَ الْمُرْصَادِ

And provide me with triumph at the place of Return And safety from the Ambush!

اللَّهُمَّ حُذْنِي نَفْسِكَ مِنْ نَفْسِي مَا يُحِلُّهَا

O Allah, take to Yourself from my soul what will purify it

وَأَبْقِنِي نَفْسِي مِنْ نَفْسِي مَا يُصْلِحُهَا،

And leave for my soul that of my soul that will set it right,

فَإِنَّ نَفْسِي هَالِكَةً أَوْ تَعْصِمَهَا

for my soul will perish unless You preserve it!

اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ عَدِّي إِنْ حَزِنْتُ

O Allah, You are my stores when I sorrow,

وَأَنْتَ مُنْتَجَعِي إِنْ حُرِمْتُ

You are my recourse when I am deprived,

وَبِكَ اسْتَغْاثَتِي إِنْ كُرِثَ وَعِنْدَكَ لِهَمَّاتَ خَلْفُ

from You I seek aid when troubled and with You is a substitute for everything gone by,

وَلِمَا فَسَدَ صَلَاحُ، وَفِيمَا أَنْكَرْتَ تَغْيِيرِ

a correction for everything corrupted, a change from everything You is approve.

فَامْنُنْ عَلَيَّ قَبْلَ الْبَلَاءِ بِالْعَافِيَةِ

So show kindness to me with well-being before affliction,



وَقَبْلَ الْطَّلَبِ بِالْجِدَةِ، وَقَبْلَ الْفَسَالِ بِالرَّشَادِ

wealth before asking, right conduct before misguidance.

وَأَكْفِنِي مَوْنَةً مَعَزَّةً لِلْعِبَادِ

suffice me against the burden of shame toward the servants,

وَهَبْ لِي أَمْنَ يَوْمَ الْمَعَادِ وَامْتَحِنِي حُسْنَ الْإِنْشَادِ

give me security on the Day of Return And grant me excellent right guidance!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَادْرِأْ عَنِّي بِلُطْفِكَ وَاغْذِنِي بِنِعْمَتِكَ

repel from me through Your gentleness, feed me through Your favour,

وَأَصْلِحْنِي بِكَرَمِكَ وَدَوْنِي بِصُنْعِكَ

set me right through Your generosity, heal me through Your benefaction,

وَأَظِلْنِي فِي ذِرَالِكَ وَجَلِّنِي بِرَحْمَكَ

shade me in Your shelter, wrap me in Your good pleasure,

وَوَفِّقْنِي إِذَا اشْتَكَلتُ عَلَيَّ الْأُمُورُ لَأَهْدِهَا

And give me success to reach the most guided of affairs when affairs confuse me,

وَإِذَا تَشَابَهَتِ الْأَعْمَالُ لَا زَرْكَاهَا

the purest of works when works seem similar,

وَإِذَا نَاقَصْتِ الْمِلْلَ لَا نَرْضَاهَا

and the most pleasing to You of creeds when creeds conflict!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَتُوَجِّنِي بِالْكِفَايَةِ وَسُمِّنِي حُسْنَ الْوِلَايَةِ

crown me with sufficiency, place in me excellent guardianship

وَهَبْ لِي صِدْقَ الْهِدَايَةِ وَلَا تَقْتِنِي بِالسَّعْةِ

give me to guide correctly, tempt me not with plenty,

وَامْنَحْنِي حُسْنَ الدَّعَةِ وَلَا تَجْعَلْ عَيْشِي كَلَّا كَلَّا

grant me excellent ease, make not my life toil and trouble,

وَلَا تُرْدَدْ دُعَائِي عَلَيَّ رَدَّا فَإِنِّي لَا جَعْلُ لِكَ صِدْقًا

And refuse not my supplication in rejection, for I make none rival to You

وَلَا أَذْعُو مَعْكَ نِدًّا

And I supplicate none with You as equal!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,



وَامْنَعْنِي مِنَ السَّرَّافِ وَحَصِّنْ بِرْزُقِي مِنَ التَّلَفِ

hold me back from prodigality, fortify my provision against ruin,

وَوَفِّرْ مَلَكَتِي بِالْبَرَكَةِ فِيهِ

increase my possessions through blessing them,

وَأَصِبْ بِي سَبِيلَ الْهِدَايَةِ لِلَّهِ فِيمَا أَنْفَقْ مِنْهُ

And set me upon the path of guidance through piety in what I spend!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَاكْفِنِي مَوْنَةَ الِإِكْتِسَابِ، وَاهْرُقْنِي مِنْ غَيْرِ اخْتِسَابٍ

And spare me the burden of earning, provide for me without reckoning,

فَلَا أَشْتَغِلُ عَنْ عِبَادَتِكَ بِالظَّلْبِ

lest I be distracted from Your worship through seeking

وَلَا أَحْتَمِلُ إِصْرَ تَبِعَاتِ الْمُكْسِبِ

And carry the load of earning's ill results!

اللَّهُمَّ فَأَطْلِبْنِي بِقُدْرَتِكَ مَا أَطْلَبْ

O Allah, bestow upon me what I seek through Your power

وَأَجْرِنِي بِعَزَّتِكَ هِمَّا أَتَهَبْ

And grant me sanctuary from what I fear through Your might!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَصُنْ وَجْهِي بِالْيُسْأَرِ، وَلَا تَبْنِي جَاهِي بِالْأَقْنَارِ

save my face through ease, And demean not my dignity  
through neediness,

فَأَسْتَرِزْقَ أَهْلَ رِزْقِكَ، وَأَسْتَعْطِي شَرَاهَ خَلْقِكَ

lest I seek provision from those whom You hast provided  
And ask for bestowal from the worst of Your creatures!

فَأَفْتَنِنَّ بِحَمْدِي مَنْ أَعْطَانِي، وَأَبْتَلِي بِذَمِّ مَنْ مَعَنِي

And Then I would be tried by praising him who gave to me,  
afflicted with blaming him who held back from me,

وَأَنْتَ مِنْ دُونِهِمْ وَلِيُ الْأَعْطَاءُ وَالْمُنْعِ

While You—not they—art patron of giving and holding  
back

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household

وَأَمْرِزْقِنِي صِحَّةً فِي عِبَادَةِ، وَفَرَاغًا فِي زَهَادَةِ

And provide me with soundness in worship, detachment in  
renunciation,

وَعِلْمًا فِي اسْتِعْمَالِ، وَوَرَاغًا فِي إِجْمَالِ

knowledge put into action, And abstinence in measure!



اللَّهُمَّ اخْتِمْ بِعَفْوِكَ أَجْلِي

O Allah, seal my term with Your pardon,

وَحَقِّقْ فِي رَجَاءِ رَحْمَتِكَ أَمْلِي وَسَهِّلْ إِلَيْنِي غَرَضَكَ سُبْلِي

verify my expectation in hoping for thy mercy, smooth my paths to reach Your good pleasure,

وَحَسِّنْ فِي جَمِيعِ أَحْوَالِي عَمَلِي

And make my works good in all my states!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

وَنَهِنِي لِذِكْرِكَ فِي أَوْقَاتِ الْغُفْلَةِ

Incite me to remember You in times of heedlessness,

وَاسْتَعْمِلْنِي بِطَاعَتِكَ فِي أَيَّامِ الْمُهْلَةِ

employ me in Your obedience in days of disregard,

وَاهْجِلْنِي إِلَى حَبْتِكَ سَبِيلًا سَهْلَةً

open a smooth road for me to Your love,

أَكْمِلْنِي بِهَا خَيْرَ الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ

And complete for me thereby the good of this world and the next!

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, and bless Muhammad and his Household

كَأَفْضَلِ مَا صَلَّيْتَ عَلَى أَحَدٍ مِّنْ خَلْقِكَ

the best You have blessed any of Your creatures

قَبْلَهُ وَأَنْتَ مُصْلٍ عَلَى أَحَدٍ بَعْدَهُ

before him and will bless any of them after him,

وَآتِنَا فِي الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً وَّفِي الْآخِرَةِ حَسَنَةً وَقُنْيَ بِرَحْمَتِكَ عَذَابَ النَّارِ

And give to us in this world good, and in the next world  
good, And protect me through Your mercy from the  
chastisement of the Fire!

إِنَّكَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ، وَهُوَ عَلَيْكَ يَسِيرٌ

You are powerful over everything, and that is easy for You!





# AL 'ANKABUT - THE SPIDER

BELIEF TESTED PHYSICALLY, EMOTIONALLY AND SOCIALLY  
FRAGILITY OF THE HUMAN BEING AND HIS ECO SYSTEM  
ESTABLISH SALAA AND FOLLOW DIVINE GUIDANCE  
SUSTENANCE & PROTECTION ONLY FROM DIVINITY

029

8

Ayaat 60-69



7

Ayaat 56-59

INEVITABILITY OF DEATH DIVINE SUCCESS DEFINED

THE DEFIANTLY DISOBEDIENT MOCK THE PROPHET AND DENY  
ACCOUNTABILITY

6

Ayaat 53-55



5

Ayaat 46-52

INTERACTION WITH THE PEOPLE OF THE BOOK TO  
BE ON COMMON GROUNDS



4

Ayaat 45

QUR'AN, SALAA & REMEMBRANCE OF ALLAH  
GIVE INNER STRENGTH TO GET THROUGH TRIALS

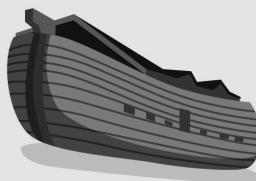


3

Ayaat 41-44

HISTORICAL EXAMPLES OF TRIALS OF THE PAST PROPHETS

NUH                    IBRAHEEM  
LUT                    SHUAYB  
HUD                    SALIH  
MUSA



2

Ayaat 14-40

BELIEF TESTED  
PHYSICAL, EMOTIONAL AND SOCIAL  
PERSECUTION FOR THE MUSLIMS

1

Ayaat 1-13



## SURA AL ANKABUT – 29

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Most Kind, the Most Merciful.

آل

1. ALIF LAAM MEEM

أَحَسِبَ النَّاسُ أَنْ يُنْزَكُوا أَنْ يَقُولُوا أَمْنًا وَهُمْ لَا يُفْتَنُونَ

2. Do human beings think that they will be left alone on saying, We believe, and not be tried?

وَلَقَدْ فَتَنَّا الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ فَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ صَدَقُوا

وَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ الْكَاذِبِينَ

3. And certainly We tried those before them, so Allah will certainly know those who are true and He will certainly know the liars.

أَمْ حَسِبَ الَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ السَّيِّئَاتِ أَنْ يَسْبِقُونَا سَاءَمَا

يَحْكُمُونَ

4. Or do they who work evil think that they will escape Us? Evil is it that they judge!



مَنْ كَانَ يَرْجُو لِقَاءَ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ أَجَلَ اللَّهِ لَا تِلْكَ وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ

5. Whoever hopes to meet Allah, the term appointed by Allah will then most surely come; and He is the Hearing, the Knowing.

وَمَنْ جَاهَدَ فَإِنَّمَا يُجَاهِهُ لِنَفْسِهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَغَيْرِي عَنِ الْعَالَمِينَ

6. And whoever strives hard, he strives only for his own soul; most surely Allah is Self-sufficient, above (need of) the worlds.

وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ لَنَكَفِرَنَّ عَنْهُمْ سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ

وَلَنَجْزِيَنَّهُمْ أَحْسَنَ الَّذِي كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

7. And (as for) those who believe and do good, We will most certainly do away with their evil deeds and We will most certainly reward them the best of what they did.

وَوَصَّيْنَا إِلِّيْنَاسَانَ بِوَالدَّيْهِ حُسْنَا وَإِنْ جَاهَدَاكَ لِتُشْرِكَا بِيْمَا

لَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عِلْمٌ فَلَا تُطْعِهِمَا إِلَيَّ مَرْجِعُكُمْ فَأُنْبِئُكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ

تَعْمَلُونَ

8. And We have enjoined on man goodness to his parents, and if they contend with you that you should associate (others) with Me, of which you have no knowledge, do not obey them, to Me is your return, so I will inform you of what you did.

وَالَّذِينَ امْتَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ لَنَدْخُلَنَّهُمْ فِي الصَّالِحَيْنَ

9. And (as for) those who believe and do good, We will most surely cause them to enter among the good.

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يَقُولُ أَمَّا بِاللَّهِ فَإِذَا أُوذِيَ فِي اللَّهِ جَعَلَ فِتْنَةَ النَّاسِ  
كَعْذَابِ اللَّهِ وَلَئِنْ جَاءَ نَصْرًا مِنْ رَبِّكَ لِيَقُولُنَّ إِنَّا كُنَّا مَعَكُمْ  
أَوْلَيْسَ اللَّهُ بِأَعْلَمُ بِمَا فِي صُدُورِ الْعَالَمِينَ

10. And among men is he who says: We believe in Allah; but when he is persecuted in (the way of) Allah he thinks the persecution of men to be as the chastisement of Allah; and if there come assistance from your Lord, they would most certainly say: Surely we were with you. What! is not Allah the best knower of what is in the breasts of mankind.

وَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ امْتَنُوا وَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ الْمُنَافِقِينَ

11. And most certainly Allah will know those who believe and most certainly He will know the hypocrites.

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا اللَّهُمَّ أَمْتَنُوا أَتَتِّعْنَا سَبِيلَنَا وَلَنُخْمِلَ  
خَطَايَاكُمْ وَمَا هُمْ بِحَامِلِينَ مِنْ خَطَايَاهُمْ مَنْ شَيْءَ إِلَّهُمْ لَكَذِبُونَ

12. And those who disbelieve say to those who believe: Follow our path and we will bear your wrongs. And never shall they be the bearers of any of their wrongs; most surely they are liars.



وَلَيَحْمِلُنَّ أَنْقَاهُمْ وَأَنْقَالًا مَعَ أَنْقَاهُمْ وَلَيَسْأَلُنَّ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ

عَمَّا كَانُوا يَفْتَرُونَ

13. And most certainly they shall carry their own burdens, and other burdens with their own burdens, and most certainly they shall be questioned on the resurrection day as to what they forged.

وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا إِلَى قَوْمِهِ فَلَمِّا كَانُوا فِي هُمْ أَلْفَ سَنَةٍ لِلَّهِمْ سِيِّئَاتِهِنَّ عَمَّا

فَأَخْذَنَاهُمُ الْطُوفَانُ وَهُمْ ظَالِمُونَ

14. And certainly We sent Nuh to his people, so he remained among them a thousand years save fifty years. And the deluge overtook them, while they were unjust.

فَأَنْجَيْنَاهُ وَأَصْحَابَ السَّفِينَةِ وَجَعَلْنَاهَا أَيْةً لِلْعَالَمِينَ

15. So We delivered him and the inmates of the ark and made it a sign to the nations.

وَإِبْرَاهِيمَ إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ وَاتَّقُوهُ ذَلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ إِنْ

كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ

16. And (We sent) Ibrahim, when he said to his people: Serve Allah and be careful of (your duty to) Him; this is best for you, if you did but know:

إِنَّمَا تَعْبُدُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ أَوْثَانًا وَتَخْلُقُونَ إِفْكًا إِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَعْبُدُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ لَا يَمْلِكُونَ لَكُمْ رِزْقًا فَابْتَغُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ الرِّزْقَ وَأَعْبُدُوهُ وَأَشْكُرُوهُ اللَّهُ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ

17. You only worship idols besides Allah and you create a lie surely they whom you serve besides Allah do not control for you any sustenance, therefore seek the sustenance from Allah and serve Him and be grateful to Him; to Him you shall be brought back.

وَإِنْ كَذَّبُوا فَقَدْ كَذَّبُ أُمَّةٌ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ وَمَا عَلِيَ الرَّسُولِ إِلَّا  
الْبَلَاغُ الْمُبِينُ

18. And if you reject (the truth), nations before you did indeed reject (the truth); and nothing is incumbent on the messenger but a plain delivering (of the message).

أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا كَيْفَ يُبَدِّي اللَّهُ الْخَلْقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ إِنَّ ذَلِكَ عَلَى اللَّهِ  
يَسِيرٌ

19. What! do they not consider how Allah originates the creation, then reproduces it? Surely that is easy to Allah.



فُلْ سِيْرُوْ وَ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَانْظُرُوْ اَ كَيْفَ بَدَأَ الْخُلُقَ ثُمَّ اللَّهُ يُنْشِئُ

النَّسَّاَةَ الْأُخْرَةَ اِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

20. Say: Travel in the earth and see how He makes the first creation, then Allah creates the latter creation; surely Allah has power over all things.

يُعَذِّبُ مَنِ يَشَاءُ وَ يَرْحَمُ مَنِ يَشَاءُ وَ إِلَيْهِ تُقْلَبُونَ

21. He punishes whom He pleases and has mercy on whom He pleases, and to Him you shall be turned back.

وَمَا أَنْتُمْ بِمُعْجِزِيْنَ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي السَّمَاءِ وَمَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ دُونِيْ

اللَّهُ مِنْ وَلِيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرٌ

22. And you shall not escape in the earth nor in the heaven, and you have neither a protector nor a helper besides Allah.

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِأَيَّاتِ اللَّهِ وَلِقَائِهِ اُولَئِكَ يَكْسُبُو اَمْنَ رَحْمَتِي

وَ اُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

23. And (as to) those who disbelieve in the communications of Allah and His meeting, they have despaired of My mercy, and these it is that shall have a painful punishment.

فَمَا كَانَ جَوَابَ قَوْمِهِ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا افْتَنُوهُ أَوْ حَرِّقُوهُ فَأَنْجَاهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ  
النَّارِ إِنَّمَا فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ

24. So naught was the answer of his people except that they said: Slay him or burn him; then Allah delivered him from the fire; most surely there are signs in this for a people who believe.

وَقَالَ إِنَّمَا أَنْخَذْنُكُمْ مِّنْ دُولَتِ اللَّهِ أَوْ أَنَّا مَوَدَّةٌ لَّيْسَ كُمْ فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا  
ثُمَّ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ يَكُفُرُ بَعْضُكُمْ بِبَعْضٍ وَ يَلْعَنُ بَعْضُكُمْ بَعْضًا  
وَمَا أُكْمِدَ النَّارُ وَمَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ نَاصِرٍ يَوْمَ

25. And he said: You have only taken for yourselves idols besides Allah by way of friendship between you in this world's life, then on the resurrection day some of you shall deny others, and some of you shall curse others, and your abode is the fire, and you shall not have any helpers.

فَأَمَنَ لَهُ لُؤْطٌ وَ قَالَ إِنِّي مُهَاجِرٌ إِلَى رَبِّي إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

26. And Lut believed in Him, and he said: I am fleeing to my Lord, surely He is the Mighty, the Wise.



وَهَبْنَا لَهُ إِسْحَاقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ وَجَعَلْنَا فِي دُرْرِيَّتِهِ النُّبُوَّةَ وَالْكِتَابَ  
وَأَتَيْنَاهُ أَجْرَهُ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَإِنَّهُ فِي الْآخِرَةِ لَمِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ

27. And We granted him Ishaq and Yaqoub, and caused the prophethood and the book to remain in his seed, and We gave him his reward in this world, and in the hereafter he will most surely be among the good.

وَلُوْطًا إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ إِنَّكُمْ لَتَأْتُونَ الْفَاحِشَةَ مَا سَبَقَ كُمْ بِهَا مِنْ  
أَحَدٍ مِّنَ الْعَالَمِينَ

28. And (We sent) Lut when he said to his people: Most surely you are guilty of an indecency which none of the nations has ever done before you;

أَتَنَكُمْ لَتَأْتُونَ الرِّجَالَ وَتَقْطَعُونَ السَّبِيلَ وَتَأْتُونَ فِي نَادِيْكُمْ  
الْمُنْكَرَ فَمَا كَانَ جَوَابَ قَوْمِهِ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا أَتُنَبِّهُنَا بِعَذَابِ اللَّهِ إِنْ  
كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ

29. What! do you come to the males and commit robbery on the highway, and you commit evil deeds in your assemblies? But nothing was the answer of his people except that they said: Bring on us Allah's punishment, if you are one of the truthful.

قَالَ رَبِّيْ انْصُرْنِيْ عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْمُفْسِدِيْنَ

30. He said: My Lord! help me against the mischievous people.

وَلَمَّا جَاءَتْ رُسُلُنَا إِبْرَاهِيمَ بِالْبُشْرَى قَالُوا إِنَّا مُهْلِكُوْ أَهْلِ هَذِهِ  
الْقُرْيَةِ إِنَّ أَهْلَهَا كَانُوا أَطْالِمِيْنَ

31. And when Our messengers came to Ibrahim with the good news, they said: Surely we are going to destroy the people of this town, for its people are unjust.

قَالَ إِنَّ فِيهَا لُؤْطًا قَالُوا نَحْنُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَنْ فِيهَا لِنَنْجِيَّهُ وَأَهْلَهُ إِلَّا  
أَمْرَاتُهُ كَانَتْ مِنَ الْغَابِرِيْنَ

32. He said: Surely in it is Lut. They said: We know well who is in it; we shall certainly deliver him and his followers, except his wife; she shall be of those who remain behind.

وَلَمَّا أَنْ جَاءَتْ رُسُلُنَا لُؤْطًا سِيَءَ بِهِمْ وَضَاقَ بِهِمْ ذُرْعًا وَقَالُوا إِلَّا  
تَعْفُ وَلَا تَحْزَنْ إِنَّا مُنْجِلُوْنَ وَأَهْلَكَ إِلَّا أَمْرَاتِكَ كَانَتْ مِنَ  
الْغَابِرِيْنَ

33. And when Our messengers came to Lut he was grieved on account of them, and he felt powerless (to protect) them; and they said: Fear not, nor grieve; surely we will deliver you and your followers, except your wife; she shall be of those who remain behind.



إِنَّا مُنْزَلُونَ عَلَىٰ أَهْلِ هَذِهِ الْقُرْيَةِ بِرْجُزًا مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ إِنَّمَا كَانُوا

يَفْسُقُونَ

34. Surely We will cause to come down upon the people of this town a punishment from heaven, because they transgressed.

وَلَقَدْ تَرَكُنَا مِنْهَا آيَةً بَيْنَتَهَا لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ

35. And certainly We have left a clear sign of it for a people who understand.

وَإِلَىٰ مَدْيَنَ أَخَاهُمْ شُعَيْبًا فَقَالَ يَا قَوْمَ اعْبُدُوَا اللَّهَ وَإِنْ جُوَوا الْيَوْمَ

الْآخِرَ وَلَا تَعْثُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِينَ

36. And to Madyan (We sent) their brother Shuaib, so he said: O my people! serve Allah and fear the latter day and do not act corruptly in the land, making mischief.

فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَأَخْذَنَّهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ فَأَصْبَحُوْا فِي ذَارِهِمْ جَاثِمِينَ

37. But they rejected him, so a severe earthquake overtook them, and they became motionless bodies in their abode.

وَعَاداً وَثَمُوداً وَقَدْ تَبَيَّنَ لَكُمْ مِنْ مَّا كَنَّهُمْ وَرَيَّنَ لَهُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ

أَعْمَالَهُمْ فَصَدَّهُمْ عَنِ السَّبِيلِ وَكَانُوا امْسَتَبْصِرِينَ

38. And (We destroyed) Ad and Samood, and from their dwellings (this) is apparent to you indeed; and the Shaitan made their deeds fair-seeming to them, so he kept them back from the path, though they were endowed with intelligence and skill,

وَقَارُونَ وَفِرْعَوْنَ وَهَامَانَ وَلَقَدْ جَاءَهُمْ مُّوسَى بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ

فَاسْتَكْبَرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَمَا كَانُوا اسْأَبِقِينَ

39. And (We destroyed) Qaroun and Firon and Haman; and certainly Musa came to them with clear arguments, but they behaved haughtily in the land; yet they could not outstrip (Us).

فُكَلَّا أَخْذُنَا بِإِذْنِنَا فَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ أَنْرَسْلَنَا عَلَيْهِ حَاصِبَاً وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ

أَخْذَتْهُ الصَّيْكَةُ وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ خَسْفَنَا بِهِ الْأَرْضُ وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ

أَغْرَقْنَا وَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيظْلِمُهُمْ وَلَكِنْ كَانُوا أَنفَسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ

40. So each We punished for his sin; of them was he on whom We sent down a violent storm, and of them was he whom the rumbling overtook, and of them was he whom We made to be swallowed up by the earth, and of them was he whom We drowned; and it did not beseem Allah that He should be unjust to them, but they were unjust to their own souls.



مَثَلُ الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ أَوْلِيَاءَ كَمَثَلِ الْعَنْكَبُوتِ اتَّخَذَتْ

بَيْتًا وَإِنَّ أَوْهَنَ الْبَيْوَتِ لَبَيْتُ الْعَنْكَبُوتِ لَوْ كَانُوا يَعْلَمُونَ

41. The parable of those who take guardians besides Allah is as the parable of the spider that makes for itself a house; and most surely the frailest of the houses is the spider's house did they but know.

إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ مَا يَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُوْنِهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

42. Surely Allah knows whatever thing they call upon besides Him; and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

وَتِلْكَ الْأَمْثَالُ نَضْرِبُهَا لِلنَّاسِ وَمَا يَعْقِلُهَا إِلَّا الْعَالَمُونَ

43. And (as for) these examples, We set them forth for men, and none understand them but the learned.

خَلَقَ اللَّهُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ بِالْحَقِّ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لِلَّا إِيَّاهُ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ

44. Allah created the heavens and the earth with truth; most surely there is a sign in this for the believers.

أُتْلِ مَا أُوحِيَ إِلَيْكَ مِنَ الْكِتَابِ وَأَقِمِ الصَّلَاةَ إِنَّ الصَّلَاةَ تَنْهَى

عَنِ الْفَحْشَاءِ وَأَمْسِكْرِ وَلَذِ كُرُّ اللَّهِ أَكْبَرُ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تَصْنَعُونَ

45. Recite that which has been revealed to you of the Book and keep up prayer; surely prayer keeps (one) away from indecency and evil, and certainly the remembrance of Allah is the greatest, and Allah knows what you do.

وَلَا تُجَادِلُوا أَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ إِلَّا بِالَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا  
 مِنْهُمْ وَقُولُوا أَمَّا بِاللَّهِ يُ أُنْزَلَ إِلَيْنَا وَأُنْزَلَ إِلَيْكُمْ وَإِلَهُنَا وَإِلَهُكُمْ  
 وَاحِدٌ وَنَحْنُ لَهُ مُسْلِمُونَ

46. And do not dispute with the followers of the Book except by what is best, except those of them who act unjustly, and say: We believe in that which has been revealed to us and revealed to you, and our Allah and your Allah is One, and to Him do we submit.

وَكَذَلِكَ أَنْزَلْنَا إِلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ فَالَّذِينَ أَتَيْنَاهُمُ الْكِتَابَ يُؤْمِنُونَ  
 بِهِ وَمَنْ هُوَ لِإِيمَانِهِ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ وَمَا يَجْعَلُ بِأَيْمَانِهِ إِلَّا الْكَافِرُونَ

47. And thus have We revealed the Book to you. So those whom We have given the Book believe in it, and of these there are those who believe in it, and none deny Our communications except the unbelievers.

وَمَا كُنْتَ تَنْتَلُو مِنْ قَبْلِهِ مِنْ كِتَابٍ وَلَا تَخْطُلْهُ بِيَمِينِكَ إِذَا الْأَرْتَابَ  
 الْمُبْطَلُونَ

48. And you did not recite before it any book, nor did you transcribe one with your right hand, for then could those who say untrue things have doubted.



بَلْ هُوَ آيَاتٌ بَيِّنَاتٌ فِي صُدُورِ الَّذِينَ أَوْتُوا الْعِلْمَ وَمَا يَجْحَدُ  
بِأَيَّاتِنَا إِلَّا الظَّالِمُونَ

49. Nay! these are clear communications in the breasts of those who are granted knowledge; and none deny Our communications except the unjust.

وَقَالُوا لَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْهِ آيَاتٌ مِّنْ رَّبِّهِ قُلْ إِنَّمَا الْآيَاتُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ  
وَإِنَّمَا أَنَا نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ

50. And they say: Why are not signs sent down upon him from his Lord? Say: The signs are only with Allah, and I am only a plain warner.

أَوَلَمْ يَكُفِهِمْ أَنَّا أَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْكُمُ الْكِتَابَ يُتْلَى عَلَيْهِمْ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ  
لَرْحَمَةً وَذُكْرًا لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ

51. Is it not enough for them that We have revealed to you the Book which is recited to them? Most surely there is mercy in this and a reminder for a people who believe.

قُلْ كَفِي بِاللَّهِ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ شَهِيدٌ أَيْعَلَمُ مَا فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ  
 وَالْأَرْضِ وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا بِالْبَاطِلِ وَكَفَرُوا بِاللَّهِ أُولَئِكَ هُمُ  
 الْخَاسِرُونَ

52. Say: Allah is sufficient as a witness between me and you; He knows what is in the heavens and the earth. And (as for) those who believe in the falsehood and disbelieve in Allah, these it is that are the losers.

وَيَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ بِالْعَذَابِ وَلَوْلَا أَجَلٌ مُّسَمٌّ لَجَاءُهُمُ الْعَذَابُ  
 وَلَيَأْتِيَنَّهُمْ بَغْتَةً وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ

53. And they ask you to hasten on the chastisement; and had not a term been appointed, the chastisement would certainly have come to them; and most certainly it will come to them all of a sudden while they will not perceive.

يَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ بِالْعَذَابِ وَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ لَمُحِيطَةٌ بِالْكَافِرِينَ

54. They ask you to hasten on the chastisement, and most surely hell encompasses the unbelievers;



يَوْمَ يَعْشَاهُمُ الْعَذَابُ مِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ وَمِنْ تَحْتِ أَرْجُلِهِمْ وَيَقُولُونَ

ذُوْقُوا مَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

55. On the day when the chastisement shall cover them from above them, and from beneath their feet; and He shall say: Taste what you did.

يَا عِبَادِيَ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِنَّ آخِرَ ضَيْفِي وَاسِعَةٌ فَإِيَّا يَ فَاعْبُدُونِ

56. My servants who believe! surely My earth is vast, therefore Me alone should you serve.

كُلُّ نَفْسٍ ذَآئِقَةٌ مُمَوْتٌ ثُمَّ إِلَيَّا تُرْجَعُونَ

57. Every soul must taste of death, then to Us you shall be brought back.

وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ لَنَبُوَّبَنَّهُمْ مِنَ الْجَنَّةِ عَرَفًا تَجْرِي

مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا نَعْمَ أَجْرُ الْعَامِلِينَ

58. And (as for) those who believe and do good, We will certainly give them abode in the high places in gardens beneath which rivers flow, abiding therein; how good the reward of the workers:

الَّذِينَ صَدَقُوا وَعَلَى رَبِّهِمْ يَتَوَكَّلُونَ

59. Those who are patient, and on their Lord do they rely.

وَكَانُوا يَأْتِيُنَّ مِنْ دَارَّةٍ لَا تَحْمُلُ بِرَزْقَهَا اللَّهُ يَرْزُقُهَا وَإِلَيْهَا كُمْ وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ

الْعَلِيمُ

60. And how many a living creature that does not carry its sustenance: Allah sustains it and yourselves; and He is the Hearing, the Knowing.

وَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ سَأَلَتْهُمْ مَنْ خَلَقَ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ وَسَخَّرَ الشَّمْسَ

وَالْقَمَرَ لِيَقُولُنَّ اللَّهُ فَإِنِّي يُوْفَكُونَ

61. And if you ask them, Who created the heavens and the earth and made the sun and the moon subservient, they will certainly say, Allah. Whence are they then turned away?

اللَّهُ يَسْرُطُ الرِّزْقَ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ وَيَقْدِرُ لَهُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ

62. Allah makes abundant the means of subsistence for whom He pleases of His servants, and straitens them for whom (He pleases) surely Allah is Cognizant of all things.

وَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ سَأَلَتْهُمْ مَنْ نَزَّلَ مِنَ السَّمَاوَاتِ مَاً فَأَحْيِي بِهِ الْأَرْضَ مِنْ بَعْدِ

مَوْتِهَا لِيَقُولُنَّ اللَّهُ قُلِ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ

63. And if you ask them Who is it that sends down water from the clouds, then gives life to the earth with it after



its death, they will certainly say, Allah. Say: All praise is due to Allah. Nay, most of them do not understand.

وَمَا هِذَهُ الْحَيَاةُ إِلَّا هُوَ لَعِبٌ وَإِنَّ الدَّارَ الْآخِرَةَ لَهُ  
الْحَيَّانُ لَوْ كَانُوا يَعْلَمُونَ

64. And this life of the world is nothing but a sport and a play; and as for the next abode, that most surely is the life-- did they but know!

فَإِذَا رَكِبُوا فِي الْفُلُكِ دَعَوْا اللَّهَ فُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ الدِّينَ فَلَمَّا نَجَاهُمْ إِلَى  
الْبَرِّ إِذَا هُمْ يُشْرِكُونَ

65. So when they ride in the ships they call upon Allah, being sincerely obedient to Him, but when He brings them safe to the land, lo! they associate others (with Him);

لَيَكُفُرُوا بِمَا أَتَيْنَاهُمْ وَلَيَتَمَتَّّ أَفْسَوْفُ  
يَعْلَمُونَ

66. Thus they become ungrateful for what We have given them, so that they may enjoy; but they shall soon know.

أَوَلَمْ يَرُوا أَنَّا جَعَلْنَا حَرَمًا أَمِنًا وَيُتَحَطَّفُ النَّاسُ مِنْ حَوْلِهِمْ  
أَفِي الْبَاطِلِ يُؤْمِنُونَ وَبِنِعْمَةِ اللَّهِ يَكُفُرُونَ

67. Do they not see that We have made a sacred territory secure, while men are carried off by force from around them? Will they still believe in the falsehood and disbelief in the favour of Allah?

وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا أَوْ كَذَّبَ بِالْحُقْقِ لِمَا جَاءَهُ  
أَلَيْسَ فِي جَهَنَّمَ مَثُوَّبٌ لِلْكَافِرِ يُنَ

68. And who is more unjust than one who forges a lie against Allah, or gives the lie to the truth when it has come to him? Will not in hell be the abode of the unbelievers?

وَالَّذِينَ جَاهَدُوا فِينَا لَنَهْدِيَنَّهُمْ سُبُّلُنَا وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَمَعَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

69. And (as for) those who strive hard for Us, We will most certainly guide them in Our ways; and Allah is most surely with the doers of good.





# AL-BURHAN - THE ROMANS

**SUPERPOWERS  
ABUNDANCE OF REFLECTIONS ON THE SIGNS OF ALLAH  
NO EXCUSES ACCEPTED ON THE DAY OF QIYAMA  
SABR (PERSEVERANCE & PATIENCE) AND SELF ESTEEM - DON'T UNDERESTIMATE THE  
STRENGTH OF BELIEF**

**030****6****Aya 60**

**PATIENCE, PERSEVERANCE & SELF ESTEEM  
DON'T UNDERESTIMATE THE STRENGTH OF BELIEF**



**NO EXCUSES ACCEPTED ON THE DAY OF JUDGEMENT  
INEVITABILITY OF ACCOUNTABILITY  
ALL EXAMPLES GIVEN ON THIS QUR'AN**

**5****Ayaat 55-59****REFLECTION OF THE SIGNS OF NATURE****WINDS, RAIN, TRAVEL – SHIPS, AIRSHIPS****RAIN, LIFE TO EARTH****IF AFTER ALL THESE SIGNS – STILL DEAF AND BLIND – THEN CANNOT BE GUIDED****CIRCLE OF LIFE – WEAKNESS TO STRENGTH AND THEN BACK TO WEAKNESS****4****Ayaat 46-54****REFLECTION ON RELATIONSHIP OF THE HUMAN BEING WITH HIS CREATOR****RELATIONSHIP WITH OWN SERVANTS****HUMAN BEING PRE-PROGRAMMED WITH GOODNESS (HUMAN VALUES)****IN TIMES OF TROUBLE TURN TO DIVINITY – WHEN MERCY SHOWN TURN BACK****SUSTENANCE FROM HIM – DIRECTIVE TO SHARE WITH FAMILY, NEEDY, REFUGEES AND ZAKAAH****RIBAA (TO CHARGE MORE THAN IS OWED – INCREASE WITHOUT EFFORT, EXPLOITATION)****BE MINDFUL OF THE DAY OF JUDGEMENT****3****Ayaat 28-45****REFLECTION ON THE EVIDENCE OF DIVINITY IN HUMAN SOCIETY****THOSE WHO CAME BEFORE****DECLARE HIS PERFECTION IN BUSTY TIMES, AND PRAISE AND GRATITUDE IN RESTING TIMES (18)****LIFE AND DEATH****CREATED FROM DUST****COMPASSION AND MERCY IN A RELATIONSHIP****DIVERSITY IN LANGUAGES AND COLOURS****SLEEP AT NIGHT/ WORKING DURING THE DAY****LIGHTNING, RAIN, LIFE TO DEAD EARTH****HEAVENS AND EARTH****ORIGIN OF CREATION****2****Ayaat 8-27****PREDICTION OF VICTORY****PROMISE OF VICTORY TO THE ROMANS (BYZANTINES) OVER THE PERSIANS (SASSANIDS)****VICTORY PREDICTED 9 YEARS BEFORE THE EVENT WHEN THE PERSIANS WERE IN CONTROL****ALLUDES TO THE VICTORY OF THE BATTLE OF BADR – AT THE SAME TIME THE****ROMANS WON OVER THE PERSIANS****v****1  
Ayaat 1-7**

## SURA AL RUM – 30

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Most Kind, the Most Merciful.

آل

1. ALIF LAAM MEEM

غُلَبَتِ الرُّومُ

2. The Romans are vanquished,

فِي أَذْنَ الْأَرْضِ وَهُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ غَلْبِهِمْ سَيَغْلِبُونَ

3. In a near land, and they, after being vanquished, shall overcome,

فِي بَضْعِ سِنِينَ لِلَّهِ الْأَكْمَرُ مَنْ قَبْلُ وَمَنْ بَعْدُ وَيَوْمَئِنْ يَفْرَحُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ

4. Within a few years. Allah's is the command before and after; and on that day the believers shall rejoice,

بِنَصْرِ اللَّهِ يُنْصَرُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ

5. With the help of Allah; He helps whom He pleases; and He is the Mighty, the Merciful;

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ لَا يُخْلِفُ اللَّهُ وَعْدُهُ وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

6. (This is) Allah's promise! Allah will not fail His promise, but most people do not know.



يَعْلَمُونَ ظَاهِرًا مِنَ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا وَهُمْ عَنِ الْآخِرَةِ هُمْ غَافِلُونَ

7. They know the outward of this world's life, but of the hereafter they are absolutely heedless.

أَوْلَمْ يَتَفَكَّرُوا فِي أَنفُسِهِمْ مَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ وَمَا  
يَنْهَا مَا إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ وَأَجَلٌ مُسَمَّى وَإِنَّ كَثِيرًا مِنَ النَّاسِ بِلِقَاءً عَرَبِبِهِمْ

لِكَافِرِونَ

8. Do they not reflect within themselves: Allah did not create the heavens and the earth and what is between them two but with truth, and (for) an appointed term? And most surely most of the people are deniers of the meeting of their Lord.

أَوْلَمْ يَسِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَيَنْظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الَّذِينَ مِنْ  
قَبْلِهِمْ كَانُوا أَشَدَّ مِنْهُمْ قُوَّةً وَأَثَمُوا الْأَرْضَ وَعَمَرُوهَا أَكْثَرَ مِمَّا  
عَمَرُوهَا وَجَاءَهُمْ رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ فَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيُظْلِمُهُمْ  
وَلَكِنْ كَانُوا أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ

9. Have they not travelled in the earth and seen how was the end of those before them? They were stronger than these in prowess, and dug up the earth, and built on it in greater abundance than these have built on it, and there came to them their messengers with clear arguments; so it was not befitting for Allah that He should deal with

them unjustly, but they dealt unjustly with their own souls.

ثُمَّ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الظَّالِمِينَ أَسَاءُوا السُّوَايَ آنَّ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ  
وَكَانُوا بِهَا يَسْتَهْزِئُونَ

10. Then evil was the end of those who did evil, because they | rejected the communications of Allah and used to mock them.

اللَّهُ يَبْدِأُ الْخَلْقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ ثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ

11. Allah originates the creation, then reproduces it, then to Him you shall be brought back.

وَيَوْمَ تَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ يُبَيِّلُ مُهْجَرِ مُونَ

12. And at the time when the hour shall come the guilty shall be in despair.

وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُمْ مِنْ شَرِّ كَائِنِ شَفَعَاءُ وَكَانُوا بِشَرِّ كَائِنِمُ كَافِرِينَ

13. And they shall not have any intercessors from among their gods they have joined with Allah, and they shall be deniers of their associate-gods.

وَيَوْمَ تَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ يَوْمَئِذٍ يَنَفَرُّ قَوْنَ

14. And at the time when the hour shall come, at that time they shall become separated one from the other.



فَآمَّا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ فَهُمْ فِي رَوْضَةٍ يُحَمَّدُونَ

15. Then as to those who believed and did good, they shall be made happy in a garden.

وَآمَّا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَكَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَلِقَاءُ الْآخِرَةِ فَأُولَئِكَ فِي

الْعَذَابِ لُحْسَرُونَ

16. And as to those who disbelieved and rejected Our communications and the meeting of the hereafter, these shall be brought over to the chastisement.

فَسُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ حِينَ شُمُسُونَ وَحِينَ تُصِبُّحُونَ

17. Therefore glory be to Allah when you enter upon the time of the evening and when you enter upon the time of the morning.

وَلَهُ الْحَمْدُ فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَعَشِيًّا وَحِينَ تُظْهِرُونَ

18. And to Him belongs praise in the heavens and the earth, and at nightfall and when you are at midday.

يُحْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مِنَ الْمِيتِ وَيُخْرِجُ الْمِيتَ مِنَ الْحَيِّ وَيُحْيِي الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا وَكَذَلِكَ تُخْرَجُونَ

19. He brings forth the living from the dead and brings forth the dead from the living, and gives life to the earth after its death, and thus shall you be brought forth.

وَمِنْ آيَاتِهِ أَنْ خَلَقَكُمْ مِنْ تُرَابٍ ثُمَّ إِذَا أَنْتُمْ بَشَرٌ تَنَتَّشِرُونَ

20. And one of His signs is that He created you from dust, then lo! you are mortals (who) scatter.

وَمِنْ آيَاتِهِ أَنْ خَلَقَ لَكُمْ مِنْ أَنفُسِكُمْ أَزْوَاجًا لِتَسْكُنُوا إِلَيْهَا

وَجَعَلَ بَيْنَكُمْ مَوَدَّةً وَرَحْمَةً إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لِآيَاتٍ لِقَوْمٍ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ

21. And one of His signs is that He created mates for you from yourselves that you may find rest in them, and He put between you love and compassion; most surely there are signs in this for a people who reflect.

وَمِنْ آيَاتِهِ خَلْقُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَالْخِلَافُ الْسِنَتُكُمْ

وَالْوَانِكُمْ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لِآيَاتٍ لِلْعَالَمِينَ

22. And one of His signs is the creation of the heavens and the earth and the diversity of your tongues and colors; most surely there are signs in this for the learned.

وَمِنْ آيَاتِهِ مَنَامُكُمْ بِاللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ وَابْتِغَاوُكُمْ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ إِنَّ فِي

ذَلِكَ لِآيَاتٍ لِقَوْمٍ يَسْمَعُونَ

23. And one of His signs is your sleeping and your seeking of His grace by night and (by) day; most surely there are signs in this for a people who would hear.



وَمِنْ آيَاتِهِ يُرِيكُمُ الْبَرَقَ حَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا وَيُنَزِّلُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً

فَيُحَمِّيَ بِهِ الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لِآيَاتٍ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ

24. And one of His signs is that He shows you the lightning for fear and for hope, and sends down water from the clouds then gives life therewith to the earth after its death; most surely there are signs in this for a people who understand

وَمِنْ آيَاتِهِ أَنْ تَقُومَ السَّمَاءُ وَالْأَرْضُ بِأَمْرِهِ ثُمَّ إِذَا دَعَكُمْ دَعْوَةً

مِنَ الْأَرْضِ إِذَا أَنْجَمْتُمْ تَخْرُجُونَ

25. And one of His signs is that the heaven and the earth subsist by His command, then when He calls you with a (single) call from out of the earth, lo! you come forth.

وَلَهُ مَنْ فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ كُلُّ هُنَّأَنْتُمْ

26. And His is whosoever is in the heavens and the earth; all are obedient to Him.

وَهُوَ الَّذِي يَبْدِأُ الْخُلُقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ وَهُوَ أَهُونُ عَلَيْهِ وَلَهُ الْمُتَّعْلِمُ الْأَعْلَى

فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

27. And He it is Who originates the creation, then reproduces it, and it is easy to Him; and His are the most exalted attributes in the heavens and the earth, and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

صَرَبَ لَكُمْ مَثَلًا مِنْ أَنفُسِكُمْ هُلْ لَكُمْ مِنْ مَا مَلَكْتُ أَيْمَانُكُمْ  
 مِنْ شَرٍ كَآءِ فِي مَا رَزَقْنَاكُمْ فَإِنْتُمْ فِيهِ سَوَاءٌ تَخَافُوهُمْ كَخِيفَتُكُمْ  
 أَنفُسَكُمْ كَذِلِكَ تُفَصِّلُ الْآيَاتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ

28. He sets forth to you a parable relating to yourselves: Have you among those whom your right hands possess partners in what We have given you for sustenance, so that with respect to it you are alike; you fear them as you fear each other? Thus do We make the communications distinct for a people who understand.

بَلْ اتَّبَعَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا أَهُوَ أَهُمْ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ فَمَنْ يَهْدِي مَنْ  
 أَحْلَلَ اللَّهُ وَمَا هُمْ مِنْ نَاصِرِينَ

29. Nay! those who are unjust follow their low desires without any knowledge; so who can guide him whom Allah makes err? And they shall have no helpers.

فَأَقِمْ وَجْهَكَ لِلَّهِ يَنْ حَنِيفًا فَطَرَ اللَّهُ الَّتِي فَطَرَ النَّاسَ عَلَيْهَا لَا  
 تَبْدِيلَ لِخَلْقِ اللَّهِ ذَلِكَ الَّذِينَ الْقَيِّمُ وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا  
 يَعْلَمُونَ

30. Then set your face upright for religion in the right state-- the nature made by Allah in which He has made men; there is no altering of Allah's creation; that is the right religion, but most people do not know—



مُنِيبِينَ إِلَيْهِ وَاتَّقُوهُ وَأَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ وَلَا تَكُونُوا مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ

31. Turning to Him, and be careful of (your duty to) Him and keep up prayer and be not of the polytheists

مِنَ الَّذِينَ فَرَّقُوا دِينَهُمْ وَكَانُوا شِيَعًا كُلُّ حِزْبٍ بِهِمَا لَدَيْهِمْ

فَرِحُونَ

32. Of those who divided their religion and became seas every sect rejoicing in what they had with them

وَإِذَا مَسَّ النَّاسَ ضُرٌّ دَعَوْا رَبَّهُمْ مُنِيبِينَ إِلَيْهِ ثُمَّ إِذَا أَذَاقَهُمْ مِنْهُ

رَحْمَةً إِذَا فَرِيقٌ مِنْهُمْ بِرَبِّهِمْ يُشْرِكُونَ

33. And when harm afflicts men, they call upon their Lord, turning to Him, then when He makes them taste of mercy from Him, lo! some of them begin to associate (others) with their Lord,

لَيَكُفِرُوا إِمَّا أَتَيْنَاهُمْ فَتَمَتَّعُوا فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ

34. So as to be ungrateful for what We have given them; but enjoy yourselves (for a while), for you shall soon come to know.

أَمْ أَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ سُلْطَانًا فَهُوَ يَتَكَلَّمُ بِمَا كَانُوا بِهِ يُشْرِكُونَ

35. Or, have We sent down upon them an authority so that it speaks of that which they associate with Him?

وَإِذَا أَذَقْنَا النَّاسَ رَحْمَةً فَرِحُوا بِهَا وَإِنْ تُصِيبُهُمْ سَيِّئَةٌ هُمْ مَا قَدَّمُتُ<sup>ص</sup>

أَيْدِيهِمْ إِذَا هُمْ يَقْنَطُونَ

36. And when We make people taste of mercy they rejoice in it, and if an evil befall them for what their hands have already wrought, lo! they are in despair.

أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَعِسْطُ الرِّزْقَ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ وَيَقْدِرُ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ

لَذِيَاتٍ لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ

37. Do they not see that Allah makes ample provision for whom He pleases, or straitens? Most surely there are signs in this for a people who believe.

فَإِنَّمَا الْقُرْبَى حَقَّهُ وَالْمِسْكِينَ وَابْنَ السَّبِيلِ ذَلِكَ خَيْرٌ لِّلَّذِينَ

يُرِيدُونَ وَجْهَ اللَّهِ وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ<sup>ص</sup>

38. Then give to the near of kin his due, and to the needy and the wayfarer; this is best for those who desire Allah's pleasure, and these it is who are successful.

وَمَا أَتَيْتُمْ مِّنْ رِبَآ لِيَرْبُو فِي أَمْوَالِ النَّاسِ فَلَا يَرْبُو عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَمَا

أَتَيْتُمْ مِّنْ زَكَاةً ثُرِيدُونَ وَجْهَ اللَّهِ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُضْعِفُونَ

39. And whatever you lay out as usury, so that it may increase in the property of men, it shall not increase with Allah; and whatever you give in charity, desiring Allah's pleasure-- it is these (persons) that shall get manifold.



ﷺ  
 اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ ثُمَّ رَزَقَكُمْ ثُمَّ يُحِيِّكُمْ هَلْ مِنْ  
 جَنَاحٍ  
 شُرَكَاءِكُمْ مَنْ يَفْعَلُ مِنْ ذَلِكُمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ إِلَّا سُبْحَانَهُ وَتَعَالَى عَمَّا  
 يُشَرِّكُونَ

40. Allah is He Who created you, then gave you sustenance, then He causes you to die, then brings you to life. Is there any of your associate-gods who does aught of it? Glory be to Him, and exalted be He above what they associate (with Him).

ظَاهِرُ الْقَسَادِ فِي الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحْرِ بِمَا كَسَبُتُ أَيْدِي النَّاسِ لِيُنْذِيقُهُمْ  
 بَعْضُ الَّذِي عَمِلُوا عَلَّاهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ

41. Corruption has appeared in the land and the sea on account of what the hands of men have wrought, that He may make them taste a part of that which they have done, so that they may return.

جَ  
 قُلْ سِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَانْظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِ  
 كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ مُشْرِكِينَ

42. Say: Travel in the land, then see how was the end of those before; most of them were polytheists.

ص

فَاقِمْ وَجْهَكَ لِلَّدِينِ الْقَيْمِ مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ يَأْتِيَ يَوْمٌ لَا مَرَدَ لَهُ مِنَ اللَّهِ

يَوْمَئِنْ يَصَدَّعُونَ

43. Then turn thy face straight to the right religion before there come from Allah the day which cannot be averted; on that day they shall become separated.

ص

مَنْ كَفَرَ فَعَلَيْهِ كُفُرُهُ وَمَنْ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا فَلَا نَفْسٌ هُمْ يَمْهُدُونَ

44. Whoever disbelieves, he shall be responsible for his disbelief, and whoever does good, they prepare (good) for their own souls,

لِيَجُزِيَ اللَّهِ يَنِ أَمْوَأَ وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ

الْكَافِرِينَ

45. That He may reward those who believe and do good out of His grace; surely He does not love the unbelievers.

وَمَنْ أَيَّاتِهِ أَنْ يُرِسِّلَ الرِّيَاحَ مُبَشِّرَاتٍ وَلِيَدِيْ يَقْعُدُ مِنْ رَحْمَتِهِ

وَلِتَجْرِيَ الْفُلُكُ بِأَمْرِهِ وَلِتَبْتَعُوا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ

46. And one of His signs is that He sends forth the winds bearing good news, and that He may make your taste of His mercy, and that the ships may run by His command, and that you may seek of His grace, and that you may be grateful.



وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ رُسُلًا إِلَى قَوْمٍ هُمْ فَجَاءُوهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ

فَانْتَقَمْنَا مِنَ الَّذِينَ أَجْرَمُوا وَكَانَ حَقًّا عَلَيْنَا نَصْرٌ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

47. And certainly We sent before you messengers to their people, so they came to them with clear arguments, then We gave the punishment to those who were guilty; and helping the believers is ever incumbent on Us.

اللَّهُ الَّذِي يُرْسِلُ الرِّيَاحَ فَتُثِيرُ سَحَابًا فَيَبْسُطُهُ فِي السَّمَاءِ كَيْفَ

يَشَاءُ وَيَجْعَلُهُ كَسْفًا فَتَرَى الْوَدْقَ يَجْرُجَ مِنْ خَلَالِهِ فَإِذَا أَصَابَ بِهِ

مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ إِذَا هُمْ يَسْتَبَشِّرُونَ

48. Allah is he Who sends forth the winds so they raise a cloud, then He spreads it forth in the sky as He pleases, and He breaks it up so that you see the rain coming forth from inside it; then when He causes it to fall upon whom He pleases of His servants, lo! they are joyful

وَإِنْ كَانُوا مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ يُنَزَّلَ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ لَمْ يُبَلِّسُنَّ

49. Though they were before this, before it was sent down upon them, confounded in sure despair.

فَانْظُرْ إِلَى أَثَارِ رَحْمَتِ اللَّهِ كَيْفَ يُحْيِي الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتَهَا إِنَّ ذَلِكَ

لَمْ يُحْيِي الْمَوْتَىٰ وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

50. Look then at the signs of Allah's mercy, how He gives life to the earth after its death, most surely He will raise the dead to life; and He has power over all things.

وَلَئِنْ أَرْسَلْنَا بِرِيحًا فَأَوْهُ مُصْفَرًّا الظَّلُومُ امْنُ بَعْدَهُ كَفُرُونَ

51. And if We send a wind and they see it to be yellow, they would after that certainly continue to disbelieve

فَإِنَّكَ لَا تُسْمِعُ الْمَوْتَىٰ وَلَا تُسْمِعُ الصُّمَمَ اللُّعَاءَ إِذَا وَلَّوْا مُهْدِبِينَ

52. For surely you cannot, make the dead to hear and you cannot make the deaf to hear the call, when they turn back and flee

وَمَا أَنْتَ بِهَادٍ الْعُمَىٰ عَنْ ضَلَالِهِمْ إِنْ تُسْمِعُ الْأَمْمَنْ يُؤْمِنُ

بِإِيمَانِنَا فَهُمْ مُسْلِمُونَ

53. Nor can you lead away the blind out of their error. You cannot make to hear any but those who believe in Our communications so they shall submit.

اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ مِنْ ضَعْفٍ ثُمَّ جَعَلَ مِنْ بَعْدِ ضَعْفٍ قُوَّةً ثُمَّ  
جَعَلَ مِنْ بَعْدِ قُوَّةٍ ضَعْفًا وَشَيْءَةً يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ وَهُوَ الْعَلِيمُ الْقَدِيرُ

54. Allah is He Who created you from a state of weakness then He gave strength after weakness, then ordained weakness and white hair after strength; He creates what He pleases, and He is the Knowing, the Powerful.



وَيَوْمَ تَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ يُقْسِمُ الْمُجْرِمُونَ مَا لَبِثُوا إِغْيَرَ سَاعَةً كَذَلِكَ

كَانُوا إِيَّوْ فَكُونَ

55. And at the time when the hour shall come, the guilty shall swear (that) they did not tarry but an hour; thus are they ever turned away.

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْعِلْمَ وَالْإِيمَانَ لَقَدْ لَيْشَمْ فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ إِلَى  
يَوْمِ الْبُعْثَةِ فَهَذَا يَوْمُ الْبُعْثَةِ وَلَكِنَّكُمْ كُنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ

56. And those who are given knowledge and faith will say: Certainly you tarried according to the ordinance of Allah till the day of resurrection, so this is the day of resurrection, but you did not know.

فِي يَوْمٍ مَيْدِنٍ لَا يَنْفَعُ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا أَمْعَنْ رَهْمَهُمْ وَلَا هُمْ يُسْتَعْتَبُونَ

57. But on that day their excuse shall not profit those who were unjust, nor shall they be regarded with goodwill.

وَلَقَدْ ضَرَبَنَا لِلنَّاسِ فِي هَذَا الْقُرْآنِ مِنْ كُلِّ مَثَلٍ وَلَئِنْ جِئْنَهُمْ بِأَيَّةٍ  
لَيَقُولُنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِنَّ أَنْتَمْ لَا مُبْطِلُونَ

58. And certainly We have set forth for men every kind of example in this Quran; and if you should bring them a communication, those who disbelieve would certainly say: You are naught but false claimants.

كَذَلِكَ يَطْبَعُ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِ الظَّالِمِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

59. Thus does Allah set a seal on the hearts of those who do not know.

فَاصْبِرْ إِنَّ وَعْدَ اللَّهِ حَقٌّ وَلَا يَسْتَخِفَنَّكَ الظَّالِمِينَ لَا يُوْقِنُونَ

60. Therefore be patient; surely the promise of Allah is true and let not those who have no certainty hold you in light estimation.



# AL DUKHAAN - THE SMOKE



QUR'AN REVEALED ON A BLESSED NIGHT IN WHICH ALL AFFAIRS DECREED  
WARNING TO THOSE WHO DEFIANTLY MOCK REVELATION AND COMMIT INJUSTICE  
COMPARISON OF JAHANNAM AND JANNA

044

8

Aya 59

**WAIT IN ANTICIPATION**  
THE PROPHET INSTRUCTED TO WAIT FOR THE MAKKANS TO BELIEVE  
IN GUIDANCE  
THEY WERE WAITING FOR THE PROPHETS DEFEAT



7

Aya 58

**QUR'AN EASY ON THE TONGUE**  
MEMORISE AND APPLY TO REACH ONE'S FULL POTENTIAL

**GRAPHIC DEPICTION OF JANNA**  
BLISS FOR THE GOD CONSCIOUS

6

Ayaat 51-57

**GRAPHIC DEPICTION OF JAHANNAM**  
TERRIFYING IMAGERY AS A WARNING TO ONE WHO IS UNJUST

5

Ayaat 43-50

**DEFIANCE IN DENYING RESURRECTION & INEVITABILITY  
OF THE DAY OF JUDGEMENT**

THE EARTH AND HEAVENS NOT CREATED FOR SPORT  
NO FRIENDSHIPS ON THE DAY OF JUDGEMENT



4

Ayaat 34-42

**FIRAWN'S ARROGANCE, EXTRAVAGANCE AND  
EXPLOITATION OF THE BANI ISRAIL**

PROPHET MUSA SENT AS A MESSENGER  
FIRAWN DROWNED AND THE BANI ISRAIL SAVED



3

Ayaat 17-33

**WARNING OF THE COMING OF THE DAY OF  
JUDGEMENT TO THOSE WHO MOCK REVELATION**  
DUKHAN - DARK TEXTURED SMOKE ON THE DAY OF JUDGEMENT  
(FAMINE AND DROUGHT)

2

Ayaat 9-16

**QUR'AN REVEALED ON A BLESSED NIGHT IN  
WHICH ALL DECISIONS ABOUT LIFE ARE MADE**  
BARAKA - BENEFITS BEYOND EXPECTATION AND  
AWAKENS DORMANT GOOD WITHIN ONESELF



1

Ayaat 1-8

## SURA AL DUKHAN – 44

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Most Kind, the Most Merciful.

حٰمٰ

1. Haa Meem!

وَالْكِتَابِ الْمُبِينِ

2. I swear by the Book that makes manifest (the truth).

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ فِي لَيْلَةٍ مُّبَارَّةٍ كَتَهْ إِنَّا كُنَّا مُنْذِرِينَ

3. Surely We revealed it on a blessed night surely We are ever warning--

فِيهَا يُفْرَقُ كُلُّ أَمْرٍ حَكِيمٍ

4. Therein every wise affair is made distinct,

أَمْرًا مَّنْ عَنِّنَا إِنَّا كُنَّا مُرْسِلِينَ

5. A command from Us; surely We are the senders (of messengers),

رَحْمَةً مِّنْ رَّبِّكَ إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ

6. A mercy from your Lord, surely He is the Hearing, the Knowing,



رَبُّ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُّوقِنِينَ

7. The Lord of the heavens and the earth and what is between them, if you would be sure.

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ يُحْيِي وَمَمِيتُ رَبُّكُمْ وَرَبُّ آبَائِكُمُ الْأَوَّلِينَ

8. There is no god but He; He gives life and causes death, your Lord and the Lord of your fathers of yore.

بَلْ هُمْ فِي شَكٍّ يَعْبُونَ

9. Nay, they are in doubt, they sport.

فَإِذْ تَرَقِبُ يَوْمَ تَأْتِي السَّمَاءُ أَعْبُدُ خَانٍ مُّبِينٍ

10. Therefore keep waiting for the day when the heaven shall bring an evident smoke,

يَغْشَى النَّاسَ هَذَا عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

11. That shall overtake men; this is a painful punishment.

رَبَّنَا أَكْشِفْ عَنَّا الْعَذَابَ إِنَّا مُؤْمِنُونَ

12. Our Lord! remove from us the punishment; surely we are believers.

أَنِّي لَهُمُ النِّكَرِي وَقَدْ جَاءُهُمْ رَسُولٌ مُّبِينٌ

13. How shall they be reminded, and there came to them an Messenger making clear (the truth),

ثُمَّ تَوَلَّوْا عَنْهُ وَقَالُوا مَعْلَمٌ بِجِنُونٍ

14. Yet they turned their backs on him and said: One taught (by others), a madman.

إِنَّا كَاشِفُو الْعَذَابِ قَلِيلًا إِنَّكُمْ عَآئِدُونَ

15. Surely We will remove the punishment a little, (but) you will surely return (to evil).

يَوْمَ نَبْطِشُ الْبُطْشَةَ الْكُبْرَى إِنَّا مُنْتَقِمُونَ

16. On the day when We will seize (them) with the most violent seizing; surely We will inflict retribution.

وَلَقَدْ فَتَنَّا قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمٌ فِرْعَوْنَ وَجَآءُهُمْ رَسُولٌ كَرِيمٌ

17. And certainly We tried before them the people of Firon, and there came to them a noble messenger,

أَنْ أَذْوِ إِلَيَّ عِبَادَ اللَّهِ إِنِّي لِكُمْ رَسُولٌ أَمِينٌ

18. Saying: Deliver to me the servants of Allah, surely I am a faithful messenger to you,

وَأَنْ لَا تَعْلُو أَعْلَى اللَّهِ إِنِّي أَتِيكُمْ بِسُلْطَانٍ مُبِينٍ

19. And that do not exalt yourselves against Allah, surely I will bring to you a clear authority:

وَإِنِّي عُذْتُ بِرَبِّي وَرَبِّكُمْ أَنْ تَرْجُمُونِ

20. And surely I take refuge with my Lord and your Lord that you should stone me to death:



وَإِنْ لَمْ تُؤْمِنُوا لِي فَاعْتَزُّ لَوْنٍ

21. And if you do not believe in me, then leave me alone.

فَدَعَا رَبَّهُ أَنَّ هُوَ لَكَ عَوْمَّ بُجْرِمُونَ

22. Then he called upon his Lord: These are a guilty people.

فَأَسْرِ بِعِبَادِي لَيْلًا إِنَّكُمْ مُمْتَنَعُونَ

23. So go forth with My servants by night; surely you will be pursued:

وَاتْرُدْ فِي الْبَحْرِ رَهْوًا إِنَّهُمْ جُنْدٌ مُغْرَقُونَ

24. And leave the sea intervening; surely they are a host that shall be drowned.

كَمْ تَرَ كُوامِنْ جَنَّاتٍ وَعَيْوَنٍ

25. How many of the gardens and fountains have they left!

وَرُزْوُعٌ وَمَقَامٌ كَرِيمٌ

26. And cornfields and noble places!

وَنَعْمَةٌ كَانُوا فِيهَا فَاكِهِينٌ

27. And goodly things wherein they rejoiced;

كَذِلِكَ وَأَوْرَثْنَاهَا أَقْوَمًا أَخْرِيَنَ

28. Thus (it was), and We gave them as a heritage to another people.

فَمَا بَكَثُ عَلَيْهِمُ السَّمَاءُ وَالْأَرْضُ وَمَا كَانُوا امْنَظَرِينَ

29. So the heaven and the earth did not weep for them, nor were they respite.

وَلَقَدْ نَجَّيْنَا بَنِي إِسْرَائِيلَ مِنَ الْعَذَابِ الْمُهِينِ

30. And certainly We delivered the children of Israel from the abasing chastisement,

ج  
مِنْ فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَالِيًّا مِنَ الْمُسْرِفِينَ

31. From Firawn; surely he was haughty, (and) one of the extravagant.

وَلَقَدْ اخْتَرْنَاهُمْ عَلَى عِلْمٍ عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ

32. And certainly We chose them, having knowledge, above the nations.

وَأَتَيْنَاهُمْ مِنَ الْآيَاتِ مَا فِيهِ بَلَاءٌ مُبِينٌ

33. And We gave them of the communications wherein was clear blessing.

إِنَّ هُوَ لَا يَقُولُونَ

34. Most surely these do say:

إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا مَوْتَنَا الْأُولَى وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمُنْشَرِينَ

35. There is naught but our first death and we shall not be raised again.



فَأُتُوا بِآبَآئِنَا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ

36. So bring our fathers (back), if you are truthful.

أَهُمْ خَيْرٌ أَمْ قَوْمٌ تُبَيِّنُ<sup>ص</sup> وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ أَهْلَكْنَاهُمْ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا

مُجْرِمِينَ

37. Are they better or the people of Tubba and those before them? We destroyed them, for surely they were guilty.

وَمَا خَلَقْنَا السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا لَا عِينَ

38. And We did not create the heavens and the earth and what is between them in sport.

مَا خَلَقْنَاهُمَا إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

39. We did not create them both but with the truth, but most of them do not know.

إِنَّ يَوْمَ الْفَصْلِ مِيقَاتُهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ

40. Surely the day of separation is their appointed term, of all of them

يَوْمٌ لَا يُعْنِي مَوْلَىٰ عَنْ شَيْئًا وَلَا هُمْ يُنْصَرُونَ

41. The day on which a friend shall not avail (his) friend aught, nor shall they be helped,

إِلَّا مَنْ رَحِمَ اللَّهُ إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ

42. Save those on whom Allah shall have mercy; surely He is the Mighty the Merciful.

إِنَّ شَجَرَتَ الزَّقْوَمِ

43. Surely the tree of the Zaqqum,

طَعَامُ الْأَثِيمِ

44. Is the food of the sinful

كَالْفَهْلِ يَغْلِي فِي الْبَطْوَنِ

45. Like dregs of oil; it shall boil in (their) bellies,

كَغَلْبِي الْحَمِيمِ

46. Like the boiling of hot water.

خُذُوهُ فَاعْتِلُوهُ إِلَى سَوَاءِ الْجَحِيمِ

47. Seize him, then drag him down into the middle of the hell;

ثُمَّ صُبُّو أَفَوَقَ رَأْسِهِ مِنْ عَذَابِ الْحَمِيمِ

48. Then pour above his head of the torment of the boiling water:

ذُقْ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ

49. Taste; Indeed You are the mighty, the honourable:



إِنَّ هَذَا مَا كُنْتُمْ بِهِ تَمْتَرُونَ

50. Surely this is what you disputed about.

إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ فِي مَقَامٍ أَمِينٍ

51. Surely those who guard (against evil) are in a secure place,

فِي جَنَّاتٍ وَعُيُونٍ

52. In gardens and springs;

يَلْبِسُونَ مِنْ سُنْدُسٍ وَإِسْتَدْرِقٍ مُتَقَابِلِينَ

53. They shall wear of fine and thick silk, (sitting) face to face;

كَذَلِكَ وَزَوَّجْنَاهُمْ بِحُورٍ عَيْنٍ

54. Thus (shall it be), and We will wed them with Houris pure, beautiful ones.

يَدْعُونَ فِيهَا بِكُلِّ فَاكِهَةٍ آمِينَ

55. They shall call therein for every fruit in security;

لَا يُدْرُقُونَ فِيهَا الْمَوْتَ إِلَّا الْمَوْتَةَ الْأُولَى وَوَقَاهُمْ عَذَابَ الْجَحِيمِ

56. They shall not taste therein death except the first death, and He will save them from the punishment of the hell,

فَضْلًا مِنْ رَبِّكَ ذَلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ

57. A grace from your Lord; this is the great achievement.

فَإِنَّمَا يَسِّرُنَاهُ بِإِلْسَانِكَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ

58. So have We made it easy in your tongue that they may be mindful.

فَارْتَقِبْ إِنْهُمْ مُرْتَقِبُونَ

59. Therefore wait; surely they are waiting.

## DUA BIDDING FAREWELL TO THE MONTH OF RAMADHAN - IMAM SADIQ (PBUH)

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the Name of Allah, the All-merciful, the All-compassionate

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

اللَّهُمَّ إِنَّكَ قُلْتَ فِي كِتَابِكَ الْمُنْزَلِ

O Allah: You have said in Your revealed Book:

"شَهْرُ رَمَضَانَ الَّذِي أُنْزِلَ فِيهِ الْقُرْآنُ"

"The month of Ramadhan in which the Quran was  
revealed..."

وَهَذَا شَهْرُ رَمَضَانَ وَقَدْ تَصَرَّمَ

And this month of Ramadhan is about to slip away.

فَأَسْأَلُكَ بِوَجْهِكَ الْكَرِيمِ وَكَلِمَاتِكَ التَّامَّةِ

I thus beseech You in the name of Your Noble Face, And  
Your Perfect Words,

إِنْ كَانَ بَقِيَ عَلَيَّ ذَنْبٌ لَمْ تَغْفِرْهُ لِي

If I am still liable to a sin that You have not yet forgiven

أَوْ تُرِيدُ أَنْ تُعَذِّبَنِي عَلَيْهِ أَوْ تُنْقِيَنِي بِهِ

or You want to punish me for it, or to retaliate upon me because of it,

أَنْ لَا يَطْلُعَ فَجْرٌ هَذِهِ اللَّيْلَةُ أَوْ يَتَصَرَّمُ هَذَا الشَّهْرُ إِلَّا وَقَدْ غَفَرَتْهُ لِي

(I beseech You that) before dawn of this night rises and before this moth elapses (please) forgive it for me;

يَا أَنْرَحْمَ اللَّاهِمِينَ

O the most Merciful of all those who show mercy.

اللَّهُمَّ لَكَ الْحَمْدُ بِمَا حَمِدْتَكَ كُلَّهَا أَوْلَهَا وَآخِرَهَا

O Allah: all praise be to You in all expressions of praise—  
The first and the last expressions;

مَا قُلْتَ لِنَفْسِكَ مِنْهَا وَمَا قَالَ الْخَلَائِقُ الْحَامِدُونَ الْمُجْتَهِدُونَ

الْمَعْدُودُونَ الْمُوْقَرُونَ ذِكْرُكَ وَالشُّكْرُ لَكَ

Expressions that You have said about Yourself, And  
expressions that have been used by the created beings; The  
beings that are diligent, selected, Revering their mention of  
You, And their thanking You,

الَّذِينَ أَعْنَتْهُمْ عَلَى آدَاءِ حَقِّكَ مِنْ أَصْنَافِ خَلْقِكَ

Whom You helped carry out Your duty that is incumbent  
upon them, From among the varieties of Your creatures;



مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ الْمُقَرَّبِينَ وَالنَّبِيِّينَ وَالْمُرْسَلِينَ

Such as the Favourite Angels, The Prophets, the Messengers,

وَأَصْنَافِ النَّاطِقِينَ وَالْمُسَبِّحِينَ لَكَ مِنْ جَمِيعِ الْعَالَمِينَ

And the other varieties who speak of Your praise And glorify You from among all the creatures.

عَلَى أَنْتَ بَلَّغْتَنَا شَهْرَ رَمَضَانَ

(Praise be to You for) You have allowed us to witness the month of Ramadhan,

وَعَلَيْنَا مِنْ نِعْمَكَ وَعِنْدَنَا مِنْ قِسْمِكَ وَإِحْسَانِكَ وَتَظَاهِرِ

إِمْتِنَانِكَ

While we are covered by Your graces and we are enjoying Your bounties and favours and Your evident conferrals.

فِي ذَلِكَ لَكَ مُنْتَهَى الْحَمْدِ الْخَالِدِ الدَّائِرِ الرَّاكِدِ الْمُخْلِدِ السَّرِّمِدِ

For all that, the ultimate praise be to You, Praise that is perpetual and ceaseless and endless and eternal and everlasting.

الَّذِي لَا يَنْفَدُ طُولَ الْأَبْدِ جَلَّ شَأْوِلَ

Praise that never ends evermore. Splendid be the praising of You,

أَعْنَتَنَا عَلَيْهِ حَتَّىٰ قَضَيْنَا صَيَامَهُ وَقَيَامَهُ

For You have helped us accomplish our fasting and acts of worship in this month,

مِنْ صَلَاتٍ وَمَا كَانَ مِنَّا فِيهِ مِنْ بِرٍّ أَوْ شُكْرٍ أَوْ ذُكْرٍ

Including prayers and whatever good deed that we have done during this month, as well as all praise and mention of You.

اللَّهُمَّ فَتَقْبِلْهُ مِنَّا بِأَحْسَنِ قَوْلَكَ وَتَجَوَّزْكَ وَعَفْوَكَ

O Allah: (please) accept all that from us with the most excellent of Your approval and Your overlooking and Your pardoning

وَصَفْحَكَ وَغُفرَانَكَ وَحَقِيقَةِ رُضُوِّ اِنْكَ

And Your excusing and Your forgiving and the actuality of Your pleasure

حَتَّىٰ تُظْفِرَنَا فِيهِ بِكُلِّ خَيْرٍ مَطْلُوبٍ وَجَزِيلٍ عَطَاءٍ مَوْهُوبٍ

So that You may make us win all good turns that is besought and the abundant share from any gifted bestowal

وَتُؤْقِنَنَا فِيهِ مِنْ كُلِّ مَرْهُوبٍ أَوْ بَلَاءٍ مَجْلُوبٍ أَوْ ذُنُوبٍ مَكْسُوبٍ

And that You save us from any dangerous matter, or any anticipated misfortune or any committed sin.



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسأَلُكَ بِعَظَمِ مَا سَأَلَكَ بِهِ أَحَدٌ مِّنْ خَلْقِكَ مِنْ كَرِيمِ

اسْمَائِكَ وَجَمِيلِ ثَنَائِكَ وَخَاصَّةً دُعَائِكَ

O Allah: I beseech You in the name of the greatest of all these by which any of Your servants have besought You, including Your Noble Names, and the excellent praising of You and private supplication to You

أَنْ تُصْلِي عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

That You may send blessings upon Muhammad and the Household of Muhammad,

وَأَنْ تَجْعَلَ شَهْرَنَا هَذَا أَعْظَمَ شَهْرِ رَمَضَانَ مَرَّ عَلَيْنَا

And You may decide this month of Ramadhan to be the greatest month in blessings that we have ever witnessed

مُنْذُ أُنْزِلْنَا إِلَى الدُّنْيَا بَرَكَةً فِي عَصْمَةِ تَوْرِيْفِي

Since we were sent down to this world, As regarding protection of my religion,

وَخَلَاصِ نَفْسِي وَقَضَاءِ حَوَّائِجِي وَتُشْفِعُنِي فِي مَسَائِلِي

And redemption of myself And settlement of my needs And that You may accept my intercession to You concerning Your settlement of my requests

وَتَمَامِ النِّعْمَةِ عَلَيَّ وَصَرْفِ السُّوءِ عَنِّي وَلِيَاسِ الْعَافِيَةِ لِي فِيهِ

And Your perfecting Your graces upon me and Your keeping evil away from me and Your dressing me with well-being during this month,

وَأَنْ تَجْعَلَنِي بِرَحْمَتِكَ لَمَّا خَرَتْ لَهُ لَيْلَةُ الْقَدْرِ

And that You may include me, out of Your mercy, with those whom You allowed to obtain the benefits of the Grand Night

وَجَعَلْتَهَا لَهُ خَيْرًا مِنْ أَلْفِ شَهْرٍ

And those for whom You have decided this Night to be better than one thousand months,

فِي أَعْظَمِ الْأَجْرِ وَكَرَأْيُومَ الدُّخْرِ وَحُسْنِ الشُّكْرِ

As regarding obtaining its vastest rewards, and its noblest gifts and approving praiseworthiness

وَطَوْلِ الْعُمُرِ وَدَوْامِ الْيُسُرِ

And obtaining long lifetime and perpetuity of comfort.

اللَّهُمَّ وَأَسْأَلُكَ بِرَحْمَتِكَ وَطَوْلِكَ وَعَفْوِكَ وَنَعْمَائِكَ

O Allah: I also beseech You in the name of Your mercy and Your beneficence and Your pardon and Your graces

وَجَلَالِكَ وَقَدِيمِ إِحْسَانِكَ وَأَمْتِنَانِكَ أَنْ لَا تَجْعَلْنَا أَخْرَى الْعَهْدِ مِنَّا

لِشَهْرِ رَمَضَانَ

And Your majesty and Your eternal favouring and conferral that You may not decide this month of Ramadhan to be the last one in our lifetime;



حَتَّى تُبَلِّغَنَاهُ مِنْ قَابِلٍ عَلَى أَحْسَنِ حَالٍ

Rather, You may decide us to catch the coming month of Ramadhan while we enjoy the best of manners

وَتُعَرِّفَنِي هَلَالَهُ مَعَ النَّاظِرِينَ إِلَيْهِ وَالْمُعْتَرِفِينَ لَهُ

And that You may decide us to see the new moon of the next month of Ramadhan by including me with those who will see it and realize its value

فِي أَعْفَى عَافِيَتِكَ وَأَنْعَمْ نِعْمَتِكَ وَأَوْسَعْ رَحْمَتِكَ وَأَجْزَلْ قِسْمَكَ

While I am enjoying the best wellbeing And the most blissful of Your bounties and the most expansive of Your mercy and the most abundant of the share of Your sustenance that You decide for me.

يَا رَبِّيَ الَّذِي لَيْسَ لِي رَبٌّ غَيْرُهُ لَا يَكُونُ هَذَا الْوَدَاعُ مِنِّي لَهُ وَدَاعَ فَنَاءٌ

O my Lord save Whom I have no lord; (please) do not decide that this words of bidding the month of Ramadhan farewell to be the last farewell after which there will be my termination

وَلَا أَخْرَى الْعَهْدِ مِنِّي لِلْقَاءٍ

And do not decide this time to be the last of my meeting the month of Ramadhan;

حَتَّى تُرِيَنِيهِ مِنْ قَابِلٍ فِي أَوْسَعِ النِّعَمِ وَأَفْضَلِ الرَّجَاءِ

Rather, You may decide that You will enable me to witness the coming Ramadhan while I am enjoying the most expansive graces and attaining the best of my hopes

وَأَنَّكَ عَلَى أَحْسَنِ الْوَفَاءِ إِنَّكَ سَمِيعُ الدُّعَاءِ

And I am loyal to You in the most faithful manner. Verily,  
You are the Hearer of prayers.

اللَّهُمَّ اسْمَعْ دُعَائِي وَارْحَمْ تَضَرُّعِي وَتَنَّلِي لَكَ

O Allah: (please) respond to my prayer, and have mercy  
upon my acquiescence and submission before You

وَاسْتِكَانَتِي وَتَوَكِّلِي عَلَيْكَ وَأَنَّكَ مُسْلِمٌ لَا أَرْجُو بَحَاجَةً وَلَا مَعَافَةً

As well as my humbleness and reliance upon You, while I am  
totally subservient to You; I hope success and wellbeing

وَلَا تَشْرِيفًا وَلَا تَبْلِيغًا إِلَّا بِكَ وَمِنْكَ

And honouring and attainment of my hopes from none save  
You and through none save You;

فَامْنُنْ عَلَيَّ جَلَّ شَنَاؤكَ وَتَقْدَسْ أَسْمَاؤكَ

So, (please) do this favour to me— Splendid be the praising  
of You, and sacred be Your Names—

بِتَبَلِيغِي شَهْرَ رَمَضَانَ وَأَنَا مُعَافٍ بِمِنْ كُلِّ مَكْرُوهٍ وَمَحْذُورٍ وَمِنْ جَمِيعِ

الْبَوَائِقِ،

By allowing me to witness the (coming) month of Ramadhan  
while I am delivered from any apprehensive and fearful  
matter and from all misfortunes.



الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي أَعَانَنَا عَلَى صِيَامِ هَذَا الشَّهْرِ وَقِيَامِهِ حَتَّى يَلْغَنِي  
أَخِرَ لَيْلَةِ مِنْهُ

All praise be to Allah Who has helped us observe fasting during this month and do acts of worship until I am witnessing the last night of this month.

## A'MAAL FOR THE NIGHT OF EID

The night of Eid ul Fitr is amongst the most holy nights. According to some ahadith, it is no less in importance than Laylatul Qadr.

The following are recommended on this night.

1. Ghusl
2. The following takbir to be recited after salatul Maghrib and Eisha and Fajr and Eid salaa on the day of Eid.

اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ وَلِلَّهِ الْحَمْدُ  
الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ عَلَى مَا هَدَى نَّا وَلَهُ الشُّكْرُ عَلَى مَا أَوْلَانَا

Allah is Great. Allah is Great. There is no god save Allah. And Allah is Great. Allah is Great. All praise be to Allah. All praise be to Allah for He has shown us the Right Path. All thanks be to Him for that which He has conferred upon us.

3. Recite the following dua after salatul Maghrib

يَا ذَا الْمُنْ وَالْطَّوْلِ يَا ذَا الْجُودِ يَا مُصْطَفَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَنَاصِرُهُ صَلَّى عَلَى  
مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ وَأَغْفِرْ لِي كُلَّ ذَنْبٍ أَحْصَيْتَهُ وَهُوَ عِنْدَكَ فِي

كِتَابٍ مُبِينٍ

O Lord of favour and bounty! O Lord of magnanimity! O He Who has chosen Muhammad and granted him victory! (Please) send blessings to Muhammad and the



Household of Muhammad and forgive me all the sins that You have known (from me) and they are written with you in a manifest record.

4. Recite the Ziyara of Imam Husayn (pbuh)
5. Recite the following dua 10x

يَادَ آئِمَّةِ الْفُضْلِ عَلَى الْبُرِّيَّةِ، يَا بَاسِطَ الْيَدَيْنِ بِالْعَطِيَّةِ، يَا  
صَاحِبَ الْمَوَاهِبِ السَّنِيَّةِ، صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ خَيْرِ الْوَرَى  
سَجِيَّةً، وَاغْفِرْ لَنَا يَا ذَالْعَلَى، فِي هَذِهِ الْعُشِّيَّةِ

O He Who is continuously gracious over the creatures! O He Who is openhandedly Bestower of gifts! O He Who is the Giver of sublime donations! Bless Muhammad and his Household, the best of all creatures in traits, and forgive us, O Lord of Highness, at this evening.

6. Recite two rakaat salaa after Maghrib salaa. In the first rakaat after Sura Al Faatiha recite Sura Al Ikhlaas 1000x (or 100 or 10). In the second rakaat recite Sura Al Faatiha followed by Sura Al Ikhlaas once. After completing salaa, go into sajda and recite 100x:

أَتُوبُ إِلَى اللَّهِ

I turn (repentant to Allah)

Then recite:

يَا ذَا الْمَنْ وَالْجُودِ يَا ذَا الْمَنْ وَالْطَّوْلِ يَا مُصَطَّفِي  
مُحَمَّدٌ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالِّهِ صَلَّى عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَالْهُ

O Owner of bounties and benefits, O He who made a choice of Muhammad to place His trust in him, blessings of Allah be on him and on his children, send blessing on Muhammad and on his children.

7. Recite the following Dua:

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the Name of Allah, the All-merciful, the All-compassionate

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ

O Allah, bless Muhammad and his Household,

يَا اللَّهُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا اللَّهُ

Allah! O Allah! O Allah!

يَا رَحْمَنِ يَا اللَّهُ يَا رَحِيمِ يَا اللَّهُ

Beneficent! O Allah! Merciful! O Allah!

يَا مَلِكُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا قُدُّوسُ يَا اللَّهُ

Sovereign! O Allah! Most Holy! O Allah!

يَا سَلَامُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا مُؤْمِنُ يَا اللَّهُ



Peace! O Allah! Giver of security! O Allah!

يَا مُهَيْمِنٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا عَزِيزٌ يَا اللَّهُ

All-prevailing! O Allah! Almighty! O Allah!

يَا جَبَّارٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا مُتَكَبِّرٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Omnipotent! O Allah! All-great! O Allah!

يَا خَالقُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا بَارِئٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Creator! O Allah! Inventor! O Allah!

يَا مُصَوِّرٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا عَالَمٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Shaper! O Allah! All-knowing! O Allah!

يَا عَظِيمُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا عَلِيمُ يَا اللَّهُ

Great! O Allah! Knowing! O Allah!

يَا كَرِيمُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا حَلِيمُ يَا اللَّهُ

All-generous! O Allah! Indulgent! O Allah!

يَا حَكِيمُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا سَمِيعُ يَا اللَّهُ

Wise! O Allah! Hearer! O Allah!

يَا بَصِيرٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا قَرِيبٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Seer! O Allah! Near! O Allah!

يَا جُنِيبٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا جَوَادٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Responder! O Allah! All-magnanimous! O Allah!

يَا مَاجِدٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا مُلِيقٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Glorious! O Allah! Rich and Powerful! O Allah!

يَا وَفِي يَا اللَّهُ يَا مَوْلَى يَا اللَّهُ

Sincere! O Allah! Lord-Master! O Allah!

يَا قَاضِي يَا اللَّهُ يَا سَرِيعُ يَا اللَّهُ

Judge! O Allah! Swift! O Allah!

يَا شَدِيدُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا رَءُوفُ يَا اللَّهُ

Firm! O Allah! Compassionate! O Allah!

يَا رَقِيبٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا لَجِيدٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Preserver! O Allah! Mighty! O Allah!

يَا حَفِيظٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا مُحِيطٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Protector! O Allah! Encompasser! O Allah!

يَا سَيِّدَ السَّادَاتِ يَا اللَّهُ يَا أَوَّلٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا آخِرٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Chief of the chiefs! O Allah! Ever-Foremost! O Allah!  
Eternally Last! O Allah!

يَا ظَاهِرٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا بَاطِنٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Evident! O Allah! Intrinsic Fundamental! O Allah!



يَا فَاتِحُرِيَا اللَّهُ يَا قَاهِرُرِيَا اللَّهُ

Glorious! O Allah! Victor! O Allah!

يَا رَبِّكُهُرِيَا اللَّهُ يَا رَبِّكُهُرِيَا اللَّهُ

Lord-Nourisher! O Allah! Lord-Nourisher! O Allah! Lord-Nourisher! O Allah!

يَا وَدُودُرِيَا اللَّهُ يَا نُورُرِيَا اللَّهُ

Loving! O Allah! Light! O Allah!

يَا رَافِعُرِيَا اللَّهُ يَا مَانِعُرِيَا اللَّهُ يَا دَافِعُرِيَا اللَّهُ

Raiser! O Allah! Preventer! O Allah! Defender! O Allah!

يَا فَاتِحُرِيَا اللَّهُ يَا نَفَاعِحُرِيَا اللَّهُ

Introducer! O Allah! Bountiful! O Allah!

يَا جَلِيلُرِيَا اللَّهُ يَا جَمِيلُرِيَا اللَّهُ

Magnificent! O Allah! Handsome! O Allah!

يَا شَهِيدُرِيَا اللَّهُ يَا شَاهِدُرِيَا اللَّهُ

Witness! O Allah! Present! O Allah!

يَا مُغِيْثُرِيَا اللَّهُ يَا حَبِيبُرِيَا اللَّهُ

Succorer! O Allah! Beloved! O Allah!

يَا فَاطِرُرِيَا اللَّهُ يَا مُطَهِّرُرِيَا اللَّهُ

Creator out of nothing! O Allah! Purifier! O Allah!

يَا مَلِكَ يَا اللَّهُ يَا مُفْتَلِرِيَا اللَّهُ

Master! O Allah! All-powerful! O Allah!

يَا قَابِضُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا بَاسِطُ يَا اللَّهُ

Possessor! O Allah! Spreader! O Allah!

يَا حُبِّيَ يَا اللَّهُ يَا فَمِيتُ يَا اللَّهُ

Vivifier! O Allah! Exterminator! O Allah!

يَا بَاعِثُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا وَارِثُ يَا اللَّهُ

Causer! O Allah! Inheritor! O Allah!

يَا مَعْطِيَ يَا اللَّهُ يَا مُفْضِلُ يَا اللَّهُ

Bestower! O Allah! Favorer! O Allah!

يَا مُنْعِمُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا حَقُّ يَا اللَّهُ

Benefactor! O Allah! Truth! O Allah!

يَا مُبِينُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا طَيِّبُ يَا اللَّهُ

Distinct! O Allah! Affable! O Allah!

يَا حُسْنُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا بَعْجَلُ يَا اللَّهُ

Polite! O Allah! Graceful! O Allah!

يَا مُبْدِئِي يَا اللَّهُ يَا مُعِيدُ يَا اللَّهُ

Originator! O Allah! He Who brings back all things! O Allah!



يَا بَارِئٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا بَرِيعٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا هَادِيٌ يَا اللَّهُ

He Who makes visible! O Allah! Inventor! O Allah! Guide! O Allah!

يَا كَافِيٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا شَافِيٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Able! O Allah! Efficacious! O Allah!

يَا عَلِيٌّ يَا اللَّهُ يَا عَظِيمٌ يَا اللَّهُ

High! O Allah! Great! O Allah!

يَا حَنَانٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا مَنَانٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Tender! O Allah! Kind! O Allah!

يَا ذَا الْطَّوْلِ يَا اللَّهُ يَا مُتَعَالِيٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Owner of bounties! O Allah! Allah! O Most High! O Allah!

يَا عَدْلٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا ذَا الْمُعَارِجٍ يَا اللَّهُ

Just! O Allah! Owner of ascendancy! O Allah!

يَا صَادِقٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا صَدُوقٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Truthful! O Allah! Sincere! O Allah!

يَا دَيَانٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا بَاقِيٌ يَا اللَّهُ يَا وَاقِيٌ يَا اللَّهُ

Requirer! O Allah! He Who remains for ever! O Allah!  
Vigilant! O Allah!

يَا ذَا الْجَلَالِ يَا اللَّهُ يَا ذَا الْأَكْرَامِ يَا اللَّهُ

Owner of majesty! O Allah! Owner of glory! O Allah!

يَا حَمْوَدِيَ اللَّهُ يَا مَعْبُودِيَ اللَّهُ

Admirable! O Allah! Adorable! O Allah!

يَا صَانِعِيَ اللَّهُ يَا مُعِينِيَ اللَّهُ

Maker! O Allah! Helper! O Allah!

يَا مُكَوِّنِيَ اللَّهُ يَا فَعَالِيَ اللَّهُ

Doer! O Allah! Active! O Allah!

يَا لَطِيفِيَ اللَّهُ يَا غَفُورِيَ اللَّهُ يَا شَكُورِيَ اللَّهُ

Subtle! O Allah! Oft-forgiving! O Allah! Very Thankful! O Allah!

يَا نُورِيَ اللَّهُ يَا قَدِيرِيَ اللَّهُ

Splendid! O Allah! Omnipotent! O Allah!

يَا رَبَّاًكُمْ يَا اللَّهُ يَا رَبَّاًكُمْ يَا اللَّهُ يَا رَبَّاًكُمْ يَا اللَّهُ

يَا رَبَّاًكُمْ يَا اللَّهُ يَا رَبَّاًكُمْ يَا اللَّهُ يَا رَبَّاًكُمْ يَا اللَّهُ

Lord-Nourisher! O Allah! Lord-Nourisher! O Allah!



أَسْأَلُكَ أَنْ تُصَلِّيَ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

I beseech You to send blessings to Muhammad and the Household of Muhammad,

وَتَمْنَّ عَلَيَّ بِرِّضَاكَ وَتَعْفُوْعَنِي بِجُلْمَكَ

favour on me with Your pleasure, grant me amnesty through Your munificence,

وَتُوَسِّعْ عَلَيَّ مِنْ رِزْقِكَ الْحَلَالِ الْطَّيِّبِ

and expand Your lawful, good sustenance to me

وَمِنْ حَيْثُ أَحْتَسِبُ وَمِنْ حَيْثُ لَا أَحْتَسِبُ

from whence I expect and from whence I do not,

فَإِنِّي عَبْدُكَ لَيْسَ لِي أَحَدٌ سَوْاكَ وَلَا أَحَدٌ أَسْأَلُهُ غَيْرَكَ

for I am Your servant, I have no one else other than You, and there is no one to whom I turn to other than You!

يَا أَنْرَحَمَ الرَّاحِمِينَ

Most Merciful of the Merciful!

مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَا قُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْعَظِيمِ

Only that which Allah wills takes place. There is no power except in Allah, the High, the Great.

Go into sajda and recite:

يَا اللَّهُ يَا اللَّهُ يَا اللَّهُ

O Allah! O Allah! O Allah!

يَا رَبُّ يَا رَبُّ يَا رَبُّ

O Lord-Nourisher! O Lord-Nourisher! O Lord-Nourisher!

يَا مُنْزِلَ الْبَرَكَاتِ بِكَتُنْزَلُ كُلُّ حَاجَةٍ

O He Who sends down blessing! To You only are all desires turned.

أَسْأَلُكَ بِكُلِّ اسْمٍ فِي تَخْرُونِ الْغَيْبِ عِنْدَكَ

I beseech You in the name of every name treasured in Your invisible collection,

وَالْأَسْمَاءِ الْمَشْهُورَةِ عِنْدَكَ الْمُكْتُوَبَةِ عَلَى سَرَادِقِ عَرْشِكَ

and in the name of Your celebrated names, inscribed on the hangings of Your Throne,

أَنْ تُصَلِّيَ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ وَأَنْ تَقْبِلَ مِنِّي شَهْرَ رَمَضَانَ

to send blessings to Muhammad and the Household of Muhammad, to accept my offerings made in the month of Ramadan,

وَتَكْتُبِنِي مِنَ الْمُأْفِدِينَ إِلَى بَيْتِكَ الْحَرَامِ

to record my name in the list of those who will journey to Your Sacred House,



وَتَصْفَحَ لِي عَنِ الدُّنْوِبِ الْعَظَامِ وَتَسْتَخْرِجَ لِي يَارَبِّ كُنُوزَكَ يَا

رَحْمَنْ

to overlook my grand sins, to demonstrate, O Lord, before  
me Your treasures, O All-beneficent!

## RECOMMENDED A'MAAL FOR THE DAY OF EID

1. Ghusl of Eid.
2. Wear clean neat clothes and apply perfume.
3. Begin breakfast with dates or a sweet dish.
4. Recite Ziyara Al Waritha.
5. Recite Dua Nudba.



# APPENDIX

## THE MONTH OF RAMADHAN

"Indeed the number of months with Allah is twelve months in Allah's book....."

### Sura Al Tawba - 9:36

Chronologically arranged, they are as follows:

1. Muharram
2. Safar
3. Rabi' ul Awwal
4. Rabi' ul Akher
5. Jamad ul Awwal
6. Jamad ul Akher
7. Rajab
8. Sha'ban
9. The month of Ramadhan
10. Shawwal
11. Dhul-Qa'da
12. Dhul-Hijja.

The lunar month cannot be less than 29 days, nor can it be more than 30. The beginning of each lunar month is recognised by the sighting of the new moon, the crescent.

The month of Ramadhan in comparison to the solar calendar comes eleven days earlier every year. Thus, in a cycle of about thirty-three years, it passes through all the seasons successively.

The root word for Ramadhan is ramadha, of the means to burn due to excessive sun-heat reflected on the desert sands. The ramdha is the burning rock. This is why it was called the month of Ramadhan.



It is also said that it was called the month of Ramadhan because people become ramadh due to their suffering from the combination of hunger and thirst during a very hot month. Arab linguists say that to make something ramadh is to squeeze it between two soft rocks then to pound it.

A person fasting, by analogy, pounds his own nature between two rocks: hunger and thirst. The Prophet (pbuh) said: "The month of Ramadhan was named so because it tends to ramadh the sins, that is, burn them."

During the lifetime of the Prophet (pbuh) the month of Ramadhan used to be called Al-Marzooq - the one full of sustenance, due to the abundance of the blessings of Allah in it.

# **FASTING**

## **WHAT IS SAWM (FAST)?**

"The meaning of the ritual FAST is not simply abstaining from eating and drinking, for one must also abstain from sin. This is amongst the main aspects of the fast for (spiritual) beginners - while for those who wish to reach the source of magnificence, the aspects of fasting are more profound".- Imam Khomeini (A.R.)

The Holy Prophet (pbuh) has said:

"The month of Ramadhan is the month in which you are called to divine hospitality and therefore:

1. Seek from Allah that he purifies your intentions and hearts from (the stains of) sins and ugly qualities.
2. That he grant you success in keeping the fast and reciting the Qur'an.
3. When you are hungry and thirsty, remember the hunger and thirst of Qiyama.
4. Search out the poor and needy and supply their needs.
5. Treat children and relatives with kindness.
6. Guard the tongue from that which should not be said.
7. Guard the eyes from that which is forbidden to look at.
8. Guard the ears from that which is forbidden to listen to.
9. Be kind to the orphans of others so that others will be kind to your orphans."



Imam Ja'fer As-Sadiq (pbuh) has said:

"Fasting is not merely refraining from eating and drinking. On the contrary, your fast must be coupled with:

1. Keeping your tongue from lying.
2. Not quarrelling with one another.
3. Refraining from jealousy.
4. Not backbiting or gossiping.
5. Putting aside disputes.
6. Not swearing oaths, EVEN if they are true.
7. Being careful not to utter bad language or abuse.
8. Not being mean and miserly.
9. Not being unjust to anyone.
10. Keeping your eyes from what is forbidden to look at."

The Prophet (pbuh) has also said:

"There are many a people who derive no benefit from fasting except for hunger and thirst."

In Hadith Qudsi Allah says:

"The fast is for me and I shall give its reward."

## FIQH LAWS ON FASTING

Fasting means abstaining from the things listed below from the moment of Fajr to Maghrib with the niyya of Qurbatan Ilallah.

Sawm is also known as roza in Urdu & Farsi.

Every baligh Muslim must fast during the whole month of Ramadhan.

### Intention (Niyya)

In the month of Ramadhan on the first night (i.e. the night preceding the first day) one can make the niyya to fast the whole month and remain with that niyya until the month ends or one can make the niyya for each day separately. Other than the month of Ramadhan, one must make a separate niyya for each day whether they are few or many; wajib or mustahab.

During the sawm we have to abstain from nine actions or things. These are known as "muftirāt". Muftirāt "means those things that make a sawm **batil**. The muftirāt are as follows:

12. Eating intentionally.
13. Drinking intentionally.
14. Vomiting intentionally.
15. Letting dust or smoke enter into the throat.
16. Sexual intercourse.
17. Men: Doing any such thing which causes discharge of semen.
18. Intentionally remaining in state of janabat, haydh or nifas up to true dawn.
19. Taking liquid enema.
20. Speaking, writing, or conveying by sign a lie about Allah, and the ma'sumeen.



All these break the sawm if they are done intentionally.

If a person forgets that he is a sa'eem (one who is fasting) and eats or drinks, then his sawm is correct.

### **Those exempt from fasting and the concept of fidya**

They are of two categories:

1. Who will not fast and have no qadha to give.
2. Those who will give qadha later when the holy month is over.
  - Those who are incapable of fasting because of advanced old age are totally exempted. They do not have to give any qadha either.
  - The elderly people who find it extremely difficult to fast are also exempted; but they have to pay a redemption (fidya) of 1 mudd (=3/4 kg) of food to the poor and needy in lieu of each fast. It is recommended that preference be given to wheat or barley.
  - A person, who due to illness, is unable to sustain and endure thirst, is exempted. Such a person will pay fidya in lieu of each fast and will give qadha if the illness is later cured.
  - A mother in advanced stage of pregnancy will not fast if fasting is harmful to herself or the baby. She will give fidya in lieu of the fasts and will give qadha later.
  - Similarly, a nursing mother who fears that fasting might reduce the supply of milk for the child is exempted from fasting. But she will give fidya in lieu of each fast she has left out and will later give qadha also.
  - A lady in her period will not fast. She will give qadha later.

## **Kaffara: (Expiation)**

It is not permissible to eat or drink during the days of the month of Ramadhan or deliberately commit acts which break the fast - without a justifiable reason.

Anyone who leaves out a fast purposely has to give qadha together with kaffara.

The kaffara is either:

1. Free a slave
2. Fast for two months in lieu of each fast of the month of Ramadhan
3. Feed 60 poor

He who chooses to fast for two months as kaffara will fast for 31 days in succession. He may then complete the balance at random.

And if one wishes to feed sixty poor, one has to give away food or grain which would be enough for a full meal. This could be in form of wheat, barley or loaves.

**Caution:** If a person invalidates his fast by a haram (forbidden) act then he or she will have to give ALL THREE KAFFARA together.



## THE QUR'AN

### AHADITH ON THE EXCELLENCE OF RECITING AND MEMORISING THE QUR'AN

Imam Sadiq (pbuh) said: "A believer should not die before learning the Qur'an, or trying to learn it." (Usul-e-Kafi, vol.2, Pg.607)

The Prophet (pbuh) said: "Those who recite Qur'an and those who listen to it; deserve equal virtuous reward." (Al-Faqih vol4, p.399, Amali-e-Saduq, Ma'iul-Akhbar, p.177-178, Khesal, vol.1, p.7)

The Prophet (pbuh) said: "Allah will not punish such heart that contains Qur'an". (Amaali-e-Tusi, vol.1, p.5-6)

Imam Sadiq (pbuh) said; "Whoever memorises the Qur'an and inspite of his bad memory works hard to learn it, is entitled to a double reward one for the memorization and the other for the hard work." (Kaafi, vol.2, p.606, Sawaab-ul-Aamaal, p.127)

The Prophet (pbuh) said: "The number of stations in the heaven conforms to the number of verses in the Quran. When a reciter of the Quran will enter the heaven, he will be told: "Ascend and need, for every verse has a station, There is no station above the station of one who knows the whole Quran by heart." (Bihar ul Anwar Vol 92 P.22)

Imam Ali (pbuh) has reported that the Prophet (pbuh) said: "Reciting the Quran in daily prayers is better than reciting it at other times and reciting the Quran at other times is better than other forms of remembering Allah. And remembering Allah is better than giving to charity which again is better than fasting. And fasting is a shield against hellfire". (Bihar ul Anwar Vol 92 P.19)

Reported from Imam Musa bin Ja'fer (al Kadhim (pbuh)) that the Prophet (pbuh) was asked about the verse: "And recite the

Qur'an in slow, measured tones" 72:4. He said: "Pronounce it clearly, do not render it incoherently like scattered pebbles, nor recite it like poetry. Pause at its wonders, and allow it to move your heart. And when you start reciting, you must not be concerned with the ending of the chapter. (Nawadir al Rawandi: 30)

The Prophet (pbuh) told Ibn Masood: "Read it to me". Ibn Masood said: "I opened the chapter of 'al – Nisa' and when I reached the verse: "How will it be then, when we bring from every nation a witness, and bring you to witness over all of them" (4:41), I saw tears flowing from his eyes. Then he said: "This is enough for the time being". Then he said: "Read the Quran long as the hearts are drawn to it and your skins have softened (with awe and fear). When your attention wonders, you are not reading it". (Biharul Anwar Vol 92 p 216)

The Prophet (pbuh) said: "Whenever one of you feels inclined to converse with his creator (i.e. Allah) he should read the Quran". (Kanzul Ummal Vol 1 p 510)



## BASIC DETAILS

The Qur'an is that which was revealed as the Final message of Allah to Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) during the last 23 years of his life. Every Prophet is granted the power to perform miracles in order to verify the truth of his message. The Qur'an is a standing and continuous miracle for all times and places - A Living Miracle.

Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) was amongst the Arabs who were experts in language and literature and the Qur'an challenged them at their own art.

There are over 6000 ayaat in the Qur'an in 114 suwer.

An aya means various things - a sign, miracle, wonder... An aya in the Qur'an varies from being a single letter (38:1), a two lettered word (36:1) to over half a page long (2:282).

The first ayaat that were revealed were the first five of Suratul Alaq and the last aya was the 4th aya of Sura Al Maida:

"This day I have perfected your religion for you, completed My favour upon you, and have chosen Islam as your religion."

This was revealed at Ghadeer e Khum on 18th Dhulhijja 10 A.H.

The suwer are of unequal length. The shortest sura is Sura Al Kawthar with only 4 ayaat whilst the longest is Sura Al Baqara with 286 ayaat covering one twelfth of the Qur'an.

All the suwer begin with Bismillah except Sura Al Tawba.

Every sura is given a name derived by following one of the following criteria:

- i. The complete story of the Prophet appears in that sura  
e.g. Sura Yusuf
- ii. The important event about it can be found in the sura  
e.g. Sura Al Baqara
- iii. The distinguished word in the sura e.g. Sura Al Hijr

- iv. The opening aya of the sura e.g. Sura Yaseen
- v. In some cases, the name has very little to do with contents of the suwer. E.g. Sura Al 'Ankabut - In this sura there is nothing about the spider. It only talks of the constitution of the spider's web.

Suwer and ayaat are either Makki or Madani according to their place of revelation - Makka or Madina. Makki suwer mainly describe the basic faith whilst Madani deal with the rules for the code of life like salaa, sawm, zaka and khums...This division is not absolute because a Makkan sura may contain some Madinite ayaat and vice versa. e.g. Sura Al Anfaal revealed in Madina has ayaat 30 -40 revealed in Makka.

Each sura is also divided into groups of ayaat called a ruku. The ruku is indicated by the sign || : The number on the top denotes the n.o. of the ruku in the sura. The central number being the number of ayaat in the ruku and the bottom number being the n.o. of ruku in the juz.

For convenience of reading the Qur'an has been divided into 30 equal parts - Juz (pl. Ajzaa) without disturbing the original divisions formed by the ayaat and suwer to enable completion of reading in one month. Every juz is further divided into Rub (quarter), Nisf (half) & Thuluth (three quarter). These are written in the margin.

The Qur'an is also divided into seven equal sections - Manzil (pl. Manazil) to enable the reader to complete the recitation on one week if so desired. This is written at the bottom of each page.



There are four wajib sajadaat in the Qur'an (on hearing or reciting the following 4 ayaat one must perform a sajda). It is not necessary to face qibla, or be in wudhu.

The sajadaat are in the following ayaat:

32:15	Juz 21
41:38	Juz 24
53:62	Juz 27
96:19	Juz 30

There are 10 mustahab sajadaat in the Qur'an (on hearing or reciting the ayaat in which they appear it is recommended that one performs sajda). As for wajib sajadaat the ayaat are marked in the Qur'an with the word sajda. The 10 ayaat with mustahab sajadaat are:

7:206	22:18
13:15	25:60
16:50	27:26
17:109	38:24
19:58	84:21

## RECOMMENDATION RECITATION FOR SAJDA TILAWAT

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ حَقٌّ حَقًا

Indeed there is no god except Allah

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ إِيمَانًا وَتَصْدِيقًا

There is no god except Allah, I believe and have faith in Him

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ عُبُودِيَّةً وَرِقًا

There is no god except Allah, My servitude and bondage is to Him

سَجَدْتُ لَكَ يَا رَبِّي تَعَبُّدًا وَرِقًا

To You my Lord I prostrate in servitude and bondage

لَا مُسْتَكِفًا وَلَا مُسْتَكِبِرًا

neither with pride nor arrogance.

بَلْ أَنَا عَبْدُ ذَلِيلٍ ضَعِيفٌ خَائِفٌ مُسْتَجِيرٌ

Rather in humility and weakness, I as Your 'abd seek safety with You.



## DUA

وَإِذَا سَأَلَكَ عَبْدٌ يَعْبُدِي عَنِّي فَإِنِّي قَرِيبٌ أُجِيبُ دُعْوَةَ الدَّاعِي إِذَا دَعَانِي  
فَلَيَسْتَجِيبُوا إِلَيْهِ وَلَيَوْمَ مُنْوَاهِي لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْشَدُونَ

*"And when My abd ask you concerning Me, then surely I am very near; I answer the dua of the one who does dua when he calls on Me, so they should answer My call and believe in Me that they may walk in the right way." Sura Al Baqara 2:186*

The root of the word *du'a* is *da'a*, which means to call. You can only call if there is inherently within you, an energy which will bring about an answer. From where the question comes, the answer will come. The caller is calling upon one entity. He is able to call because he has an energy within him, in the form of life which is the source of desire of the direction of the call. What you are calling upon is rooted in what enables you to call. With experience, a person realises, that you can only call on what you know is realisable.

One will only call on one who can:

- i) Hear the call
- ii) Has the ability to respond and help
- iii) Is on your side (an ally)

"Be careful about the etiquettes of dua, paying attention as to Who you are addressing; how do you beseech Him, and for what purpose is He implored? Think about the Majesty and Splendour of Allah and look inside your heart and know that He is aware of whatever is contained therein. He knows about your heart's secrets and the truth and falsehood hidden therein. Be careful, to correctly identify the path of your

salvation or misfortune lest you request a thing from Him which contains your destruction while you imagine your salvation in it as He says in the Qur'an:

وَيَدْعُ الْإِنْسَانُ بِالشَّرِّ وَعَاهِدُهُ بِالْخَيْرِ وَكَانَ الْإِنْسَانُ عَجُولًا صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ

"The human being prays for evil as he prays for good, for the human being is ever hasty." Suratu Bani Israil 17:11

Therefore, think correctly regarding what you want from Him and for what purpose is it required. A dua will be accepted only if you exert absolute concentration of your entire existence towards Him, melting your heart while witnessing His presence, abandoning all your disposals, and absolute surrender of all affairs with sincerity to Him. So, if you did not act in accordance to above mentioned conditions of dua do not look forward for its acceptance because, Allah is aware of all your secrets and mysteries. Perhaps you beseech Allah for something, while you know that your intention is opposite to your request." Haqayaqi-Faiz, p-244

A child was on her musalla praying salaa when her grandfather happened to pass by her room. Looking in he saw the little girl raise her hands in dua and recite the Arabic alphabet. "What are you reciting?" he asked her. The little girl replied: "I cannot remember the dua so I recited the alphabet and I know He will put the letters together for me."



When asked about that which causes non-acceptance of dua, Imam Ali (pbuh) said:

"And the sins which cause the non-acceptance of dua are:

- Evil intentions,
- Evil thoughts,
- Hypocrisy with mu'mineen,
- Disbelieving that dua will be answered,
- Delaying salaa till their time has passed, Abandoning nearness of Allah through kindness and sadaqa
- Abusing and using obscene language in conversation."

In Dua Abu Hamza Thimali taught by Imam Ali Zaynul Aabideen (pbuh), there are various reasons Imam gives in the dua why there is a measure (limit) on our duas even if our nafs yearns to rise to talk to Him (Allah).

"...O Lord! whenever I thought I was prepared and ready and rose to pray, before Your hands, and confided to You, You cast sleep on me when I prayed, and You prevented me from confiding to You when I confided... maybe You observed my disregard of Your right on me and thus distanced me, or maybe You saw me headed away from (Your path) and thus You withdrew me, or maybe You found me to be in the position of the liars so You rejected me, or maybe You saw that I was not grateful of Your rewards so You deprived me, or maybe You observed my absence from the assembly of the scholars and thus put me down, or maybe You found me to be one of the unheeding ...or maybe You found me frequenting the assembly of the unfaithful, so between me and them You deserted me, ...or maybe You equated me with my crime and sin..."

## ETIQUETTES OF DUA

### Best Times

1. Friday
2. Laylatul Qadr
3. The first night of Rajab
4. The night of fifteenth of Sha'ban.
5. The night of Eid ul Fitr
6. The night of Eid ul Adhaa
7. "When the wind is blowing, at noon, when rain is falling, and when the first drop of a shaheed falls, for at such times the gates of Janna are opened."
8. From dawn to sunrise
9. After salaa
10. After recitation of the Quran.
11. Between Azhan and Iqamah.
12. When the heart is broken.
13. When tears are running.
14. During illness
15. At Iftaar
16. During Hajj and Umra



## **Best Places**

1. The land of 'Arafa
2. Masjidul Haram
3. Masjidun Nabi
4. Haram of Imam Husayn (pbuh)
5. A mosque

## **Before dua:**

1. Do wudhoo
2. Apply perfume.
3. Direct yourself towards Qibla
4. Accompany dua with sadaqa

Sadaqa is classified into 5 sections:

- i) Sadaqa of wealth
- ii) Sadaqa of position
- iii) Sadaqa of wisdom
- iv) Sadaqa of the tongue
- v) Sadaqa of knowledge

5. Recite Salawat before and after
6. Wear an aqeeq ring

## FORGIVENESS & REPENTANCE ISTIGHFAAR & TAWBA

Allah is the Oft-Forgiving. There are many Names of Allah given in the Qur'an. Some of these Names are related to His mercy and forgiveness.

**Al-Ghafoor** (The Oft-Forgiving): This name occurs in the Qur'an more than seventy times. There are other names from the same root, such as *Ghafir* and *Ghaffar*. The meaning of the Arabic word "ghafara" is to cover, to hide and from it comes the meaning "to excuse", "to pardon", "to remit" and "to forgive".

Imam Ali (pbuh) was once sitting with his companions. People came asking for a dua to assist with business, children, rain.... For all of them Imam told them to do Istighfar. The companions queried why that was the solution for all the problems. Imam referred them to the Qur'an where Allah in Sura Nuh 71:10,11,12 says:

فَقُلْتُ اسْتَغْفِرُ دُورَبَكُمْ إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَفَّارًا

Then I said, Ask forgiveness of your Lord, surely He is the most Forgiving.

يُرْسِلِ السَّمَاءَ عَلَيْكُمْ مَدْرَارًا

He will send down upon you the cloud, pouring down abundance of rain.



وَيُمْدِدُكُمْ بِأَمْوَالٍ وَبَنِينَ وَيَجْعَلُ لَكُمْ جَنَّاتٍ وَيَجْعَلُ لَكُمْ أَنْهَارًا

And help you with wealth and sons, and make for you gardens, and make for you rivers .

**Al-`Afuww** (The Pardoning): This Name occurs in the Qur'an five times. Literally the Arabic word *Afuww* means "to release", "to heal", "to restore", "to remit". Thus, in relation to Allah it means "to release us from the burden of punishment due to our sins and mistakes", "to restore our honour after we have dishonoured ourselves by committing sins and making mistakes."

**Al-Haleem** (The Clement): This Name is mentioned fifteen times in the Qur'an, and it means that Allah Almighty is not quick to judge. He gives time. He forebears and is patient to see His servant returning to Him.

**Ar-Rahmaan and ar-Raheem** (Most Gracious and Most Merciful). These Names are the most frequent in the Qur'an. Ar-Rahmaan is mentioned 57 times and Ar-Raheem is mentioned 115 times. Ar-Rahmaan indicates that Allah's grace is abundant and plenty, and Ar-Raheem indicates that this is always the case with Allah. He is full of love and mercy, and He is ever Merciful.

**Al-Tawwaab** (The Acceptor of repentance): This Name of Allah is mentioned in the Qur'an about 11 times. The Arabic word "*tawwaab*" gives the sense of "oft returning" which means that Allah again and again accepts the repentance.

Unlike inanimate things, living things have the ability to change the course they follow – roots of tree meet a stone-

change course – animal meets obstruction, changes course – similarly for the human being tawba is a change of course – not a simple as that of plants and animals but much more complex.

It is an internal revolution against the self – between the animalistic and angelic – when a person sinks deeply in sin and the angel within him/her is not satiated – a reaction occurs – its intensity depending on the action (sin) and the nature of the person's conscience.

A true human being is constantly in a state of tawba. If you leave a clear mirror in a place where you think the air is pure, you will find a film of dust settling on it in a short while in the place where you had previously thought there was no dust in the air. However, if a wall is dirty an extra stain will not show up on it easily and if it is blackened then it will not show anything.

Rasulullah (pbuh) continually uttered tawba – Umme Salma narrates that 2 months before his death before he did anything he would say "Glory be to Allah! I seek forgiveness from Him and I turn to Him" When asked he said he had been commanded to – later realised it was the commandment in Sura Al Nasr.

A man came to Imam Ali (pbuh) saying:

أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهَ رَبِّيْ وَأَتُوْبُ إِلَيْهِ

I seek forgiveness from Allah and I turn repentant towards him.

Imam realised he was not serious and said: "Do you know what tawba is?"



Tawba has a high position. It has six conditions for its acceptance out of which the last two are the conditions for completion.

- i) To show remorse and regret at what has been done.
- ii) A definite resolution not to repeat the sin again.
- iii) To return what belongs to others.
- iv) Wajibats that are qadha must be restored.
- v) To rid oneself of all the flesh that has grown by haram means.
- vi) To let the body which has tasted the sweetness of sins, also taste the pain of fasting in the day and worshipping in the night. This means that one must cleanse oneself physically and spiritually for tawba to be accepted.

قُلْ يَا عِبَادِيَ الَّذِينَ أَسْرَفُوا عَلَىٰ أَنْفُسِهِمْ لَا تَقْنُصُوا مِنْ رَحْمَةِ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَغْفِرُ الْذُنُوبَ جَمِيعًا إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْغَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ

*"O my servants who have been unjust against yourselves, do not despair of the mercy of Allah, Indeed Allah forgives sins altogether." 39:53*

In Hadith e Qudsi Allah says: The groan (of tawba) of sinners is dearer to me than the Glorifications (of me). So you should sigh and groan in these precious nights."

The following dua is quoted from Imam Husayn (pbuh) "My Master, when I look at my sins, I am overcome with fear, but when I look at your Grace, I am filled with hope."

Tawba must be done immediately. The poet Rumi tells of a man who planted a bramble bush on a public foot path. When it started growing, he was asked to uproot it and he said there was no hurry for it was yet not much of a hindrance. He kept on offering the excuse year after year. The bramble bush grew thicker, and its roots grew stronger. The thorns grew sharper and more dangerous while the man grew weaker and unable to remove it. Rumi meant that sins take root rapidly. As one gets older one becomes more helpless against them. Today is better for tawba than tomorrow - In fact now is better than later.

Last minute tawba is not acceptable as was the case of Firawn.

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا أَذْرَكُهُ الْفَرْقُ قَالَ آمَنَتُ أَنَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا الَّذِي آمَنَتُ بِهِ بَعْدُ  
إِسْرَائِيلَ وَأَنَّ مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ

*"Finally when he began to drown, he said - I believe that there is no god except He in whom the Bani Israail believe and I am of the Muslims. " 10:90*

As long as he was alive Firawn acted like a tyrant, and nothing convinced him. He tortured the Bani Israail, ridiculed Prophet Musa (pbuh) and chased them as they left. When he was at the point of drowning and there was no escape, he did tawba and expressed his belief in Allah. His tawba was only due to helplessness in a calamity.

So the answer was:

الآنَ وَقَدْ عَصَيْتَ قَبْلُ وَكُنْتَ مِنَ الْمُفْسِدِينَ

*"What? Now? When you previously rebelled and were one of the mischief makers?" 10:91*



In other words, why did you not do tawba an hour before when you were quite free to do so? For then, it would have been a true change of heart. What criminal in the world is not repentant at the moment of punishment? It is only when they show repentance before being caught that they can say there is a spiritual change.

Tawba is not acceptable in the hereafter because the hereafter is the fruit of the deeds of the world. Death is like the fall of the fruit from the tree. As long as the fruit was part of the tree, it is dependent on air, water, and nourishment that the tree obtains. Even an hour before falling, there is a chance for the fruit to become riper and sweeter. As soon as it falls its chances of development come to an end for it.

Imam Ali (pbuh) is reported to have said in a hadith quoted in Usulul Kaafi - in the chapter of tawba in the book of Eiman wal Kufr - "If I were to say - I am sorry my Rabb, God will instruct the recording angels to forget that which they have written of my sins. If I was to say - I am sorry my Rabb, I will not repeat this offence, God will instruct parts of my body to conceal my sins. If I were to rectify the consequence of my actions, God will instruct the earth to conceal the sins that I committed over it. And if I were to spiritually atone in like then when I meet God there would be nothing to give witness against me regarding any sin."

Imam Ali Zaynul Aabideen (pbuh) in Dua Tawba says:

"...Accept my tawba as You have promised and pardon my evil deeds as You have guaranteed and grant me Your love as you have laid down and you have my agreement, my Rabb - that I will never return to what You dislike and my guarantee that I will not go back to what you disapprove and my promise that I will give up all acts of disobedience to You."

## DUA ABU HAMZA THUMALI

One of the most awesome sehri duas recommended to reflect upon in this month is Dua Abu Hamza Thimali taught by Imam Zainul Abideen (pbuh)

Abu Hamza Thimali was a companion of Imam Zaynul Aabedeen (pbuh) and learnt this dua from him. Its rather long, so just at a few verses a day.

It is reported that Abu Hamza used to memorised the dua and recited it every Sehri time in the month of Ramadhan.

One year he was away from home in the month of Ramadhan. At the time of sehri, Abu Hamza's wife sobbed quietly. Her son, Hamza who was a young boy asked her why she was so upset. "My son!" she said "I miss the dua your father used to recite every morning. I do not know the dua and cannot recite it" Hamza wiped the tears from his mother's face and said: "Maa! Do not be sad for I will recite it for you. I have heard my father recite it every day in the month of Ramadhan and I have memorised it."

So who was Abu Hamza Thimali?

Abu Hamza was his kuniyya. His name was Saabit bin Dinaar. Imam Ali Ar-Ridha (pbuh) has said that Abu Hamza was the Salman of his time. He served 4 Aimma - Imam Ali Zaynul Aabedeen (pbuh), Imam Muhammad Al-Baqir (pbuh), Imam Ja'fer As-Sadiq (pbuh) and for a short time Imam Musa Al-Kadhim (pbuh).

Imam Sadiq (pbuh) once sent for him and when he presented himself in Imam's presence, Imam told him: "O Abu Hamza! I get comfort and relief when I see you."

It is reported that Abu Hamza had a young daughter who once fell and broke a bone in her hand. Abu Hamza was grieved at seeing his daughter in pain and wept pleading to Allah to make her better. When the young child was taken to the doctor to set the bones and bandage her hand, he could not find anything wrong. He remarked that it is surely the dua of Abu Hamza that cured the little girl.



## SALATUT TAHAJJUD - (THE SALAA OF SHAB)

وَمِنَ اللَّيْلِ فَتَهَجَّدُ بِهِ نَافِلَةً لِّلَّهِ عَسَى أَن يَبْعَثَكَ رَبُّكَ مَقَامًا لَّهُمُودًا

*And during a part of the night, pray Tahajjud beyond what is incumbent on you; maybe your Rabb will raise you to a position of great glory. 17:79*

### AHADITH ON THE IMPORTANCE OF SALATUT TAHAJJUD

1. Three things bring happiness to the heart of a believer:
  - a) Meeting brethren in faith
  - b) Breaking the fast
  - c) Waking up in the later part of the night for Salatut Tahajjud
    - Prophet (pbuh)
2. Jibrail continued to advise me about staying up at night until I thought that the virtuous ones of my Umma do not sleep
  - Prophet (pbuh)
3. The honour and greatness of a believer lies in his praying at night - Imam Ja'fer As-Sadiq (pbuh)
4. I detest that a man who has recited the Qur'an, wakes up at night but does not rise until the morning when he wakes up for Salaatul Fajr - Imam Ja'fer As-Sadiq (pbuh)

5. Allah says, "Wealth and children are an ornament of the life of this world" (18:46), but the 8 raka'ats recited by a servant at the end of the night are an ornament of the Hereafter - Imam as-Sadiq (pbuh)
6. Two rakats of prayer recited in the darkness of the night are more beloved to me than the world and all that is in it - Prophet (pbuh)
7. The rising by night is healthy for the bodies - Imam Ali (pbuh)
8. Salatut Tahajjud brightens the faces, makes the night pleasant, and attracts sustenance - Imam Ja'fer As-Sadiq (pbuh)
9. When the servant of Allah turns to his Rabb in the middle of the dark night, and whispers to Him, Allah establishes His light in his heart . . . then He tells the angels: O my angels, look at my servant. He has turned to Me in the middle of the dark night while the false ones are playing, and the heedless ones are sleeping; bear witness that I have forgiven him - Prophet (pbuh)
10. There is no good deed except that its reward has been outlined in the Qur'an, except the Salatut Tahajjud. Almighty Allah has not specified its reward due to its greatness with Him. He says (about the reward of those who recite Salatut Tahajjud), so no soul knows what is hidden for them of that which will refresh the eyes; a reward for what they did. (32:17) - Prophet (pbuh)



11. A man came to Imam Ali (pbuh) and said: I have been denied the chance to recite Salatut Tahajjud. The Imam replied: Your sins have prevented you.

12. Whoever tells himself he will wake up for Salatut Tahajjud but sleeps through the time, his sleep will be charity and the reward of what he intended will be written for him - Prophet (pbuh)

13. In the ahadith from the Ahl al-Bait (peace be upon all of them), it has been emphatically mentioned that:

- a) Salatut Tahajjud protects one during the daytime.
- b) Salatut Tahajjud is a kaffara for the sins committed in the day.
- c) The house in which Salatut Tahajjud is recited beams with light for those who are in the heavens just as the stars beam with light for those who are on earth.

14. Performance of Salatut Tahajjud leads to gaining the pleasure of Allah (Glory and Greatness be to Him); love of the Angels; is the sunnah of the Prophets; leads to the light of true recognition of Allah (Glory and Greatness be to Him); is the foundation of belief; tranquillity of the soul; destruction of Shaitan; a weapon against one's enemies; acceptance of one's supplications; acceptance of one's actions; increases the blessings in one's sustenance; intercession when the Angel of Death comes; brightness in the grave; protects the person while in the grave; ease in the answering of the angels Munkir and Nakir and is the companion and friend in the grave.

## HOW TO PRAY SALATUT TAHAJJUD

It consists of a total of 11 raka'ats, divided into the following prayers:

1. Nafila of Layl: 8 raka'ats ( $4 \times 2$  raka'ats)
2. Salatush Shafa: 2 raka'ats
3. Salat ul Witr: 1 raka'at

The time for Salatut Tahajjud begins after midnight until the time for Salatul Fajr (morning prayers). The best time for it is just before Fajr Salaa. Salatut Tahajjud is so important that even if you cannot recite all 11 raka'ats, then recite only one raka'at of Salatul Witr.

### Method

#### 1. *Nafilah of Layl*

The 8 raka'ats of Nafilah are divided into four prayers of two raka'ats each just like Salatul Fajr. With the niyya of Salatul Layl. It is recommended to recite Sura Al Kafirun after Sura Al Fatiha in the first 2 raka'ats. In the other six recite any small sura or even leave out the sura after Sura Al Fatiha. For qunoot you can recite salawaat or the recommended duas.

#### 2. *Salat al-Shaf'a*

Two raka'ats with Sura Al Naas in the first raka'at after Sura Al Fatiha and Sura Al Falaq in the second raka'at after Sura Al Fatiha. There is no qunoot in Salatus Shafa.



### 3 Salatul Witr

One rakat with Sura Al Ikhlas 3x, Sura Al Falaq 1x, and Sura Al Naas 1x after Sura Al Fatiha. Then raise your hands for qunoot and recite:

*(You can hold a book and/or tasbee in a mustahab salaa)*

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ الْحَلِيمُ الْكَرِيمُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ الْعَلِيُّ الْعَظِيمُ

There is no god except Allah, the Forbearing, the Generous.  
There is no god except Allah , the High the Almighty

سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ رَبِّ السَّمَاوَاتِ السَّبْعِ وَرَبِّ الْأَرْضَيْنِ السَّبْعِ

Glory be to Allah, Rabb of the seven heavens and Rabb of the seven earths.

وَمَا فِيهِنَّ وَمَا بَيْنَهُنَّ وَمَا فَوْتُهُنَّ وَمَا تَحْتُهُنَّ

And whatever is in them, and between them and above them and below them,

رَبُّ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيمِ وَسَلَامٌ عَلَى الْمُرْسَلِينَ

Rabb of the Mighty Throne and peace be on the Messengers.

وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ وَصَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ الطَّاهِرِينَ

All praise is for Allah Rabb of the worlds. O Allah bless Muhammad and his pure family.

Recite 70 x

أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهَ رَبِّيْ وَأَتُوْبُ إِلَيْهِ

I seek forgiveness of Allah my Rabb and I turn to Him

Ask for the forgiveness of forty believers who have died or are living, by saying 40x followed by the name of the person:

اللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ

O' Allah, forgive...

Or say

اللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمَنَاتِ

O Allah forgive all believers, male and female

Then say:

أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهَ الَّذِي لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْحَيُّ الْقَيُّوْمُ لِجَمِيعِ ظُلْمِي وَجُرْمِي وَ  
إِسْرَافِي عَلَى نَفْسِي وَأَتُوْبُ إِلَيْهِ

I seek forgiveness of Allah, He who there is no god but He, the Ever living, the subsisting, from all my oppressions and my sins and my excesses on my soul, and I turn (repentant) to Him



Repeat 7x:

هَذَا مَقَامُ الْعَائِذِ بِكَ مِنَ النَّارِ

This is the position of one who seeks refuge in You from the fire

Say 300x

الْعَفْوَ

(I ask for Your) pardon

Then say:

رَبِّ اغْفِرْ لِي وَارْحَمْنِي وَتُبْ عَلَيَّ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ التَّوَابُ الرَّحِيمُ

My Rabb, forgive me and have mercy on me, and turn to me  
Surely You are the Oft-returning, the Merciful

Complete with rukoo, sujood, tashahhud and salaam and  
recite tasbee of Sayyida Fatima Zahra (pbuh)

## IMPORTANT EVENTS

10 <sup>th</sup> Ramadhan	Wafat of Sayyida Khadija (pbuh)
15 <sup>th</sup> Ramadhan	Wiladat of Imam Hasan (pbuh)
17 <sup>th</sup> Ramadhan	Victory of the battle of Badr
19 <sup>th</sup> Ramadhan*	One of the possible nights of Qadr and the night when Imam Ali (pbuh) was struck on the head by a sword in the masjid of Kufa with a poisoned sword.
21 <sup>st</sup> Ramadhan*	Another possible night of Qadr and the Shahadat of Imam Ali (pbuh)
23 <sup>rd</sup> Ramadhan*	Most likely night of Qadr according to ahadith
Last Friday	Jumua'tul Widaa

\* All the odd nights in the last ten days of the month of Ramadhan are possible nights of Qadr. However, in ahadith our Ma'sumeen have said that the 23<sup>rd</sup> is the most 'adheem'.



## SAYYIDA KHADIJA (PBUH) TIMELINE

Date	Age	Event
567 CE (or thereabout)		Birth of Sayyida Khadija (pbuh) to Khuwaylid ibn Asad & Fatima Bint Zai'dah (pbuh) in Makka. She has 2 brothers Usayd and Awwam and a sister Hala. Khuwaylid is a successful businessman who is also joint custodian of the Ka'ba with Abdul Muttalib. Their parents die young within 10 years of each other.
570 CE Aamul feel The year of the elephant	3 yrs	Birth of Muhammad (pbuh) The only son of Abdullah ibn Abdul Muttalib (died before he was born) and Amina bint Wahab.
590 CE	23 yrs	Hilful Fudhul (The league of the virtuous) A league initiated by Zubayr ibn Abdul Muttalib, Usayd bin Khuwaylid (Khadija's brother) and Muhammad (pbuh) to unite the tribes in taking an oath to secure justice to the helpless.

Date	Age	Event
Upto 595 CE	Upto 28 yrs	<p>Successful Businesswoman</p> <p>She is an astute business woman and philanthropist who was titled Ameeratul Quraysh (the princess of Quraysh) and Al Tahira (The Pure one). Aware of Muhammad's (pbuh) reputation of honesty and integrity she offered him twice the commission to trade on her behalf on the trade caravan to Syria. The trips measure of success encouraged her to employ him again on the winter trade caravan to Yemen.</p>
595 CE	28 yrs	<p>Marriage to Muhammad (pbuh). Having seen his qualities of truthfulness and trustworthiness she was convinced he was the man she wished to marry. Through her friend Nafisa, she proposed to Muhammad (pbuh). Abu Talib and her cousin Waraqa ibn Nawfal (Abu Hanif) * delivered the marriage sermons and Muhammad (pbuh) moved from his uncle Abu Talib's house to live with his wife. The marriage was a happy one and Khadija retired from trading to concentrate on her life with Muhammad (pbuh).</p> <p>* Believer of the One God and that He sent messengers</p>



Date	Age	Event
610 CE	43 yrs	First Revelation (Be'that) Muhammad (pbuh) used to go to the mountain cave of Hira, three miles North of Makka to meditate. It was on one of these retreats that he was visited by the angel Jibrail (Gabriel) who instructed to recite the first revelations of the Qur'an – Suratul Alaq (The Clot) Verses 96:1-5. The experience shook Muhammad (pbuh) to the core and he went home to Khadija feeling feverish and asking to be covered. She accepted his prophethood immediately.
615 CE	48 yrs	Birth of Fatima (pbuh) After having two sons Qasim and Abdullah who died in infancy; Fatima is born.
		Throughout her pregnancy, Khadija talks to Fatima in her womb and perceives an awesome fragrance around her. Muhammad (pbuh) used to say "Whenever I desire the fragrance of Janna, I smell the neck of Fatima"

Date	Age	Event
616 - 619 CE	49 - 51 yrs	Embargo and Boycott of Banu Hashim (Prophet's Family) by Quraysh  A boycott was implemented, signed by forty chiefs and hung on the Ka'ba. Nobody was to trade with the families of Hashim & Muttalib nor marry them nor have contact with them until they handed Muhammad (pbuh) over to the Quraysh.
		Abu Talib had no alternate but to take them to the valley called Sh'ib Abu Talib which he owned near Mount Hajun. For three years they lived there only coming out in Rajab and Dhulhijja when any sort of violence was taboo. It was Khadija's wealth which sustained the Muslims.
620 CE	52 yrs	Death of Abu Talib (Prophet's Uncle) and Khadija (pbuh) Muhammad (pbuh) was so grieved that he called the year Aamul Huzn (The year of sorrow). With the death of his protectors, the Quraysh increased their persecution. He buries Khadija (pbuh) in what is today the graveyard of Jannatul Mualla, Makka.



## IMAM HASAN (PBUH) TIMELINE

Date	Age	Event
624 CE 2 AH		On 1st DhulHijja, Fatima (pbuh) married Ali (pbuh).
625 CE 3 AH		Imam Hasan (pbuh) was born on 15 Ramadhan. He was the Prophet's (pbuh) first grandchild, and was named Hasan, as directed by Allah. He read the Adhan in the infant's right ear and Iqama in the left ear, a custom which is followed to this day. On the 7th day, The Prophet (pbuh) performed the first aqiqah, when he cut the hair of Hasan (pbuh), gave silver in charity to the poor equal to the weight of the hair and sacrificed a ram. This has become the sunna since then.
626 CE 4 AH	1 yr	Birth of Imam Husayn (pbuh)
627 CE 5 AH	2	Battle of Ahzab/Khandaq (Coalition/Ditch)
629 CE 7 AH	4	Conquest of Makka
630 CE 8 AH	5	Revelation of Ayatut Tatheer 33:33 and the event of Mubahila Imam Hasan (pbuh) accompanies the Prophet (pbuh), Imam Ali (pbuh), Sayyida Fatima (pbuh) & Imam Husayn (pbuh).
631 CE 10 AH	7	Farewell pilgrimage & event of Ghadeer

Date	Age	Event
632 CE 11 AH	8	Imam Hasan (pbuh) loses his grandfather – Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) Abu Bakr elected at Saqifa. Muslims forgot Ghadeer and appointment of Imam Ali (pbuh) as successor.
632 CE 11 AH	8	Imam Hasan (pbuh) loses his mother – Sayyida Fatima Zahra (pbuh).
633 CE 12 AH	9	Muslim armies sent to Persia. Muawiya appointed General by Abu Bakr.
634 CE 13 AH	10	Abu Bakr dies appointing Umar as his successor.
634 – 635 CE 13/14 AH	10/11	Syria, Persia, Egypt come under Islamic rule
636 CE 15 AH	12	Damascus becomes stronghold of khalifas (Shaam at that time was Palestine, Lebanon, Jordan & Syria)
637 CE 16 AH	13	Jerusalem under Muslim rule
644 CE 24 AH	21	Umar killed by Abu Lulu appointing a biased 'shura' to decide successor. Uthman appointed successor.
646 CE 26/27 AH	23/24	Tripoli, Tunis, Algeria... under Muslim rule.



Date	Age	Event
649 CE 30 AH	27	Abu Dharr Ghifari exiled to desert (Rabwa)
650 CE 30/31 AH	28	First organized news service introduced by Khalifas
655 AH 35 AH	32	<p>Imam Ali (pbuh) sent Imam Hasan &amp; Husayn (pbuh) to take food and drink to Uthman who was imprisoned in his house by a discontent mob of people who finally murdered him.</p> <p>Uthman murdered. Imam Ali (pbuh) urged to accept Khilafa that was usurped from him.</p> <p>In Dhulhijja 35 AH the Muslims gave their allegiance to Imam Ali (pbuh) as their Khalifa.</p> <p>Muawiya starts treachery against Imam using Damascus as stronghold.</p>
656 CE 36 AH	33	Battle of Jamal
657 CE 37 AH	34	<p>Battle of Siffeen</p> <p>Imam Hasan (pbuh) fully involved in the battle on the front line.</p>
660 CE 40 AH	37	<p>Imam Ali (pbuh) martyred in Masjid e Kufa by Abdul Rahman Ibn Muljim. Imam Hasan (pbuh) assumes Imama.</p> <p>Muawiya changes Khilafa to dynasty - Beginning of Umayyad dynasty</p>

Date	Age	Event
661 CE 41 AH	38	Imam mobilises an army of 20,000 to combat Muawiya's forces but Muawiya coerces the soldiers into paying allegiance to him rather than Imam Hasan (pbuh) using threats, bribery.... and spreads rumours that Imam does not wish to engage in combat. Muawiya calls the year 'Aamul Jama'a' Those who paid allegiance are known as Ahlul Sunna wal Jama'a.
661CE 41AH	38	A ceasefire treaty* is put in place. Imam signed an agreement with Muawiya (as the Prophet (pbuh) did in Hudaybiyya) where Muawiya besides other terms promised to follow the Qur'an and the sunna (way) of the Prophet (pbuh), not to harass and kill the followers of Imam Ali (pbuh) and to stop cursing Imam Ali (pbuh) in the Friday prayers.
661CE 41 AH	38	Muawiya violates the stipulations of the treaty exposing Muawiya's treachery as he broke all the terms of the treaty.
661-670 CE 41-50AH	38-47	Imam gained time through the treaty to do tableegh. The environment of hatred against Imam Ali (pbuh), created by Muawiya was changed by Imam. In the 10 years of 'peace' he undid what Muawiya, and his predecessors had done in 50 years, which was inciting people from childhood against Imam Ali (pbuh).  The supporters of Imam Husayn (pbuh) in Karbala were a result of the efforts of Imam Hasan (pbuh).



Date	Age	Event
670 CE 50 AH	47	<p>Imam Hasan poisoned by wife Jo'da as instigated by Muawiya.</p> <p>He is buried in Jannatul Baqee after burial at the Prophet's side is refused.</p> <p>Imam Husayn (pbuh) assumes Imama.</p>

## BATTLE OF BADR

"And indeed Allah assisted you at Badr when you were weak, so be careful (to your duty) to Allah so that you may be of the thankful ones. When you said to the believers 'Does it not suffice you that your Lord should assist you with three thousand angels sent down... " 3:122

The battle of Badr was the first of the great battles of Islam. When the Prophet heard the news that there was a trade caravan going to Syria from Makka under the leadership of Abu Sufyan, he sent two men to gather information about it. It was discovered that it was a large caravan in which all the Makkans had shares. The Quraysh had decided to put all their savings into it and use the profits on arms, horses and other items of war to use against the Muslims.

The news was disturbing. The Prophet (pbuh) left Madina with 313 men, 2 horses and 70 camels to go to Badr which was a stopping point for the caravans.

The Quraysh had confiscated all the property of all the Muslims who had left Makka for Madina and the Prophet therefore decided to confiscate the property of the caravan in compensation.

Abu Sufyan feared an attack from the Muslims and sent a messenger to Makka telling them of his fears. On receiving the message, an army of 1000 men, 100 horses and 700 camels under the leadership of Abu Jahl left Makka to go to Badr.

Meanwhile Abu Sufyan took a different route back to Makka avoiding Badr. Once he was back in Makka he called Abu Jahl back but Abu Jahl was too proud and wanted to crush the Muslims with his large army.



The two armies met at Badr on 17th Ramadhan 2 A.H.

In the beginning as per Arab custom, single combat (one to one) took place. The famous Quraysh warriors Utbah, Shayba and Walid came to challenge three 'Ansars' from Madina. The Quraysh refused to fight any of the 'Ansars', demanding their 'equals' and so the Prophet (pbuh) sent Ubayda, Hamza and Imam Ali (pbuh). The three Kuffar were killed (Ubayda was hurt). The Quraysh got disturbed and began attacking en masse.

In the thick of the battle the Prophet prayed to Allah. In Suratul Anfal Allah gave the answer:

"When you asked for help from your Lord, He answered you. Indeed I will aid you with a thousand of the angels in rows after rows".

Sura Al Anfaal 8:9

The enemies got frightened and began to retreat. The skill of Imam Ali (pbuh), the other Muslim soldiers and the sight of so many angels struck terror in the enemies' hearts.

70 Kuffar were killed including their leader Abu Jahl. Imam Ali (pbuh) killed 36 of them. 14 Muslims were martyred.

70 prisoners were taken by the Muslims. The prisoners were treated with kindness, and some became Muslims. In later days some of the prisoners said:

"Blessed be the men of Madina, they made us ride whilst they walked, they gave us wheat and bread to eat when there was little of it contenting themselves with plain dates".

The rich prisoners paid ransom and were set free. Others were asked to gain their freedom by teaching 10 Muslims to read and write.

The battle of Badr strengthened the faith of the Muslims.

## DUA OF PROPHET MUHAMMAD (PBUH) AT BADR

اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ ثَقَيْتِنِي فِي كُلِّ كَرْبٍ، وَأَنْتَ رَجَائِنِي فِي كُلِّ شَدَّةٍ، وَأَنْتَ لِي فِي كُلِّ أَمْرٍ نَزَلَ بِي ثِقَةً وَعُدَّةً، فَكَمْ مِنْ كَرْبٍ بِضَعْفٍ فِيهِ الْفَوَادُ وَتَقَلُّ فِيهِ الْحِيلَةُ، وَيُخْذَلُ فِيهِ الْقَرِيبُ، وَيَشْمُتُ بِهِ الْعُلُوُّ، وَتَعِيَا فِيهِ الْأُمُوْرُ، أَنْزَلْتُهُ بِكَ وَشَكَوْتُهُ إِلَيْكَ، رَأَيْتُهُ فِيهِ إِلَيْكَ، عَمَّنْ سَوْاكَ فَفَرَّجْتَهُ وَكَشَفْتَهُ عَنِّي، وَكَفَيْتَنِيهِ، فَأَنْتَ وَلِيٌّ كُلِّ نِعْمَةٍ وَصَاحِبُ كُلِّ حَاجَةٍ، وَمُنْتَهِي كُلِّ رَغْبَةٍ، فَلَكَ الْحَمْدُ كَثِيرًا ...

O Allah, You are my trust in every distress, and my hope in every difficulty. And You are for me in every matter that descends on me, a support and preparation. Then how many are the sorrows that weaken the hearts and the lack of solutions and all the near ones desert and the enemies taunt by it and all the affairs become helpless. I leave all of it on You and I complain about it to You, and I refer it to You. Who else is there besides You? Make it easy and take it away from me. And You are sufficient for it. Then You are the giver of all the bounties and the fulfiller of all the needs and the aim of all entreaties. Then exceeding praise is for You...



## IMAM ALI (PBUH) TIMELINE

Date	Age	Event
570 CE Aamul Feel (The year of the elephant)		Birth of Muhammad in Makka, to Amina bint Wahb and Abdullah bin Al-Muttalib on 17th Rabi ul Awwal Aamul Feel. (8th June 570 CE).
13 <sup>th</sup> Rajab 600 CE		Birth  He was born to Fatima bint Asad and Abu Talib in the Ka'ba in Makka. His mother had called him Haydar and Asad, but Muhammad (pbuh) gave him the name Ali.
605 CE	5 yrs	Muhammad (pbuh) brought him to his house to bring him up as his own child. As Ali (pbuh) said ""I was still a young child when the Prophet took me from my parents. I used to cling to him. Each day a new aspect of his character would shine out and I would accept it and follow it as a command."
610 CE 40 Aamul Feel	10 yrs	First Revelation (Be'that). The first 5 ayaat of Suratul Alaq (96:1-5) were revealed. Proclaimed Prophet hood in Ramadhan 40 Aamul Feel. Ali (pbuh) said: "I am the servant of God and the brother of His Messenger and I am the greatest believer in his Prophethood... I prayed seven years before the rest of the people."
614 CE	14 yrs	Dawat Dhul 'Ashira On Allah's instructions, as revealed in Sura 26:214, to "warn your nearest relatives Rasulullah invited forty of his relations where he informed them of his Prophet hood and invited one of them to

Date	Age	Event
		be his "brother, heir and successor, just as Harun was to Musa." Only Ali (pbuh) volunteered. Following a deafening silence and then ridicule whilst he waited for an elder to come forward, The Prophet accepted Ali's offer. This was the first occasion when Ali was proclaimed as the successor to Muhammad.
616-619 CE	16- 19 yrs	Embargo and boycott of Banu Hashim (Prophet's family) by Quraysh. A boycott signed by 40 chiefs was implemented and hung on Ka'ba. Nobody was to trade with, have contact with or marry the families of Hashim & Muttalib. Abu Talb took them to the valley called Sh'ib Abu Talib which he owned near Mount Hajun. For three years they lived there in economic and social isolation. The youthful Ali (pbuh) witnessed the torture of his parents and cousin and suffered extreme hunger and thirst in the hot desert sun.
614-620 CE	14- 20 yrs	Ali was the defender of Rasulullah (pbuh). The young men of Quraysh under instigation of their parents threw stones at Rasulullah (pbuh). He was often hurt as he fought against older youth, but he never stopped being a "bodyguard". He earned the nickname of "Qazeem" (the breaker or thrower) and soon nobody dared to throw things at Muhammad (pbuh) when Ali was with him.



Date	Age	Event
620 CE Aamul Huzn	20 yrs	Death of his father Abu Talib Sayyida Khadija died on 10th Ramadhan three days after Abu Talib's death. Rasulullah (pbuh) was so deeply affected by the loss of his uncle and wife that he called it "Aamul Huzn or the year of grief."
622 CE Hijra	23 yrs	Hijra The Quraysh dreaded the consequences of the new alliance of Muhammad and the people of Yathrib (Madina). They planned to kill him. The plan was revealed to Muhammad (pbuh) - 8:30 and the Hijra or emigration to Yathrib was recommended. Ali (pbuh) was directed by his cousin, to lie on the bed in his place which he agreed to do without hesitation. Ali (pbuh) was entrusted to discharge certain trusts and to then take the women and children to Yathrib. On the journey to Yathrib, Allah's approval of Ali (pbuh) was revealed in 2:207 "Of human beings there is one who sells his soul for the pleasure of Allah". The mob intent on killing Muhammad (pbuh) gathered around the house and were dismayed when they found Ali (pbuh) in his bed. After discharging his responsibilities in Makka, Ali (pbuh) journeyed to Yathrib with the women and children including Fatima (pbuh) and his mother. They met The Prophet at Quba and entered Yathrib together on Friday 16th Rabi ul Awwal (1st October 622 CE). In Medina The Prophet established brotherhood between the Ansaar (the people of Yathrib) and the

Date	Age	Event
		Muhajireen (migrants from Makka). For himself he established brotherhood with Ali saying "You are my brother in the life of this world and in the hereafter."
623 CE 2AH	24 yrs	<p>Change of Qibla from Jerusalem to the Ka'ba 2:144-145</p> <p>It was whilst praying in Masjidul Qiblatayn – (The masjid with two qiblas) where Muhammad (pbuh) was given the order by Allah to change the qibla from Baytul Muqaddas (Jerusalem) to the Ka'ba in Makka through the revelation of 2:144-145. Whilst the Muslims praying behind him stood bewildered, Ali (pbuh) immediately changed his direction of prayer with Muhammad (pbuh).</p>
624CE 1 <sup>st</sup> Dhulhijja 2 AH	25 yrs	<p>Marriage to Fatima (pbuh). Fatima's marriage to Ali (pbuh) sealed the link between Nubuwat and Imamate. After their marriage they lived in a house by the mosque of Quba. Her father could not bear the separation from Fatima and he brings them to live in a house next to his. Its door opens to the mosque, wall to wall - two windows facing each other, one from the house of Ali &amp; Fatima (pbuh) and the other from the house of Muhammad (pbuh). Theirs was a simple Ali (pbuh) worked as a drawer and carrier of water and she as a grinder of corn.</p> <p>Ali (pbuh) said: "I never angered Fatima nor asked her to do something she didn't like up to the day she died. Neither did she</p>



Date	Age	Event
		<p>anger me nor disobey me. In fact, whenever I looked at her all depression and sadness lifted from my heart."</p> <p>"We lived like two pigeons in a cocoon"</p>
13 January 624 CE 17 Ramadhan 2 AH	24 yrs	<p>The Battle of Badr (3:13,123-125)</p> <p>The Makkans under Abu Jahl with a 1000 strong army with 100 horses and 700 camels approached Madina. The Prophet set out to meet them outside Madina at Badr, with 313 of his followers. It was Ali (pbuh) who led them holding the banner of Rasulullah (pbuh). As was common practice there was duels fought between the leading warriors on each side, before the general battle. Hamza, Ubaydah and Ali (pbuh) were involved in these duels. This was the first engagement of Ali (pbuh) and resulted in him killing about 16-36 (various historians) of the bravest of the Quraysh army.</p>
625 CE 7 Shawwal 3 AH	26 yrs	<p>The Battle of Uhud (3:128 8:16)</p> <p>Again Ali (pbuh) and Hamza excelled on the battlefield. The Makkans fled the battlefield. The eagerness for the spoils of war turned the tide of victory. It was falsely stated that Muhammad (pbuh) was killed. On hearing this news the fleeing Makkans turned back. Most of the Muslims ran away. Ali (pbuh) stayed with Rasulullah (pbuh) who presented him with the sword Zhulfiqar. Hamza was martyred in this battle.</p>

Date	Age	Event
625 CE 15 Ramadhan 3 AH	26 yrs	Birth of Imam Hasan (pbuh) One year and a few months after they were married, Fatima gave birth to their first child. He was The Prophet's first grandchild. He named the child Hasan, as directed by Allah. He read the Adhan in the infant's right ear and Iqama in the left ear, a custom which is followed to this day. On the 7th day, The Prophet (Pbuh) performed the first aqiqah, when he cut the hair of Hasan, gave silver in charity to the poor equal to the weight of the hair and sacrificed a ram. This has become traditional since then.
626 CE 3 Sha'ban 4 AH	27 yrs	Birth of Imam Husayn (pbuh)  The Prophet was joyous on hearing the news, but was distressed to tears on seeing him. He was aware of the oppression he would face and the hardships he would have to endure till his martyrdom.
626 CE 4 AH	27 yrs	Ali's (pbuh) mother Fatima bint Asad died. She brought up Muhammad (pbuh) like a son from the age of 6 after Abdul Muttalib's death. Muhammad (pbuh) said "May God bless your noble soul. You were to me like my own mother. You fed me while you yourself went hungry. Your aim in doing so was to please God with your deeds." He gave his own cloak for her shroud, and she was given burial in it. He often said, "I was an orphan and she made me her son. She was the kindest person to me after Abu Talib." When the grave was made ready, Muhammad (pbuh) lay down



Date	Age	Event
		<p>in it, and said: "O God! Life and death are in Your hands. You alone will never die. Bless my mother, Fatima bint Asad, and give her a mansion in Heaven. You are the Most Merciful." When she was buried, he repeated Allahu Akber 40x and prayed: "O God! Put her in the Light, and fill her heart with Light."</p>
627 CE 5 AH	28 yrs	<p>Battle of Ahzab (Khandaq) 2:214, 33:9</p> <p>The Makkans and some of the tribes around Madina who were opposed to the Muslims got together and formed a coalition (ahzab) of 10,000 soldiers to attack Madina. A ditch (khandaq) was dug around Madina at the suggestion of Salman Farsi. The coalition army camped outside for over 3 weeks trying to infiltrate the town. The Muslims were awe struck at the sight of Amr bin Abu Wudd. At Ali's third offer to fight him the Prophet (pbuh) permitted Ali (pbuh) to go. Running out of provisions, Muhammad (pbuh) prayed for victory at what is now Masjid Fath (Mosque of victory) and a fierce storm raged uprooting the tents of the coalition who lifted the siege and turned away.</p>
628 CE Dhulqa'da 5 AH	29 yrs	<p>Treaty of Hudaybiyya</p> <p>The Prophet (pbuh) decided to perform Umra to Makka with 1,400 companions. They camped 10 miles outside Makka at Hudaybiyya and an envoy was sent to ask permission to visit the Ka'ba. It was denied but a treaty was signed which gave him the</p>

Date	Age	Event
		peace allowing him to consolidate most of the tribes in Arabia and be able to send invitations to Islam to the rulers of neighbouring countries. The first 6 verses of the Suratul Fath (48) were revealed after Hudaybiyya describing the treaty as a victory. Ali (pbuh) was the scribe of this Treaty.
628 CE Muharram 6 AH	30 yrs	Battle of Khayber 48:20 The tribes of Banu Qinaqa & Banu Nadir who were expelled out of Madina for plotting havoc had settled in Khayber (80 miles from Madina). They had built 7 strong forts (Khayber means a fort). Even here they were constantly plotting to attack the Muslims. The Prophet decided to stop them with 1,400 Muslims had surrounded all the forts. The lead of the assault was given to Abu Bakr ibn Abu Quhafa and next to Umar ibn Al Khattab but both resulted in retreat. The Banner of the Muslims was handed to Ali (pbuh). Marhab the greatest Jewish warrior came forward and introduced himself. Ali (pbuh) came forward and announced his name as Ali ibn Abu Talib or Haydar (a lion), as named by his mother. Ali knew through inspiration that Marhab had dreamt of being mauled by a lion. Ali (pbuh) dealt him a blow which left him lifeless. In the course of a month all the forts were defeated. It was after this victory that Muhammad (pbuh) gave Ali (pbuh) the name of "Lion of Allah", Asadullah. After this battle a piece of land



Date	Age	Event
		called Fadak was gifted to Muhammad (pbuh) by one of the tribes and he gave this to his daughter Fatima (pbuh).
629 CE 7 AH	30 yrs	<p>Birth of Zaynab (pbuh)</p> <p>In the 5th yr of his marriage Zaynab was born. She was the first female from the progeny of The Prophet (pbuh). He was aware of the difficulties she would face with Husayn(pbuh) and shed tears when he first held her.</p>
630 CE 8 AH	31 yrs	<p>Conquest of Makka</p> <p>110-1-4</p> <p>By now, the balance of power had shifted radically away from once-powerful Makka, toward Muhammad (pbuh) and the Muslims. The peace treaty signed by the Quraysh had been violated and in January 630, the Muslims marched to Makka and were joined by tribe after tribe along the way. They entered Makka without bloodshed and the Makkans, seeing the tide had turned, joined them. The conquest of Makka signaled an unprecedented increase in tribes accepting Islam. After completing his tawaf of Ka'ba, Muhammad (pbuh) accompanied by Ali (pbuh) went to the Ka'ba to remove the 360 idols of the pagan Arabs. Hubal, the greatest deity of Mecca was fixed at a high position. To reach it Ali(pbuh) was asked to climb on Muhammad's shoulders to complete the destruction of the idols.</p>

Date	Age	Event
630 CE 8 AH	31 yrs	Battle of Hunayn 9:25-27 A battle fought against the tribes of Hawazin & Thaqeef; 10 miles from Makka at Hunayn. Battle strategy was not followed by one of the commanders who were then taken by surprise throwing the Muslims into disarray. In the volley of arrows Ali (pbuh) stood boldly. A few remained steadfast and managed to bring order by following Muhammad's(pbuhs) instructions. Ali(pbuhs) regrouped the Muslim army turning defeat into victory. An enormous booty fell into the hands of the Muslims with this victory. It also showed the clemency with which the prisoners were treated. 600 of the enemy were freed without paying any ransom.
630 CE 23 Dhu'l-Hijja 8 AH	31 yrs	Ayatut Tatheer 33:33 The narration of Hadith e Kisa. This was confirmation from Allah about the exclusive five people to be included in the Ahl ul Bayt and about their purified state. They were Fatima, her father Muhammad, her husband Ali and her sons Hasan and Husayn (pbut)
630 CE 24 Dhu'l-Hijja 8 AH	31 yrs	Mubahila 3:61 The prophet (pbuh) invited the Christians of Najran to a Mubahila - an event which is arranged when a dispute cannot be resolved with discussion. A prayer is undertaken in order to rid themselves of the company of the liars. The Prophet had tried to explain that Isa (pbuh) was not the



Date	Age	Event
		son of God. The likeness between Adam and Isa, in that neither had a father was highlighted. The Christians were not prepared to listen.. Muhammad (pbuh) brought Ali, Fatima, Hasan and Husayn (pbut) to the Mubahila. On seeing them accompany the Prophet, the Christian delegation withdrew from the Mubahila.
631 CE 9 AH	32 yrs	<p>The Prophet (pbuh) appointed Ali (pbuh) as Governor of Medina.</p> <p>Ali (pbuh) was left to maintain law and order, officiate at prayers and to look after the household of The Prophet (pbuh). Muhammad planned to meet the impending Roman invasion before they invaded Medina. When they reached Tabuk the news came that the Romans had withdrawn. This was the only expedition that Ali (pbuh) was not involved in.</p>
631 CE 9 AH	32 yrs	The Prophet had deputed Abu Bakr to convey the opening verses of Suratul Tawba to the pilgrims in Makka during the Hajj, forbidding the unbelievers from performing Hajj in future. After his departure The Prophet (pbuh) received a command from Allah that only Ali (pbuh) should be conveying the message in place of The Prophet. Ali (pbuh) was sent immediately by Muhammad (pbuh) and Abu Bakr returned dejected to Medina.
632 CE	33 yrs	Ayatul Tableegh Ayatu Akmal 5:3
		5:67

Date	Age	Event
18 Dhulhijja 10 AH		On his return from the farewell hajj at Ghadeer in Johfa, Muhammad (pbuh) stopped and ordered that a pulpit be made with the saddles. He declared his successor in response to Allah's revelation of 5:67 by raising the hand of Ali (pbuh) and saying "For whomsoever I am Leader (mawla); Ali is his leader (mawla)". On announcing Ali as his successor, 5:3 was revealed. All the elders of the Muslims, including Abu Bakr, Umar and Uthman, paid allegiance to Ali (Pbuh) on that day in the presence of Muhammad (pbuh).
632 AH 28 <sup>th</sup> Safar 11 AH	33 yrs	Death of the Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) In Muharram, the Prophet (pbuh) fell ill with a fever. His condition worsened and he died with his head on the lap of Ali (pbuh). Whilst Ali, Fatima and their family mourned the loss of Muhammad (pbuh) , and prepared for his burial the ill conceived meeting at Saqifa bani Sa'da was held to appoint a leader of the Muslims in contravention to Allah's instructions.
632 AH 14 Jamad ul Awwal 11 AH	33 yrs	Death of Sayyida Fatima (pbuh) Fatima's grief at the loss of her father was uncontrollable and she became very weak and frail. 75 days after her father's demise, Fatima died. Ali (pbuh) had in the space of 3 months lost his beloved Muhammad (pbuh), and his beloved wife. She was buried at her request in the darkness.
632 AH 11 AH	33 yrs	On several occasions during his lifetime The Prophet had named Ali as his



Date	Age	Event
		successor. After completion of the burial rites Ali claimed his right as the Successor, but this was rejected. Abu Bakr was appointed the first Khalifa. Ali did not actively assert his own right because he did not want to throw the Muslim community into strife. He placed the collective interests of the community and solidarity of Islam before himself. He was always available to give advice and it is well acknowledged that he was the only one to seek advice from about religious matters.
632 - 656 CE 11 - 35 AH	33 - 57 yrs	Another part of Ali's life started in 632AH after the death of Muhammad (pbuh) lasting until the assassination of Uthman Ibn Affan, the third Khalifa in 656AH. He withdrew from political affairs, especially after the death of his wife, Fatima Zahra. He used his time to serve his family and worked as a farmer. Ali dug a lot of wells and gardens near Madina and endowed them for public use. These wells are known today as Abar Ali ("Ali's wells"). He also made gardens for his family and descendants. He compiled a complete version of the Qur'an, which was carried by camel to show to people of Medina.
633 CE 12 AH	34 yrs	Muslim armies were sent to Persia.
634 CE 13 AH	35 yrs	Abu Bakr dies appointing Umar as his successor. Umar particularly relied upon Ali (pbuh) as the Chief Judge of Medina. Ali

Date	Age	Event
		(Pbuh) also advised Umar to set Hijra as the beginning of the Islamic calendar. Umar used Ali's suggestions in political issues as well as religious ones.
634-635 CE 13 - 14 AH	36 yrs	Muawiya was appointed Governor of Damascus by Umar. Syria, Persia, Egypt come under Islamic rule.
636 CE 15 AH	37 yrs	Damascus becomes the stronghold of the Khalifate.
637CE 16 AH	38 yrs	Jerusalem comes under Muslim rule.
644 CE 24 AH	45 yrs	Umar is killed by Abu Lulu. Umar had Uthman ibn Affan is appointed successor.
646 CE 26 - 27 AH	47 yrs	Tripoli, Tunis, Algeria and come under Muslim rule.
649 - 651 CE 30 - 32 AH	51 yrs	Uthman's generosity toward his kin Banu Abd-Shams and his mistreatment toward several of the earliest companions such as Abu Dharr al-Ghfari, Abd-Allah ibn Mas'ud and Ammar ibn Yasir provoked outrage among some groups of people. Abu Dharr Ghifari was exiled to the desert (Rabwa). Dissatisfaction and resistance openly arose during 650-651, throughout most of the empire. When Uthman's kin, especially Marwan, gained control over him, the companions turned against him to reduce the influence of his assertive kin.
656 CE 35 AH	56 yrs	Uthman is murdered Uthman's house was besieged by the angry groups of Muslims and no one dared



Date	Age	Event
		<p>to protect him. Ali (pbuh)sends his sons Hasan &amp; Husayn (pbut) to take food and drink to Uthman. He is imprisoned in his house by a discontent mob of people who finally murdered him. Ali (pbuh) is urged to accept Khilafat that was usurped from him. In DhulHijja 35AH the Muslims gave their allegiance to Ali as their Khalifa. He accepts it saying "small longings have I for this authority, but the believers must have a chief". Muawiya starts his treachery against Ali (pbuh) using Damascus as his stronghold.</p>
656 CE 36 AH	57 yrs	<p>Ali initiates the reforms of his government by removing the corrupt Umayyads from their positions of power, having attained these by favour of his predecessor. These measures threatened to cause strife in Syria, Yemen, Egypt, Kufa and Basra. Ali's appointed Governors saw that their treasuries were bankrupt having been emptied by the departing Governors. The Umayyads spared nothing to attempt to disturb the government of Ali (pbuh).</p>
656 CE 36 AH	57 yrs	<p><b>Battle of Jamal (Camel)</b> Ali was first opposed by a faction led by Talha, Zubayr and Ayesha bint Abu Bakr, who claimed for vengeance against the murderers of Uthman. This was the first battle of Muslim against Muslim. The two parties met on 10 Rabi ul Awwal. Called the battle of Jamal because Ayesha led the opposition from her camel Al Asker. Ali</p>

Date	Age	Event
		(pbuh) emerged victorious. In battle Ali's rules of engagement were clear. He had given orders that no fugitive should be pursued, nor any wounded soldier slain nor looted; nor the privacy of any house invaded. He settled a respectful retreat for Ayesha to Madina. Having buried both friends and foes, he performed the funeral service.
657 CE 36 AH	58 yrs	Kufa as Capital  He decided to transfer the capital of his government to Kufa from Madina because it was more centrally placed in the Muslim Empire. Muawiya refused to pay allegiance to Ali.
657 CE 36 AH	58 yrs	Battle of Siffin  It was fought between Ali (pbuh) and Muawiya, on the banks of the Euphrates river at Siffin in Syria. Muawiya, the governor of Syria, had deployed Amr ibn Aas as his general on the river to prevent Ali and his troops access to the water. Ali's general Malik al Ashtar dislodged Amr from the river. Ali did not push for another attack in an attempt to avoid another clash of believer against believer. However when Muawiya again refused to offer allegiance to Ali a battle ensued. Amongst the losses was Ammar ibn Yasir, a close Companion of The Prophet who sided with Ali. Ali and Husayn ibn Ali were fully involved in the battle on the front line having penetrated the front rank of the Syrian forces.



Date	Age	Event
		<p>However, the battle was indecisive, and the two parties agreed to arbitration, which was equally indecisive.</p> <p>The situation continued as before, with Muawiya ruling over Syria and later Egypt, and Ali ruling the rest of the Muslim territories. Ali continued to be recognised as Khalifa. Muawiya did not lay a claim to the title of Khalifa.</p>
659 CE 9 Safar 38 AH	60 yrs	<p>Battle of Nahrawan</p> <p>The group of Muslim rebels who laid down their arms when victory was near in Siffin and who supported the arbitration were soon to unsettle Ali's march to Syria against Muawiya. They had killed Ali's Governor of Nahrawan and were likely to attack Kufa in his absence. Ali (pbuh) led his troops to Nahrawan demanding the murderers from this group called the Kharijites to surrender. They opposed Ali (pbuh) and demanded an apology from him. The Battle of Nahrawan saw only 9 of the Kharijites survive their attack on Ali. After this skirmish his troops were reluctant to take on Muawiya and the Syrian expedition was abandoned. Muawiya overpowered Egypt, Yemen and other areas.</p>
661 CE	63 yrs	<p>Martyrdom</p> <p>On 19 Ramadhan Ali was struck with a poisoned sword in Masjid Kufa by a</p>

Date	Age	Event
21 Ramadhan 40 AH		<p>Kharijite, Abdul Rahman Ibn Muljim. His first words on being struck were those of thanks to Allah. He said "I have been successful with the Rabb of Ka'ba." He died 2 days later on the 21 Ramadhan. Ali's justice was tempered with mercy, even to his assassin. He instructed that Abdul Rahman must be treated fairly and that his family must not be punished for his deed. He placed all his children including Muhammad ibn Hanifa, in the care of Hasan (pbuh). Abbas, his son from Ummul Banin, he entrusted to Husayn. He knew what Abbas' role would be at Karbala.</p> <p>Ali (pbuh) was buried in Najaf by his sons Hasan and Husayn (pbut)</p> <p>Ali's words of wisdom to family, friends and people appointed to positions of power have been compiled in a book called Nahjul Balagha. His pearls of wisdom have appropriately been called the Peak of Eloquence. They contain 241 sermons, 79 letters, and 489 sayings of Ali. His advice if accepted would transform any society in any generation.</p>



Date	Age	Event
661CE 41AH		<p>Muawiya changed the Khilafat to a dynasty - the beginning of the Umayyad dynasty. Muawiya coerced the Muslims into paying allegiance to him rather than Hasan ibn Ali using threats and bribery. He called the year 'Sanatul Jama'a'. Those who pay allegiance to Muawiya are known as Ahlul Sunna wal Jama'a.</p> <p>The Khilafat ended with the Ali the fourth Khalifa, but the Imamate had started with Ali the first Imam and Viceregent of Muhammad.</p>

## 19TH RAMADHAN 40 A.H.

Imam Ali (pbuh) had prophesied his death several days beforehand. The Prophet too had prophesied it and had said, "O Ali! I see before my eyes your beard covered with blood from your forehead".

When Imam was leaving home on the morning of the 19th, the household birds began to make a great noise.

When the servant came to quieten them, Imam said, "Leave them alone for their cries are only lamenting over my coming death".

As he came to the masjid of Kufa for his morning prayers he awoke those who were sleeping including, Abdur Rahmaan bin Muljim who was sleeping on his stomach, hiding the poisoned sword under him. Imam told him that it was unhealthy to sleep on his front and also that he had a sword under his clothing which he was going to use for evil intentions.

Imam then gave adhaan and proceeded to lead prayers. In the first rakaat as he was arising from sajda he was struck on the head with the poisoned sword by ibn Muljim, which caused a deep wound.

Imam finished his second sajda and requested Imam Hasan (pbuh) to complete the prayers. He uttered the words "Fuztu Birabbil Ka'aba" (I have been successful with the lord of the Ka'ba).

In the confusion ibn Muljim started running but was caught and brought before the Imam. When Imam saw the ropes that ibn Muljim was tied in, he ordered them to be loosened and told the Muslims to treat him humanely. On hearing this, Ibn Muljim started crying. Imam told him "It is too late to repent now. Was I a bad Imam or an unjust ruler?"

He ordered that ibn Muljim should not be tortured.



He was carried to his house and when he saw the bright day he said, "O day! You can bear testimony to the fact that during the lifetime of Ali you never once dawned and found me sleeping".

He died from his wounds two days later on 21st Ramadhan 40 A.H. and was buried in Najaf by Imam Hasan (pbuh) and Imam Husayn (pbuh).

## **MARTYRDOM OF IMAM ALI (PBUH)**

"Tomorrow you will look back to my time and my innermost thoughts will be revealed to you. Then you will recognise me after I have left my position, and another has taken mine". Imam Ali (pbuh)

After the battle of Nahrwaan, some of the remaining enemies, known as the Kharijis, had gone to find safety in Makka.

The Kharijis were those who believed that all believers are of equal standing, and none can exercise authority over another. They made their creed with "Laa Hukm Illa Allah" (No judgement but Allah's alone) and they believed there should be no leader (Imam or Khalifa) and no allegiance should be given to a human being.

They were formed after the battle of Siffeen where they blamed Imam Ali (pbuh) for succumbing to human judgement and giving the enemy (Muawiya) a chance to recover.

Imam Ali (pbuh) pointed out to them that the sin lay with them for it was they who refused to continue fighting against Muawiya when they saw the Qur'an on spears, and he had no choice but to call back Malike Ashtar who was on the verge of gaining complete victory. Furthermore, it was they who had compelled Imam to accept an arbitrator. On hearing this they admitted guilt and said they had repented, and he should do the same. Imam said that he had committed no sin on his part.

The Kharijites who had fled to Makka, wanted to avenge their dead who had fallen at Nahrwaan and planned to assassinate Imam Ali (pbuh), Muawiya and Amr bin A'as.

The boldest three from them volunteered:

1. Abdur Rahmaan bin Muljim, to kill Imam Ali (pbuh).
2. Burk bin Abdullah, to kill Muawiya.
3. Amr bin Bakr, to kill Amr bin A'as.



They chose Friday the 19th of Ramadhan 40 A.H. for their killings, swearing that they would accomplish their mission or perish.

Burk bin Abdullah, on reaching Damascus on the appointed day managed to stab Muawiya but his sword slipped and Muawiya was only injured. He was caught, tortured, and killed.

Amr bin Bakr in Egypt went to kill Amr bin A'as but on that day Amr did not come to the Mosque and had sent his deputy to lead the prayers. The deputy was killed and so was Amr bin Bakr.

Abdur Rahmaan bin Muljim arrived in Kufa as planned. Here, he fell in love with a woman called Qutuam who hated Imam Ali (pbuh) as her father and brother had been killed by him. She was very beautiful and agreed to marry Abdur Rahmaan on 3 conditions:

1. 3000 Dirhams.
2. A male & female slave.
3. The head of Imam Ali (pbuh)

This boosted the determination of Abdur Rahmaan to kill Imam Ali (pbuh). To help him, Qutuam asked two men from her tribe to assist Abdur Rahmaan.

## EID UL FITR

"O Allah! Bless us in the day of our Eid and our fast breaking and let it be the best day that has passed over us."

**Imam Ali Zainul Aabideen (pbuh) - Sahifa Al-Sajjadiyya**

**Eid** is an Arabic word derived from root of a-w-d. Literally it means a recurring event. In Islam it denotes the festivals of Islam. The word Eid occurs in the Qur'an once meaning a joyous recurring occasion.

"Isa the son of Maryam said: O Allah, our Lord! send down to us food from heaven which should be to us a Eid (joyous recurring occasion), to the first of us and for last of us, and a sign from You, and grant us means of subsistence, and You are the best of Providers." 5:114

Human history has known festivals from the earliest days of man on earth. Man has celebrated festivals ever since he knew communal life. Ancient Egyptians had one called the day of adornment. It was during one such festival that Prophet Musa (pbuh) defeated the magicians. (Qur'an - Sura Taha 20:57-59).

**Eid ul Fitr** is the festival that marks the end of the month of Ramadhan. Fitr means to break, and it therefore marks the breaking of the fasting period and of all evil habits. Happiness is observed at attaining spiritual upliftment after a month of fasting.

Imam Ali (pbuh) has said that Eid is a day of happiness for those whose fasts and prayers have been accepted by Allah. He has also said that Eid is the day in which one has committed no sins.



## **ZAKAAT UL FITR**

During Ramadhan we become familiar with the experience of the needy and poor who stay hungry not out of choice but because of lack of food. By fasting we appreciate the blessings bestowed upon us by Allah and become charitable towards those in need. As if to reenforce the idea in our minds, Allah has made a wajib charity of Zakaat ul Fitri at the end of Ramadhan.

1. Fitra becomes wajib after the moon of Shawwal is sighted upon a person who is baligh, intelligent & sane and for his/her dependants - these include guests. Fitra is not wajib on a needy person (faqeer) nor a slave.
2. Fitra must be given from that which is the staple food of the giver like wheat, barley, dates, raisins, rice, milk, etc...The amount is approximately 3 kg of the food or its cash value.
3. It is to be given to a needy person (faqeer) who is not able to meet living expenses for himself and his dependants for a year nor has the means of earning a livelihood.
4. A non sayyid cannot give fitra to a sayyid (one from the progeny of the Prophet (pbuh))
5. It is ehtiyate wajib to set aside Fitra before Eid salaa and for those not praying Eid salaa before Dhuhra.
6. Fitra is a zakaa and can also be used for the works where zakaa is used.

## **SALAA OF EID UL FITR**

1. It is only wajib in the presence of the Imam of the time. i.e. they were wajib upto the ghaibat of Imam Muhammad Mahdi (pbuh). However it is mustahab to pray Salaatul Eid. It is prayed in jama'a or individually.
2. The time is from sunrise to Zhuhr.
3. It is recommended that women should not go to pray Salaatul Eid in jama'a (congregation).
4. It consists of two rakaaats of salaa. It is recommended that after Sura Al Faatihah in the first rakaa recite Sura Al A'ala (87) and in the second rakaa after Sura Al Faatihah recite Sura Al Shams (91). In the first rakaa, after the second sura, recite five takbeers and qunoot after each takbeer. Recite a sixth Takbeer and go to ruku. In the second rakaa, after the second sura recite 4 takbeers and qunoot after each takbeer. Recite the fifth takbeer and go to ruku. After salaa, recite tasbee of Sayyida Fatima Zahra (pbuh).



